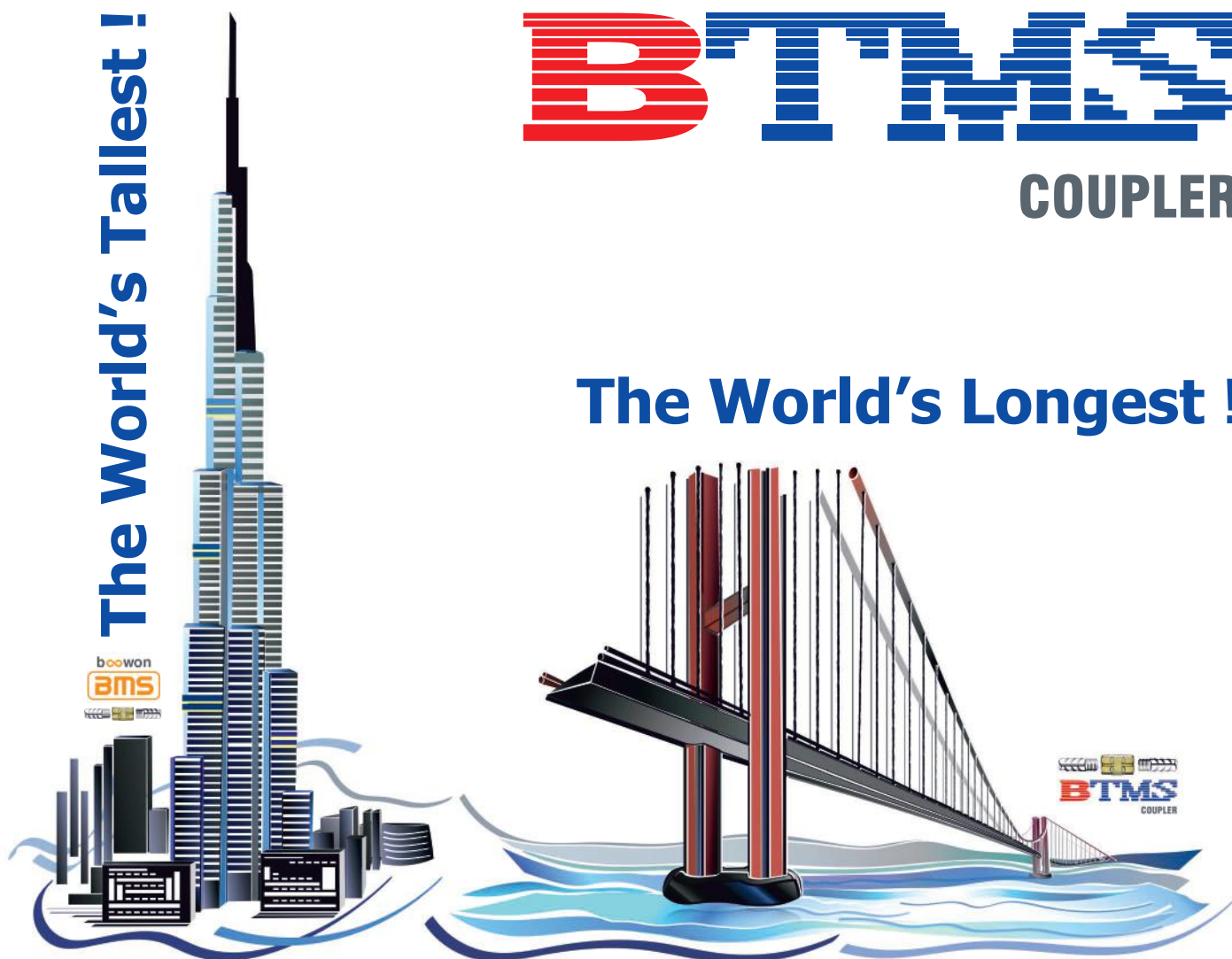


The World's Tallest !

BTMS

COUPLER

The World's Longest !



Built By The World's Best Mechanical Coupler!



REBAR COUPLER COMPANY FOUNDED BY BOOWON BMS & TMS



A PRODUCT OF EXCEPTIONAL PERFORMANCE

● **No Bar-end Cutting:** No Rebar Wastage!



● **Hexagonal Seat:** For Gripping Tools!

● **Reinforcing Ring:** Slimmest Coupler Diameter!

● **Double Start Thread:** Fixing in Only 5 Turns!

Less Labour!

Higher Output!

Earlier Completion!

Safe & Reduced Fixing Time: Only 50% of Others!

BTMS

COUPLER

, a co-partnered JV by BOOWON BMS Co., Ltd. of Korea
& TMS of Turkey, to produce the very best reinforcing coupler system:
"BMS Parallel Rolled Thread Mechanical Splice System"

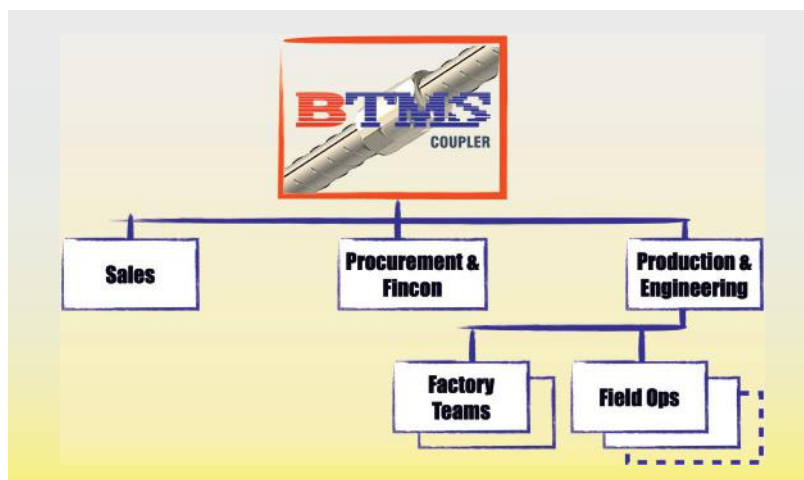


TWO PARTNERS



TMS of Turkey, a multi-regional Company, operates within the Construction Industry to provide Formwork & Scaffolding products and related design services. TMS has a quality product range with an experienced Engineering Team capable of supplying innovative, safe and cost-effective solutions.

BMS of Korea is the leading supplier of rebar-couplers where quality and performance are the main priorities. BMS name can be found on many world-famous projects like Burj-Khalifa Tower, Barakah NPP, Istanbul's Third Bosphorus Bridge, Çanakkale Bridge of Türkiye, Qatar's Lusail Plaza Tower projects, and many so on.



● Rolled Threads: Enhanced Material Strength!



The system utilizes a combination of 'cold forming' and 'cold thread rolling' to maximize the thread area potential and in doing so enlarges the thread area to provide bar failure away from the coupled joint when subjected to tensile load.

Force is ENSURED!

No heat applied, No upsetting, No thread cutting!

