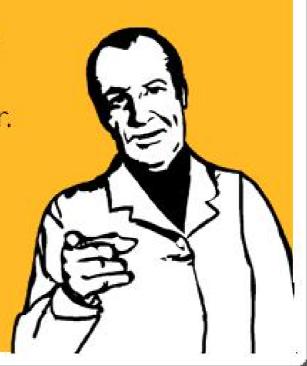
Weekly Param Team Newsletter



It's scientifically proven that people that have more birthdays live longer.

Happy Birthday!





You can't rush some things.
Remember that 9 monthers
can't give birth to a baby in
one month.

In a room with 50 people there is a 97% probability that 2 people share the sam ebirthday! Check out the probabilities for other numbers >>>

n	p(n)
1	0.0%
5	2.7%
10	11.7%
20	41.1%
23	50.7%
30	70.6%
40	89.1%
50	97.0%
60	99.4%
70	99.9%
75	99.97%
100	99.999 97%
200	99.999 999 999 999 999 999 9998%
300	$(100 - 6 \times 10^{-80})\%$
350	$(100 - 3 \times 10^{-129})\%$
365	$(100 - 1.45 \times 10^{-155})\%$
≥ 366	100%

SCIENCE OF BIRTHDAYS

How often you will have your birthdays on other planets >>>

Factfile: A birthday attack is a type of cryptographic attack that exploits the mathematics behind the birthday problem in probability theory. This attack can be used to abuse communication between two or more parties.

Mercury: 88 days

Venus: 225 days

Earth: 365 days

Mars: 687 days

Jupiter: 4,333 days

Saturn: 10,759 days

Uranus: 30,687 days

Neptune: 60,190 days

leapling [leep-ling] SHOW IPA ◆ ☆



noun

1. a person born on leap day, February 29: an online gathering with fellow leaplings for a birthday celebration.

Indian Scientists born in September

5 September 1997 - Ganesh Prasad 10 September 1992 - Yelavarthy Nayudamma 12 September 1996 - Madhu Sudan 16 September 1931 - E.C.George Sudharshan 15 September 1860 - Sir Mokshagundam Visvesvaraya

Read more at www.paraminnovation.org/newsletter