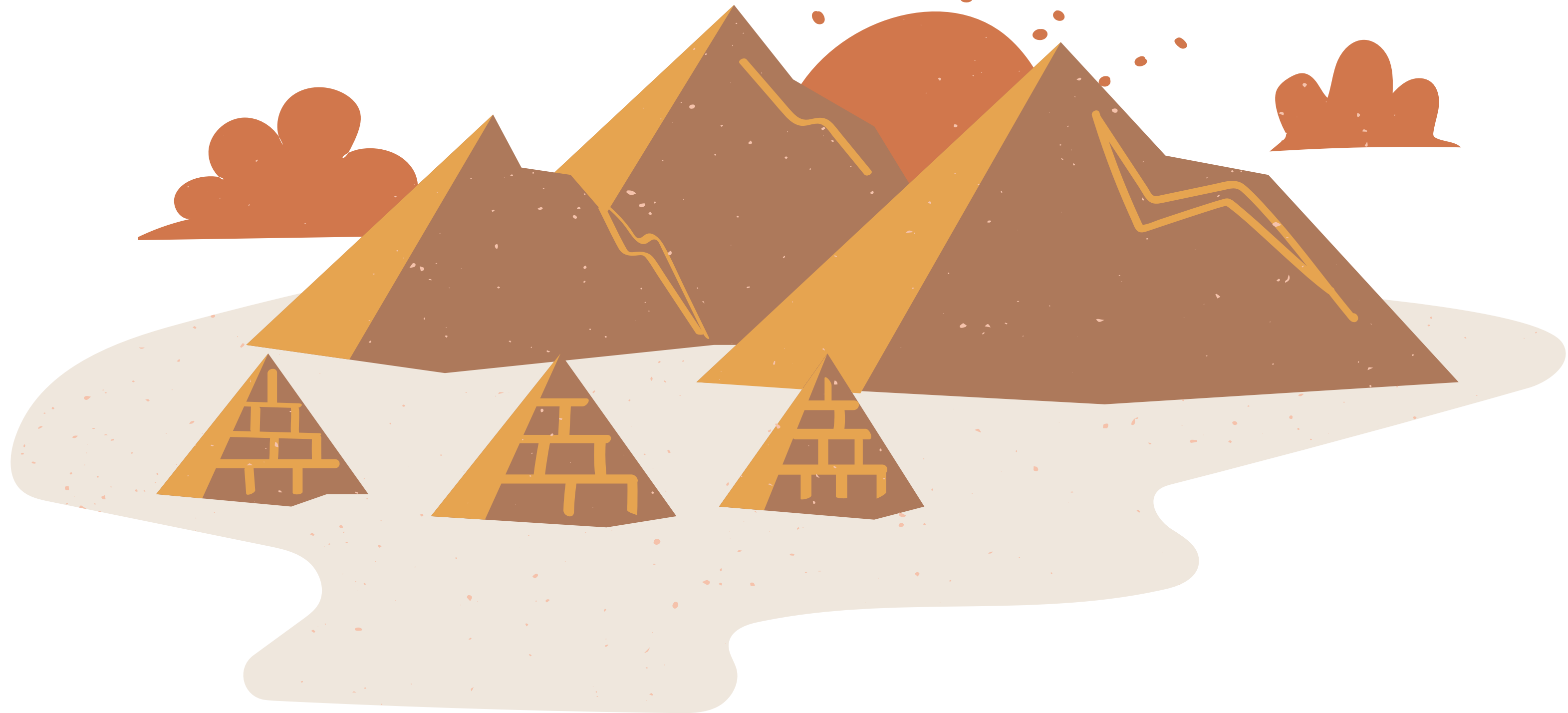