Through normal-temperature swaging, original stress-resistance in tension and compression force is ensured!

The couplers are designed to provide high tensile strength connections with external ribs or spanner flats for easy gripping by hand tools; such as spanner, pipe wrench, and chain wrench.



Projected Knuckles of the BMS Couplers increase the bond strength with concrete.

Couplers have smaller diameter and short length (compared to the others), which highly contributing to the concrete placement of the couplers and helps reducing the steel congestion in the concrete ratio, considerably.

The reinforcing ring at the center of the coupler adds strength to the coupler without increasing diameter. It is suitable for ultra high strength reinforcing steel bar.

The system is supplied to ISO standards for manufacture and bar end processing!

Boowon BMS **BMS** is a UK **CARES** approved company, which holds **TA1-A** (one of only 4 systems worldwide to have this approval) & **TA1-B** approvals.



Projects requiring large numbers of couplers require a method of quick fixing. The BMS system introduces a 'two start' metric thread, which reduces fixing time to half that of a traditional single start thread. The BMS method allows the coupler to be fixed in **ONLY 5 TURNS** – at least, half the number of turns and twice as fast as every other competitor.

All products are marked with brand, size and production batch reference and are issued with the relevant material mill certificates.

Product is patented, unique and user friendly (Patent registration No. 0316435).

BMS PARALLEL ROLLED THREAD MECHANICAL SPLICE SYSTEMS

BMS MECHANICAL SPLICE RANGE

- Standard Couplers: A & B Types
- C Types (standard coupler with lock nut) for prefabricated cages & hooked bars
- Transitional Couplers
- Form-savers
- Weldable Couplers
- Terminators, Mechanical Anchorages
- Rebox System



MATERIAL

Reinforcing bar

- The reinforcing bar to execute thread processing splice shall be meet with the requirement in accordance with KS D 3504, BS 4449, ASTM A615 or A706, TS 708, GOST P 52544, etc...

Material of BMS BAR COUPLER

- The material to be used in the coupler for the splice with KS D 3592, KS D 3752, KS D 3517, SAE J404.



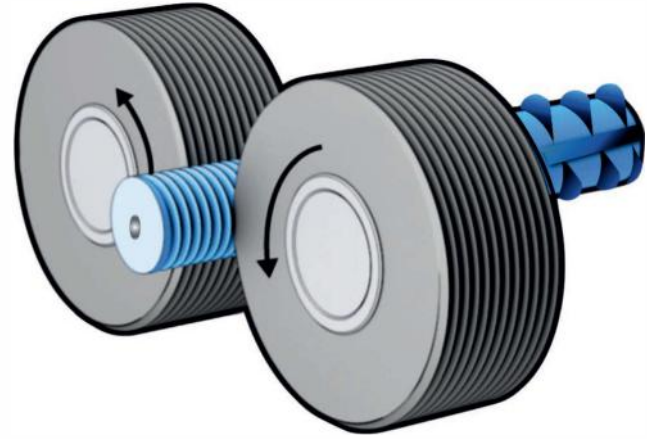


BMS REBAR THREADING SYSTEM MAKES THE DIFFERENCE: FAST,

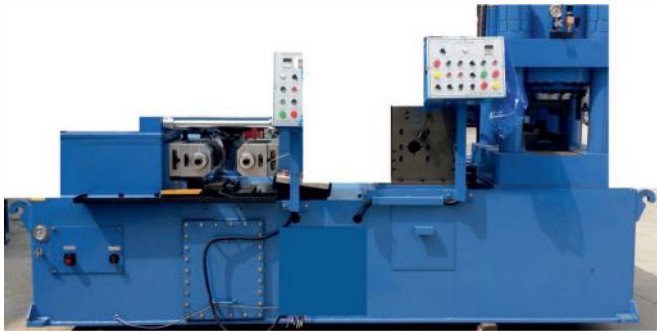
Rolling the Threads

The BMS system rolls the thread onto the bar-end. Thread Rolling enhances the material strength and is accepted as 'the norm' in most arduous industries such as aircraft, nuclear etc, where high performance connections are required.

It not only strengthens the material but also provides an extremely consistent and accurate thread form with added benefits in slip, fatigue and stress reversal conditions over cut form (upset system).

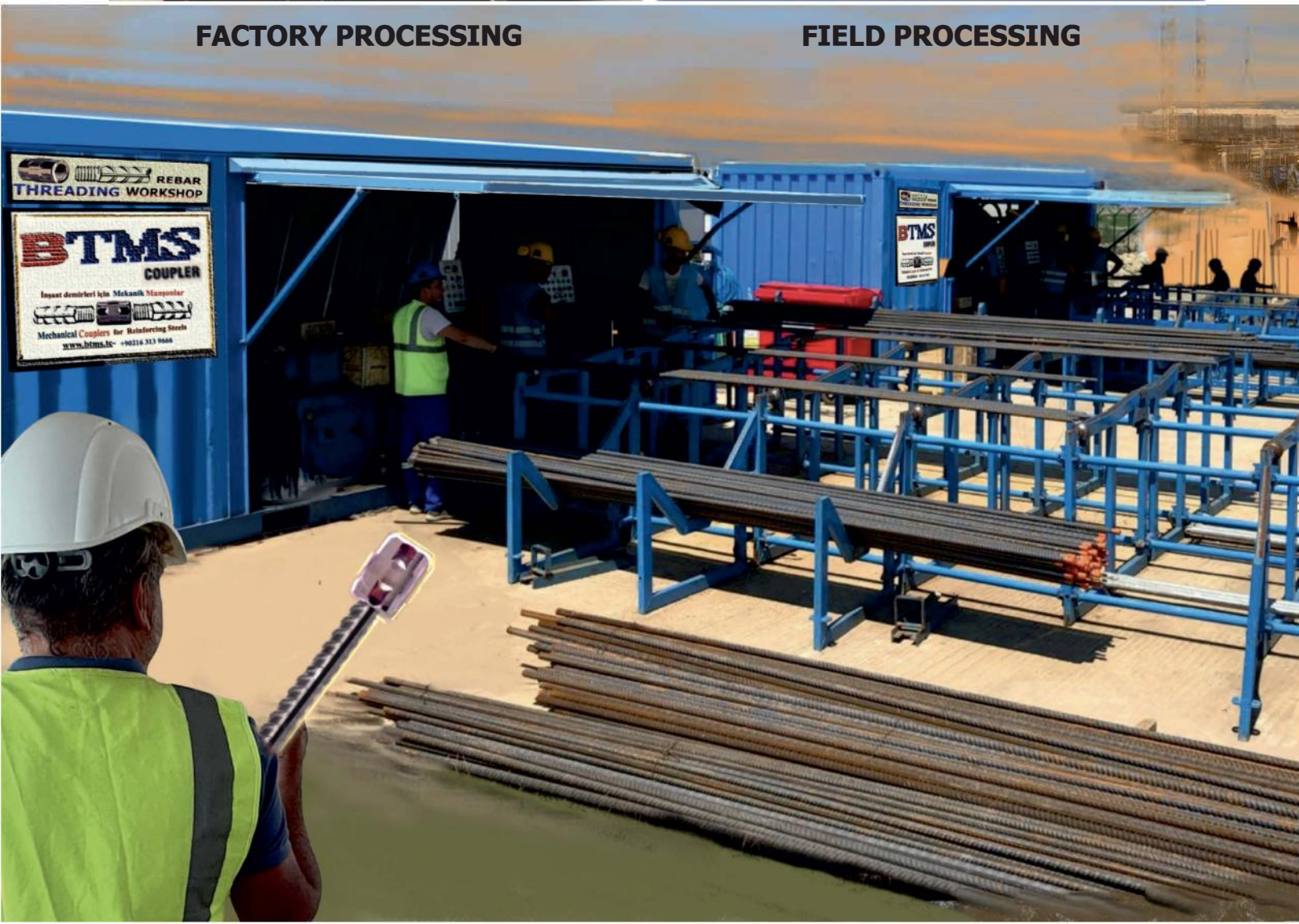


BMS COLD FORMING REBAR THREADING MACHINE



FACTORY PROCESSING

FIELD PROCESSING



Extremely Low Downtime!



Phases of BMS Rebar Threading



Rebar loading



Pressing the Ribs



Chamfering



Rolling the Thread

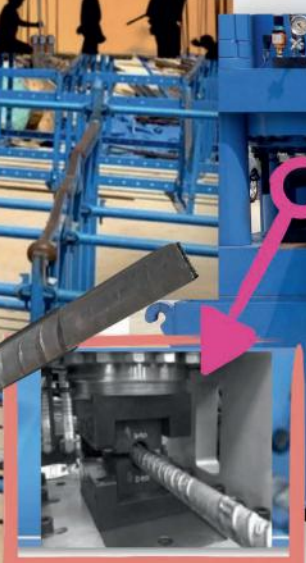


The Fastest In The Market!

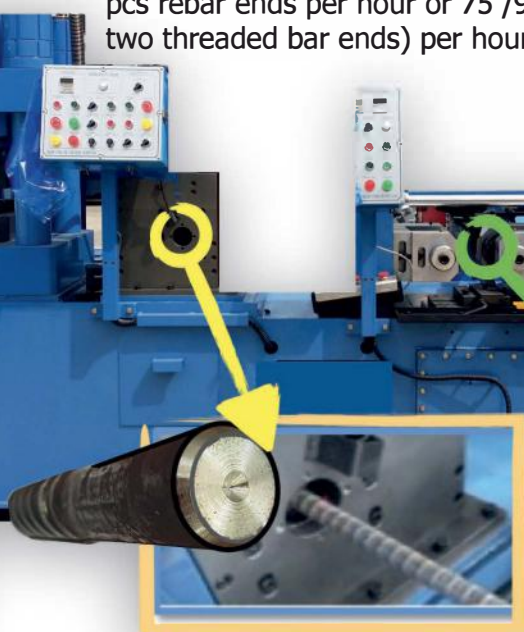
Thread Rolling is fast, cutting down time to a minimum [almost half of the time of our competitors in the market], and is used in every quality industry from auto, oil and gas, marine, aerospace & nuclear.

Typical capacity / output from machinery: on average; 150 /180 pcs rebar ends per hour or 75 /90 pcs complete couplers (with two threaded bar ends) per hour.






1. Cold swaging

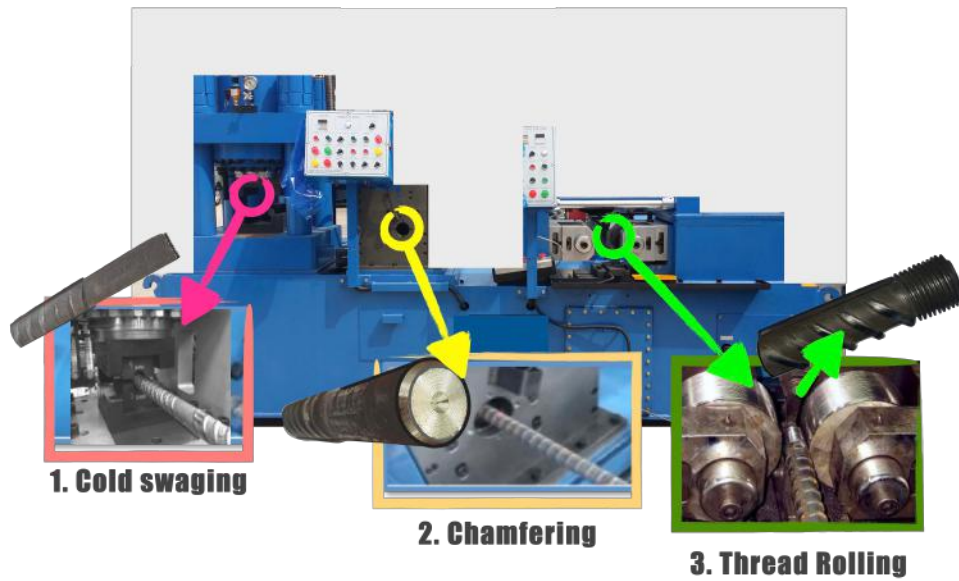


2. Chamfering



3. Thread Rolling

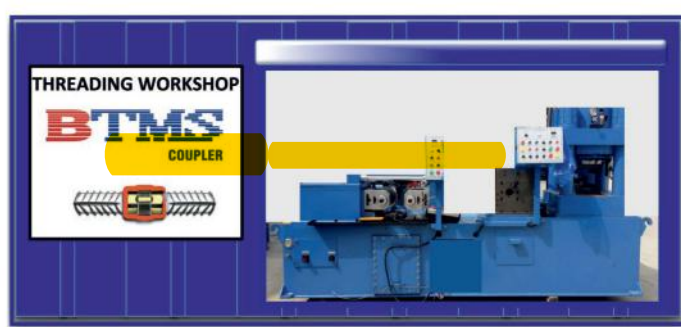
BMS COLD FORMING REBAR THREADING MACHINE



The Fastest In The Market!



FACTORY PROCESSING



JOBSITE PROCESSING

SUPERIOR REBAR COUPLERS: A PRODUCT OF PERFORMANCE!

boowon
BMS
BMS SYTEM



OTHER COMPETITORS



Re-bar end Swaging Type

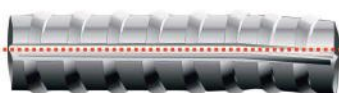


Re-bar end Up-setting Type

Process #1: Cutting the end of rebar

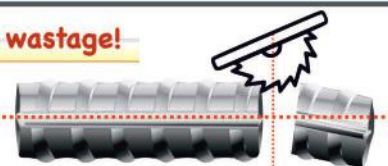
Not a BMS system process!

Saves in rebar-end wastage!



No need to cut the delivered rebar from the steel mill.