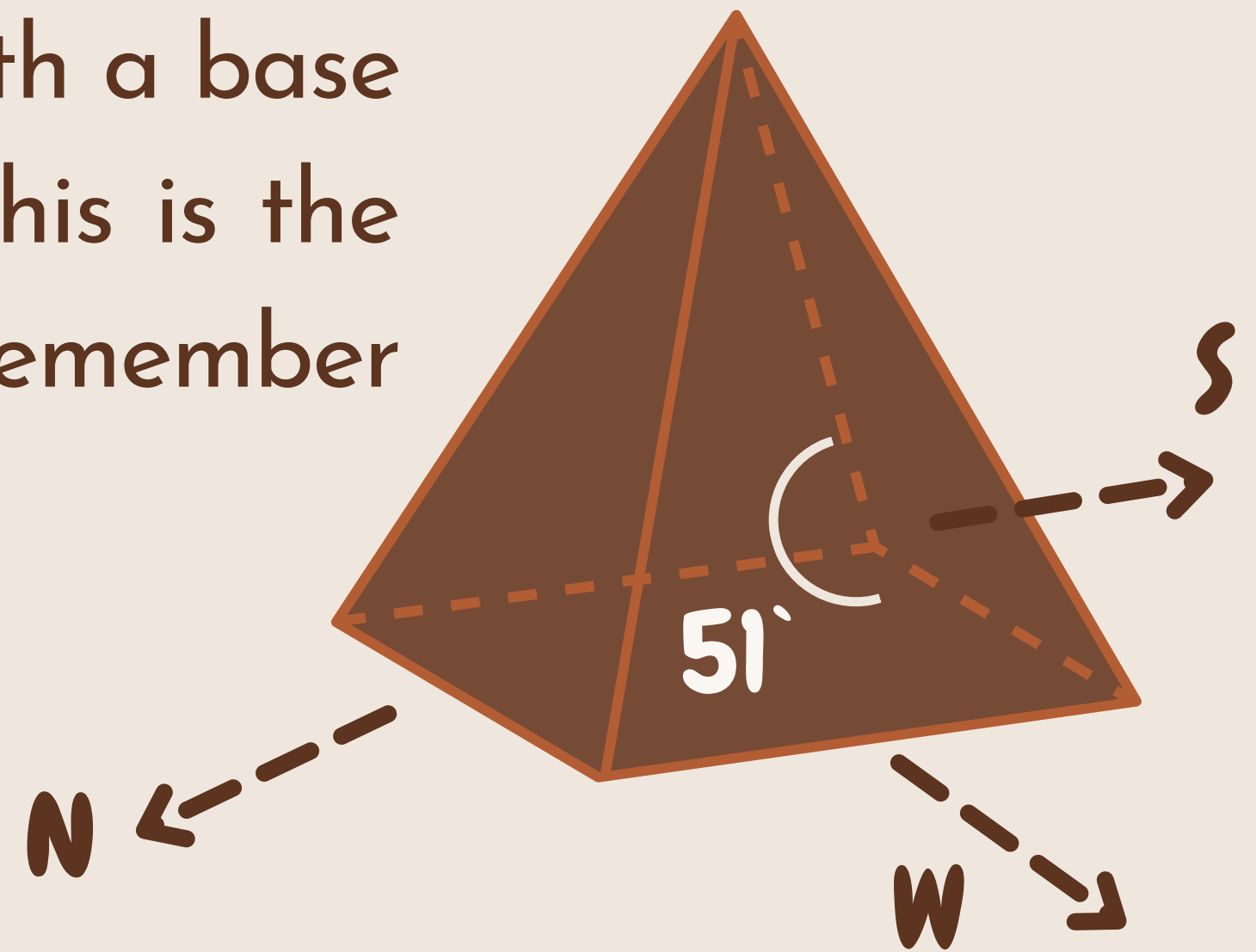
Who Built the Pyramids?