Rebar-end wastage!



The bent or deformed rebar ends should be hand cut with a circular saw or by other means.

Process #2: Metal forming of the rebar-end

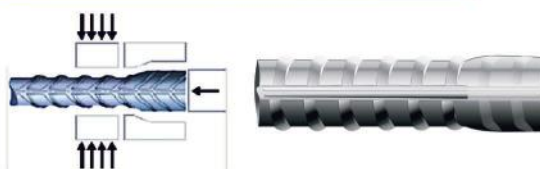
Not a BMS system process!



No rebar-end wastage!

Forming the deformed rebar end to be round shape by pressing/swaging the ribs & nodes. The malformed end part is automatically straightened through this process!

Rebar losses due to the upsetting!



The rebar inserts into a cold forging m/c for enlarging to a predetermined dimensions. This operation increases the core diameter of the bar. Through this process the grain flow/ texture is broken already. End-upsetting also causes loss in rebar!

Process #3: Rebar end process

Not a BMS system process!

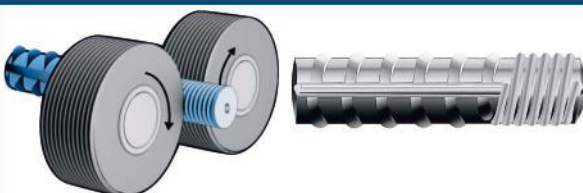


Trimming & chamfering the face of the rebar-end part.

N/A

Process #4: Rebar threading

Not a BMS system process!



Roll threading: **stronger thread structure!**



Cut threading: **weaker thread structure!**

Process #5: Proof Loading

Not a BMS system process!

Due to the stronger thread structure: BMS System already ensures a successful slip performances; therefore this process is not a part of BMS System!

Extra process, extra cost & time !

As a result of cutting the thread, slip test [permanent elongation] performance is low! For successful slip performance, there should be a proof-loading/thread integrity process added to the threading process!

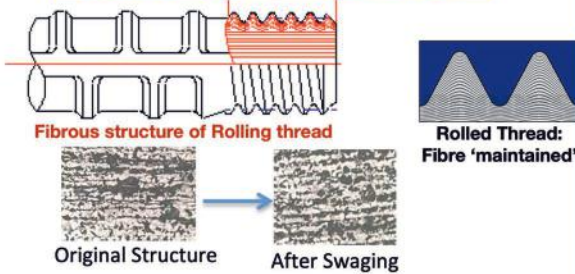
boowon
BMS
BMS SYTEM

**OTHER
COMPETITORS**



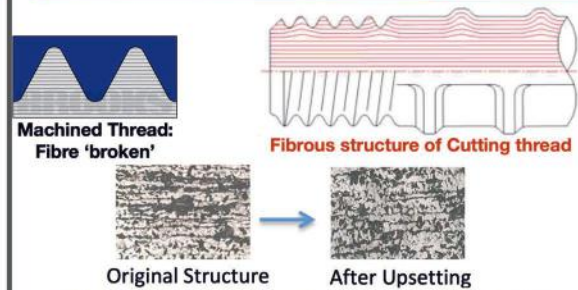
Quality Assurance

Continuity of the grain flow!



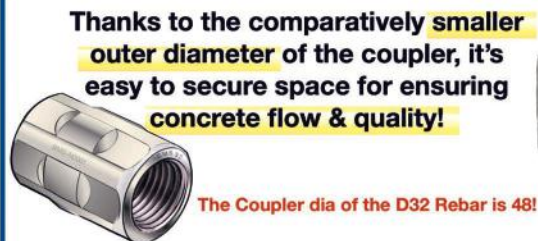
Maintaining the mechanical properties of the reinforcement steel!

Cut-off in the middle of the grain flow!



Decreased mechanical properties of the reinforcement steel!

External Diameter

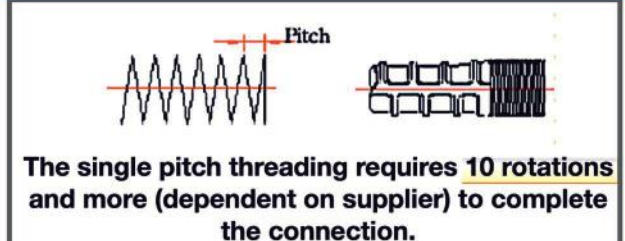
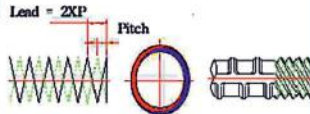


Faster connection

Reduced fixing time!

Only 50% of the others!

Thanks to the BMS 2 (two) start threading system, rotating the coupler **ONLY 4.5 turns** is enough to complete the connection of two re-bar threads.



Economic Feasibility, Superior Productivity!



**800 Set/Day
(1600 Re-bar-end!)**

**Max. 3 workers /
Threading M/C**



Saves Rebar!

No Losses at all through BMS System processing!



**300 Set/Day
(600 Re-bar-end!)**

**Min. 3-4 workers /
Threading M/C**



Cost not considered: Loosing at rebar!

As the upsetting process requires a flat surface, the bar end needs to be cut square prior to upsetting. Bar-end cutting and upsetting reduces the bar length by 0.1M (D32=0.62kg)!

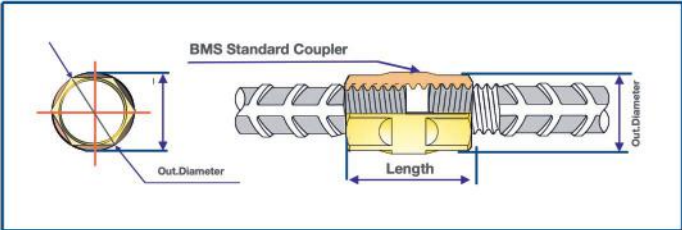
BTMS

brings savings...

COUPLER



BMS STANDARD COUPLER: ENSURED CONTINUITY!



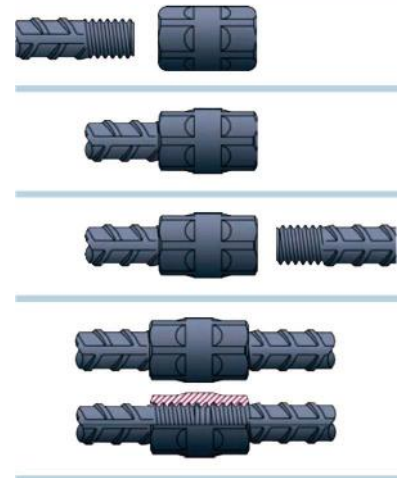
STANDARD COUPLERS													
BS 4449-TS 500													
Nominal Bar Size (Ømm)	10	12(13)	14	16	18	20	22	25	28(29)	32	36(35)	40	50
Coupler Diameter (mm)	18	20	21	23	28	31	33	38	43	48	51	60	75
Hexagon-B(mm)	17	19	19	21	26	29	30	35	40	45	48	56	70
Coupler Length	22	30	32	38	45	46	50	58	65	70	75	86	110
ASTM A615/A 615M													
Bar Designation (#)	3(10)	4(13)	5(16)	6(19)	7(22)	8(25)	9(29)	10(32)	11(36)	14(43)	18(57)		
Coupler Diameter (mm)	18	20	23	28	33	38	43	48	55	65	85		
Coupler Length	22	30	38	45	50	58	65	70	78	95	125		