BY ABHIGYA SMITI

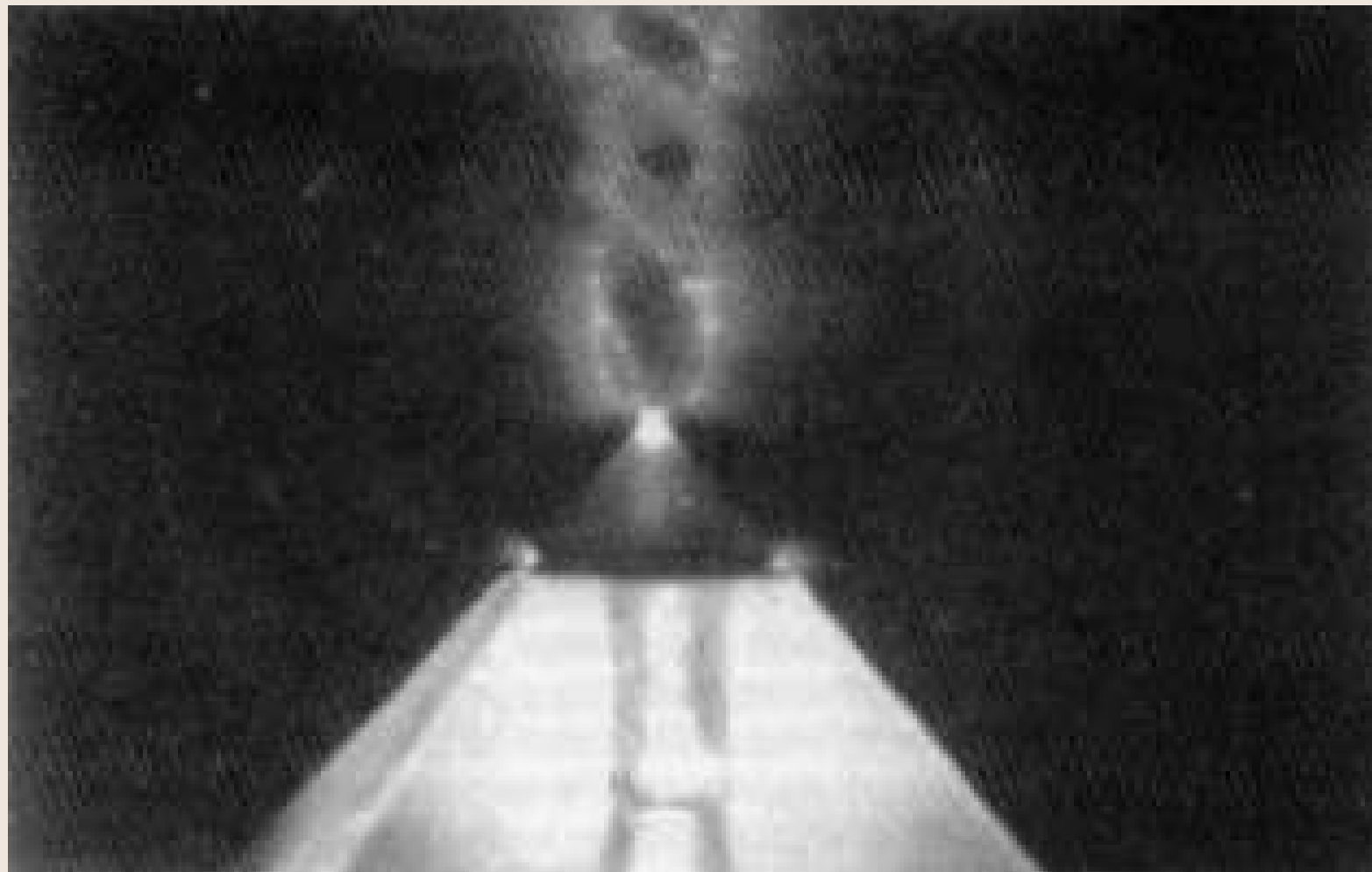


We recognize arts by their artists but when it comes to pyramids people are confused about who built it. To know about the architects let's examine the pyramids...

Giza pyramids are 8 sided structures with a base angle of 51 degree 49 mins 38.25 sec. This is the angle of the triangles of Shri Yantra. Remember this number, you'll come across it again !
The sides face the 4 cardinal directions.



Pyramids have water tunnels inside them which generates energy. Do you know why pyramidal shape is important? Have you seen such shapes in a temple? This is the reason why prashads in any mandir is always fresh. Thousands of years old honey has been found in eating condition inside the pyramids.



This is how energy comes out, photographed by Kirilen camera.



See how the pyramids are in one line and their entrance face the true north. The top of these 3 pyramids point to the 3 stars in Orion constellation' belt.



If you keep a fruit inside the pyramid in east west direction it will ripen but keep in north-south direction and it will remain same. If you keep a knife or blade in north-south direction the blades will sharpen on their own.

A tablet found inside the pyramid said “vasanvsi jeernani yatha vihaya, navani ghrunnati naro parani” which is a verse in chapter 2 of Bhagavad Gita which means "like you change your clothes regularly same way the soul changes its old material body into a new one after death and rebirth". The tablet is in the British museum.

How was the Pyramids built?

Ancient Nile (3900BC) river flowed close to where the pyramids are now. Huge stones used to build the structure was floated to the pyramids. Imagine big balloons or beach balls, how they float on water! If you use a lot of such balls you can float some stones across the river and then remove the balls to let the stones fit in the structure.

Chief Architect of the Pyramids



Do you notice anything familiar on this person? There is something similar between these 2 images! Lets see what is written under the first image- The deviser and builder of the very first pyramid during the third dynasty of Egypt. A saint with Vaishnavite caste marks on his forehead and all over his body.



Now you can guess who built the pyramids.

Some More Interesting Facts

The second image on right you all recognized-Vishnu, the left image is that of Ayappa-9th avataar of Vishnu. Ayappa is a worshipped in Egypt too but there he is called Imhotep. You know that these pyramids are ancient structures, let me tell you about two more ancient sites- Angkor Wat temple, in Cambodia and Nazca.



Angkor Wat Temples are placed like the stars in Draco (Sisumara) constellation.



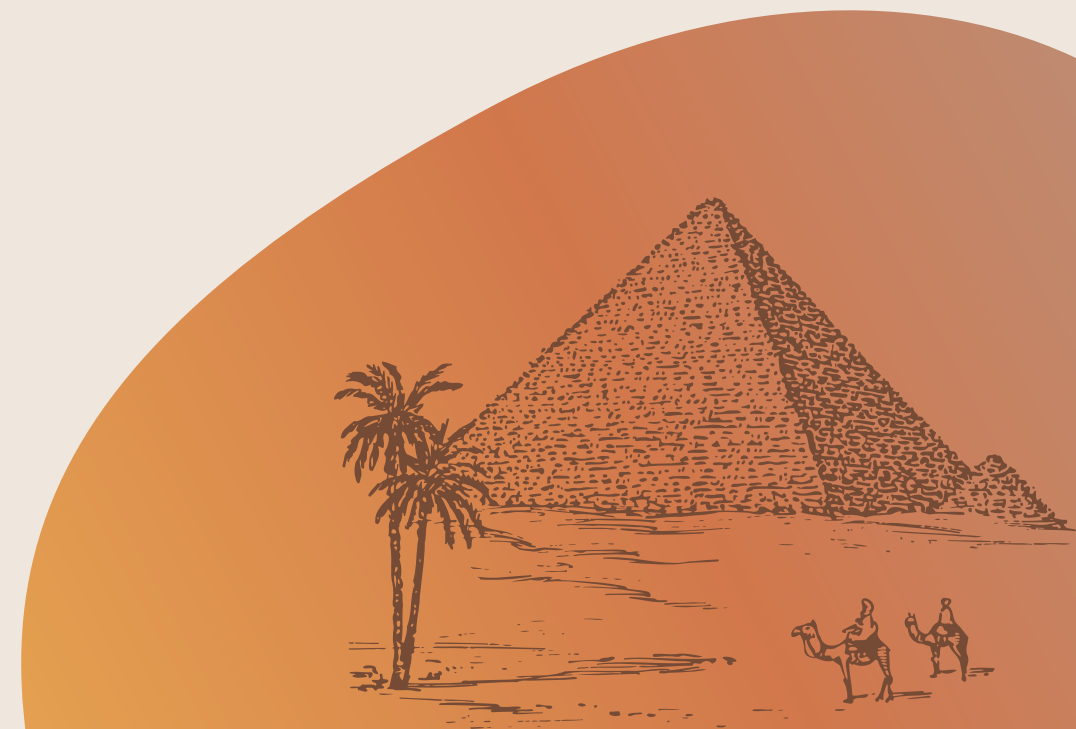
Angkor and Nazca are directly opposite to each other on Earth, just like Mohen-jo-Daro and Easter Islands, another important places.