A TYPE:

TWO BMS SHORT THREAD + BMS STANDARD COUPLER

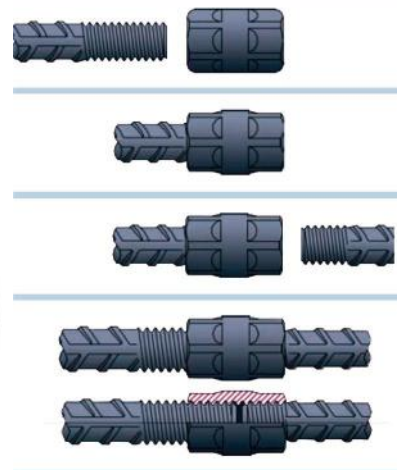
- Used where the continuity bar can be rotated (final tightening is by wrench, spanner, etc.)!
- Used for P.S.C. Box at the top of the bridge: ILM, FCM, MSS method of construction, 2nd application, Slip-Form construction, etc.
- Widely used for bars usually less than 6m long in vertical reinforcing bar application.



B TYPE:

ONE SHORT & ONE LONG THREAD + BMS STANDARD COUPLER

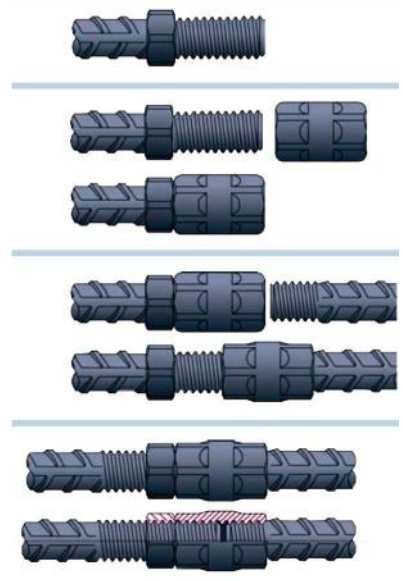
- Used in application of long bars (over 6m) and large dia bars (for slip-form, column, post applied in the site) where they can be rotated but may be difficult to do so.



C TYPE:

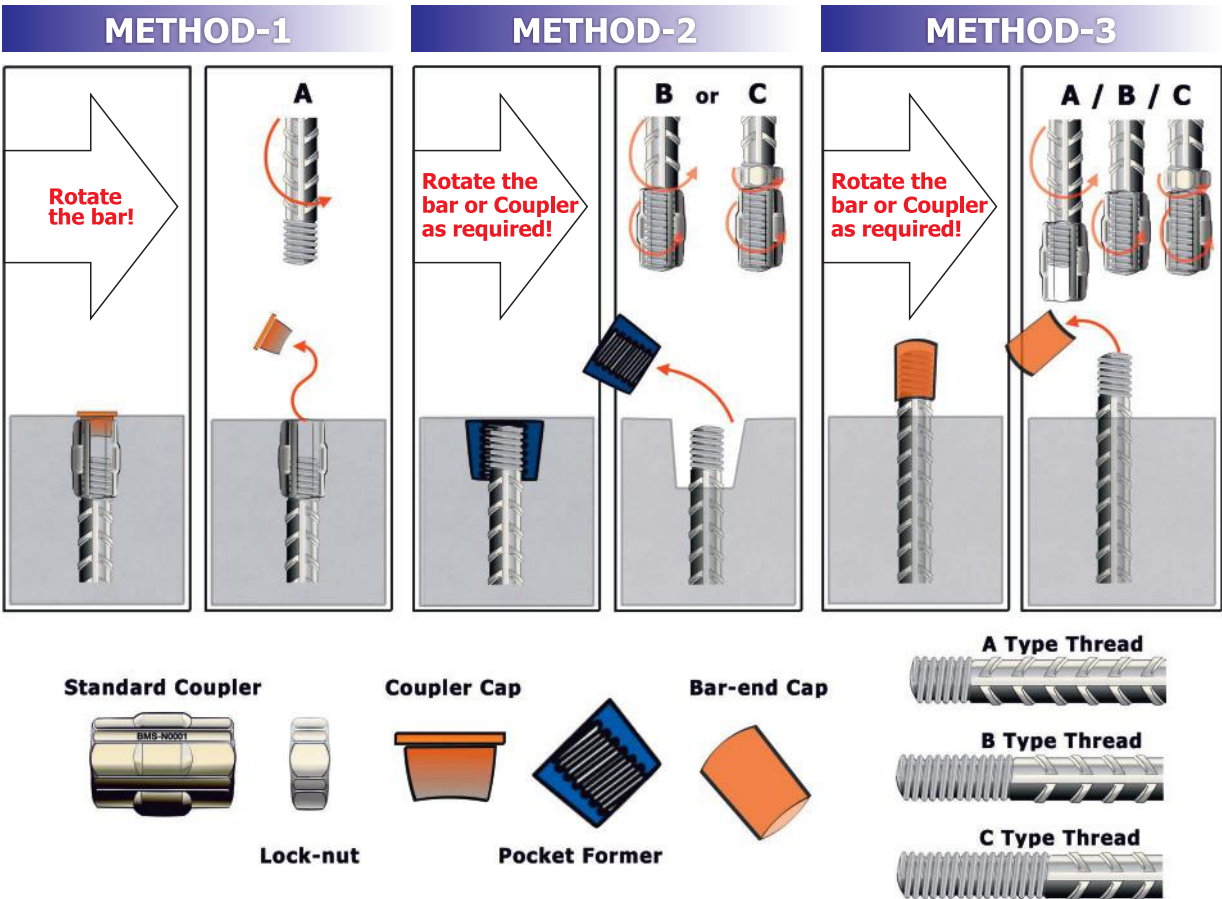
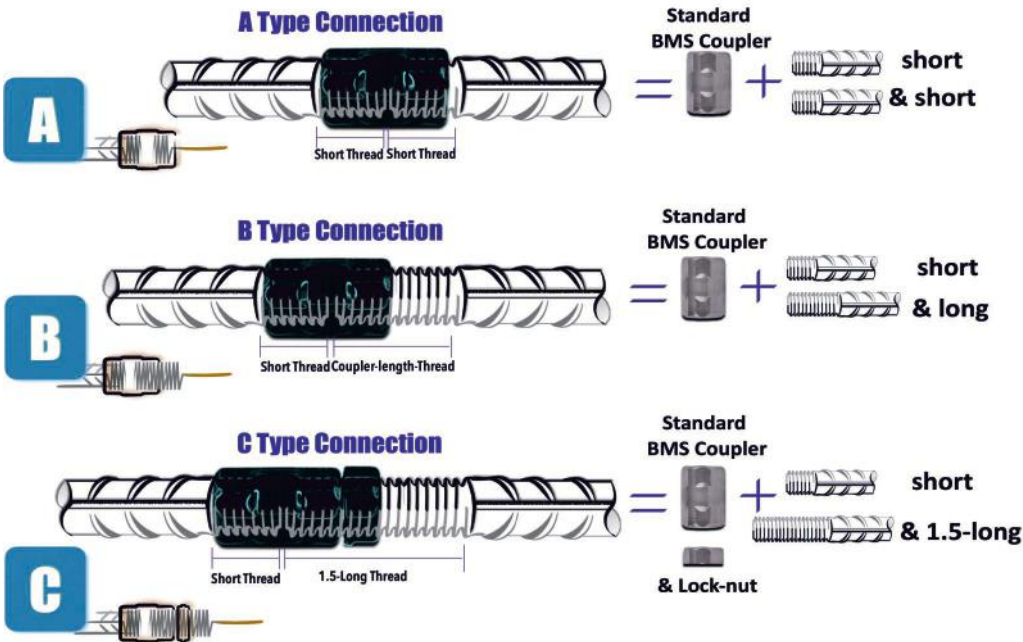
ONE SHORT & ONE 1.5 LONG THREAD + BMS STANDARD COUPLER & LOCK-NUT

- Used for construction of prefabricated cages or fixing hooked/cranked bars.



METHOD OF APPLICATION

Standard Connection Types



A-A Type Reinforcing Splice

The purpose of using:

The typical type to be used in short reinforcing bars in the perpendicular member the tensile and compressive force are influenced.

Applying to the construction by turning the reinforcing bar.


Applying when the column-rebar is constructed in the second displacement part, the engineering works and the construction.


Construction order

1  The reinforcing bar and coupler for splicing.

2  Assemble the coupler to the first reinforcing bar.

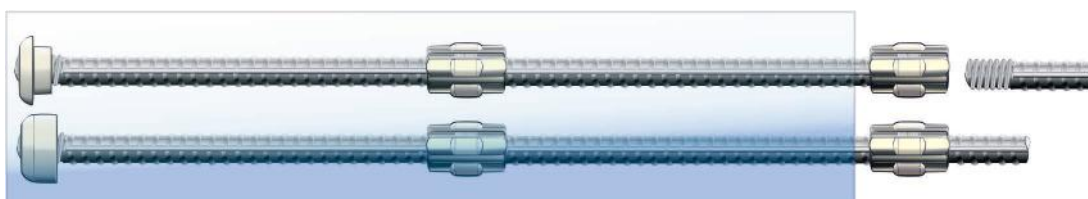
3  The coupling construction by turning the reinforcing bar to splice.

4  After the first coupling to place two reinforcing bars on the straight line, mark at the coupler and reinforcing bar on the tightened location at the same time.

5  Apply suitable-force per diameter of the bar & coupler with a sizable pipe wrench (i.e. with a suitable pipe wrench of 24 inch for D25 and above!) or tighten at the regulated torque (per minimum torque setting Table) by using a torque wrench.

Watch for not applying excess force on to the smaller diameters!

6  After the completion of splicing construction, confirm the marking line crossed to confirm whether the torque is applied to the splicing construction by eye.




METHOD OF APPLICATION

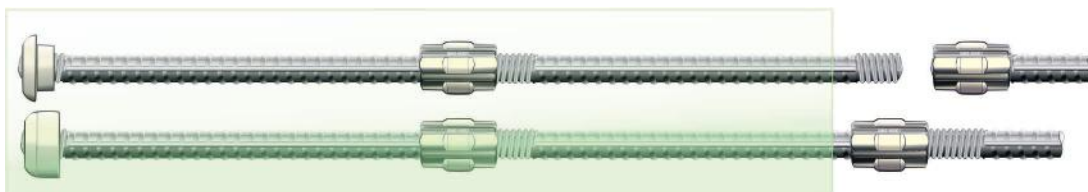
A-B Type Reinforcing Splice

The purpose of using:

The typical type to be used in long reinforcing bars in the perpendicular member the tensile and compressive force are influenced.
To be used in the perpendicularity construction (beam, pillar, slab) in the large/long reinforcing bar and reinforcing bar net prefabricated by using Pre-fab method of construction.

Construction order

- 1**  The reinforcing bar and coupler for splicing.
- 2**  Assemble the coupler to the long threaded reinforcing bar.
- 3**  Splice construction by **turning the coupler** toward the short thread.
- 4**  After the first coupling to place two reinforcing bars on the straight line, mark at the coupler and reinforcing bar on the tightened location at the same time.
- 5** 
Suitable pipe-wrench Regulated torque wrench
Apply suitable-force per diameter of the bar & coupler with a sizable pipe wrench (i.e. with a suitable pipe wrench of 24 inch for D25 and above!) or tighten at the regulated torque (per minimum torque setting Table) by using a torque wrench.
Watch for not applying excess force on to the smaller diameters!
- 6**  After the completion of splicing construction, confirm the marking line crossed to confirm whether the torque is applied to the splicing construction by eye.



A-C Type Reinforcing Splice

The purpose of using:

The type to be used in the directional reinforcing bar's construction such as an anchor part and a round reinforcing bar.




To be used in the bar mat's prefabricated construction using the Pre-fab method of the tensile member.

Applied to the splice of the anchor or the round reinforcing bar and the construction by the prefabrication when it can not construct by turning the reinforcing bar.




Construction order

1  The reinforcing bar and coupler for splicing.

2  After assembling locking nut and coupler to the long thread splice, place two reinforcing bars to be tightened each other.

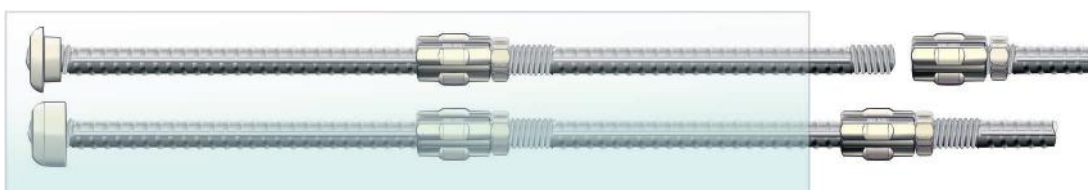
3    Splice construction by turning the locking nut and coupler toward the short thread.

4  After the first coupling to place two reinforcing bars on the straight line, mark at the coupler and the lock nut or coupler and reinforcement on the tightened location at the same time.

5    Apply suitable-force per diameter of the bar & coupler with a sizable pipe wrench (i.e. with a suitable pipe wrench of 24 inch for D25 and above!) or tighten at the regulated torque (per minimum torque setting Table) by using a torque wrench.

Watch for not applying excess force on to the smaller diameters!