Now join the points in above image- from Alaska to Nazca then Giza. A triangle is formed whose base angles are 51 degrees. Remember this Shri Yantra angle ???

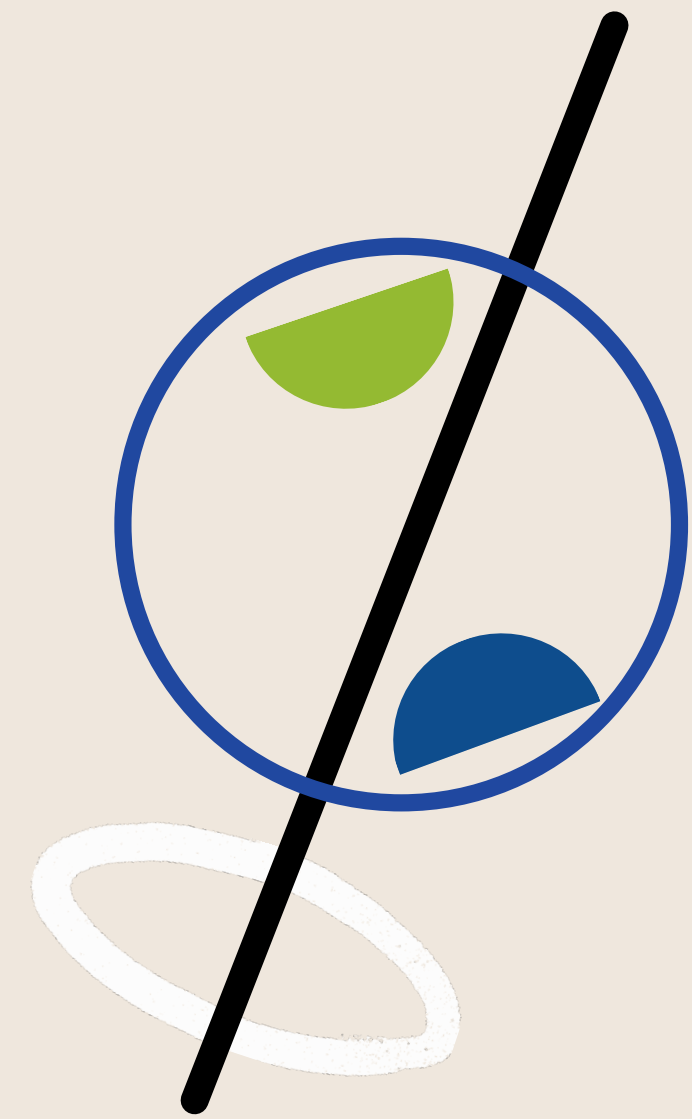


The distance between Angkor Wat and Giza pyramids is 4754 miles and that between Giza to Nazca is 7692 miles. Dividing these two numbers will give the number $\phi=1.618$. Multiply this ϕ with 7692 you will get the distance between Nazca and Angkor 12446 miles. Did this surprise you? Now imagine if I ask you to find a place that is exactly on the other side of the globe from your house, how will you find that without internet?

That is Exactly how our ancestors did it !!!!



Lets recall one last thing, what is the third major motion of Earth? Precession of its axis because of which we have different pole stars at different times ;i.e, as the Earth rotates its axis also rotates in a circle and it takes 25,771.5 years to complete 360 deg. Now take a phone and calculate how many years does it take to rotate 1 degree.



Now search the difference in longitude between Giza and Angkor. Both answers are 72! Can you see how precisely our ancestors build grand structures around the globe?

A stylized illustration of a desert landscape. In the background, a large pyramid is depicted with a textured, brick-like surface. To the left of the pyramid, there are several palm trees. In the foreground, two camels are shown walking across the sandy ground. The entire scene is rendered in a monochromatic brown color palette against a dark brown background.

Dhanyawad

Info credits to Capt. Ajit Vadakayil