6  After the completion of splicing construction, confirm the marking line crossed to confirm whether the torque is applied to the splicing construction by eye.



BMS TERMINATORS (END-ANCHORAGE)

WHY BMS TERMINATOR?

Eliminates rebar hook

- Simplifies bar placement

Saves costs

- Saves lap costs of larger bars

Minimizes development lengths

- Reduces congestion

Simplifies concrete placement

- Better concrete consolidation

More embedment options

- Greater design flexibility

Faster installation

- Lowers in-place cost

Standard product dimensions

- Minimal detailing required

VS.

WHY NOT REBAR HOOKS?

Requires longer development lengths

- Increases rebar congestion
- Restricts flow of concrete

More Costly

- The larger the bar, the longer the lap!

Inhibits rebar placement

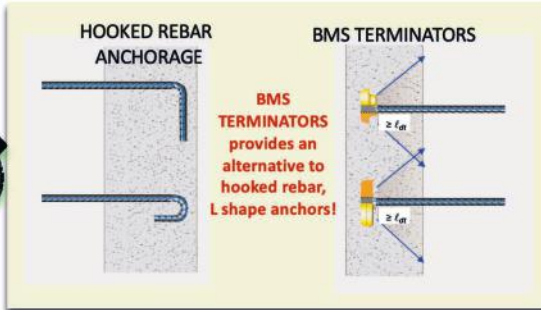
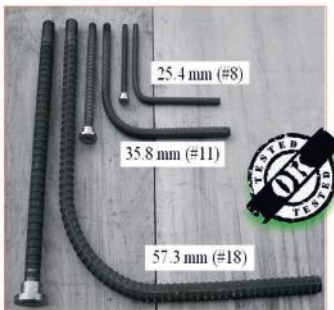
- Increases rebar placing costs

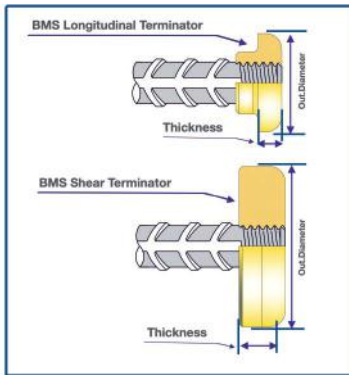
Restricts removal of column forms and shaft casings

- Labor intensive

Jeopardizes job site safety

- Increases safety hazards through exposed rebar





TERMINATORS (END ANCHORAGES)

For Longitudinal Re-bars

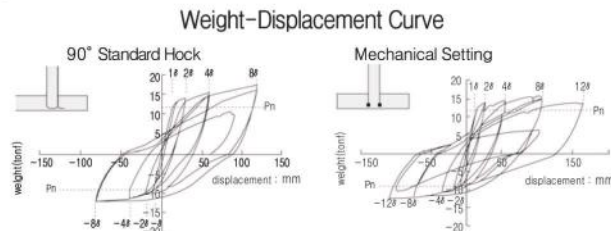
Bar Size	12(13)	14	16	18	20	22	25	28(29)	32	36(35)	40	50
BS 4449-TS 500	Diameter	29	32	36	41	45	50	56	65	72	79	112
	Thickness	6	7	7	7	8	9	9	10	10	12	20
Bar Designation (#)	3(10)	4(13)	5(16)	6(19)	7(22)	8(25)	9(29)	10(32)	11(36)	14(43)	18(57)	
ASTM A615/A 615M	Diameter	22	29	36	43	50	57	65	73	81	97	129
	Thickness	5	6	7	8	8	9	10	10	12	20	22

For Shear Re-bars

Bar Size	12(13)	14	16	18	20	22	25	28(29)	32	36(35)	40	50
BS 4449-TS 500	Diameter	32	45	51	57	64	70	80	89	102	114	159
	Thickness	6	8	8	8	10	12	14	16	18	19	26
Bar Designation (#)	3(10)	4(13)	5(16)	6(19)	7(22)	8(25)	9(29)	10(32)	11(36)	14(43)	18(57)	
ASTM A615/A 615M	Diameter	31	41	51	61	71	81	91	103	114	136	182
	Thickness	6	8	8	10	12	14	16	18	20	24	30

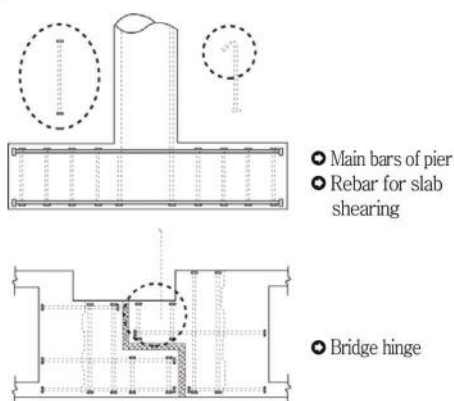
* The dimensions may be subject to change for the performance improvement!

Test Results of the Connection between Beam and Column

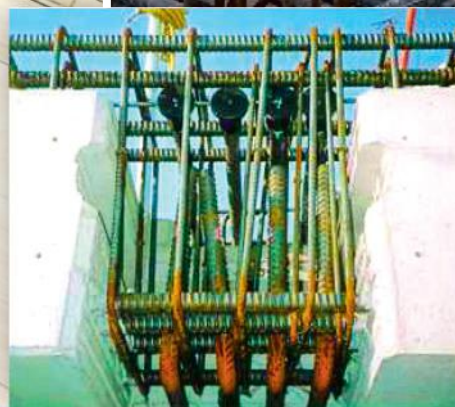
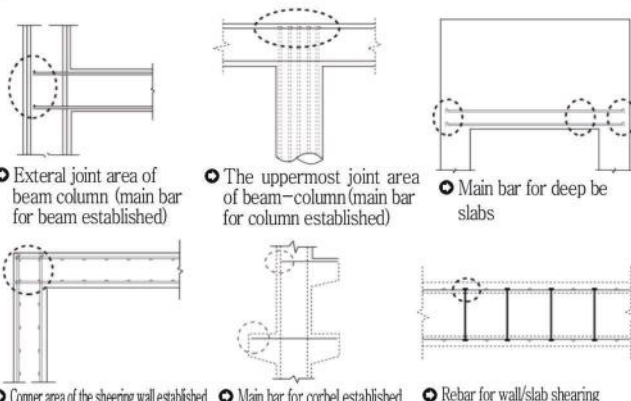


- Compression bar buckled during +80y 3rd cycle.
- Sufficient resistance design secured.
- Very stable movement (no pinching state)
- Compression bar buckled during +120y 2nd cycle.
- Excellent transformation performance (ductility).
- Sufficient resistance design secured.
- Very stable movement (no pinching state)

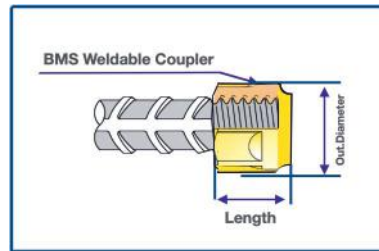
Practical Application of Mechanical Anchor (Civil Engineering)



Practical Application of Mechanical Anchor (Architectural Engineering)



Weldable couplers allow unrestricted and easy placing of re-bar to steel piles, forms, steel beams etc...



WELDABLE COUPLERS

BS 4449

Bar Size	12(13)	14	16	18	20	22	25	28(29)	32	36(35)	40	50
Coupler Diameter	20	21	23	28	31	33	38	43	48	51	60	75
Coupler Length	18	19	22	26	26	28	32	36	38	41	48	60

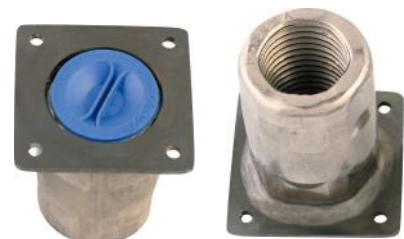
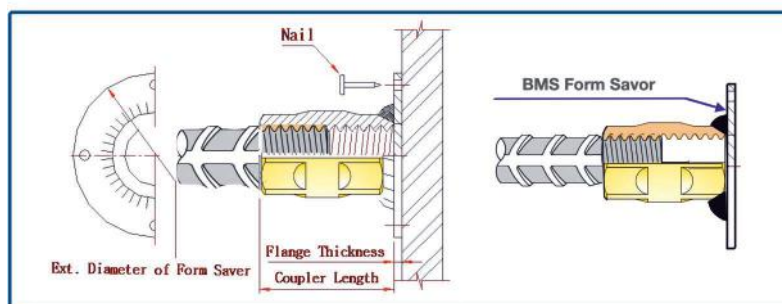
ASTM A615/A 615M

Bar Designation	3(10)	4(13)	5(16)	6(19)	7(22)	8(25)	9(29)	10(32)	11(36)	14(43)	18(57)	
Coupler Diameter	18	20	23	28	33	38	43	48	55	65	85	
Coupler Length	14	18	22	26	28	32	36	38	44	53	68	

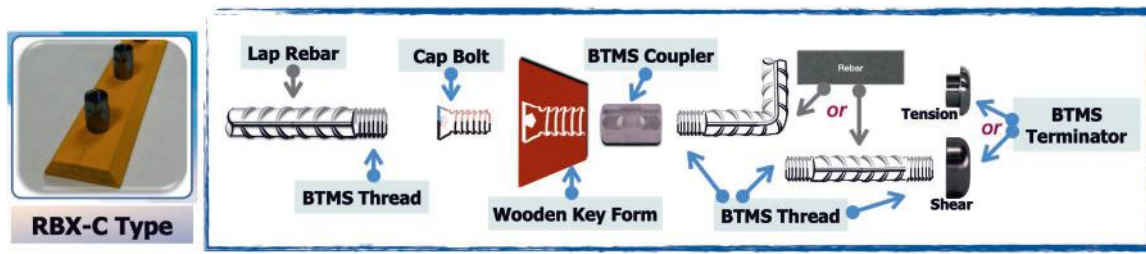
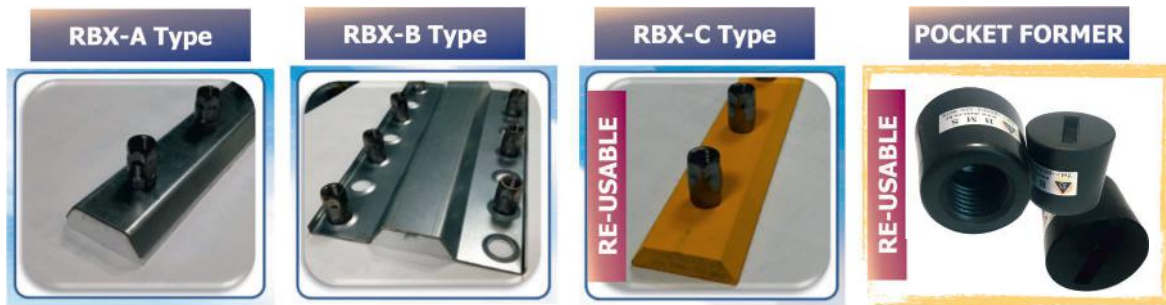
* The dimensions may be subject to change for the performance improvement!



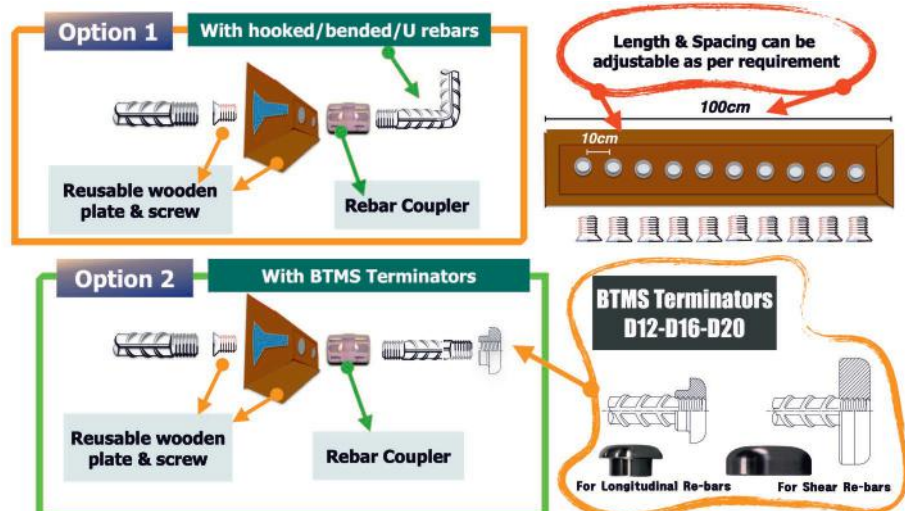
FORM SAVER



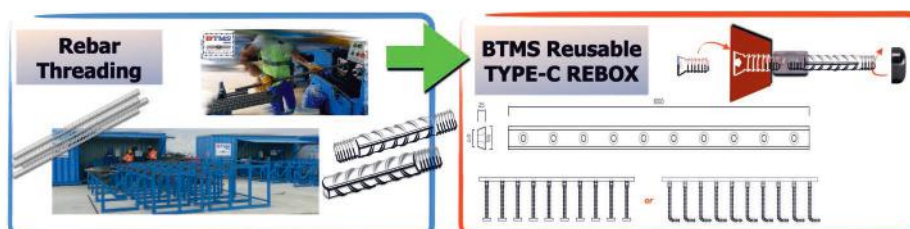
- Couplers has an attached nail plate for accurate and easy fixing to plywood form surface.
- Eliminates drilling of expensive forms
- Form work easy to remove and re-usable
- Enables slip forming / climbing form work
- Built in thread cover protects thread against concrete paste contamination
- Provides job site safety by eliminating protruding dowels



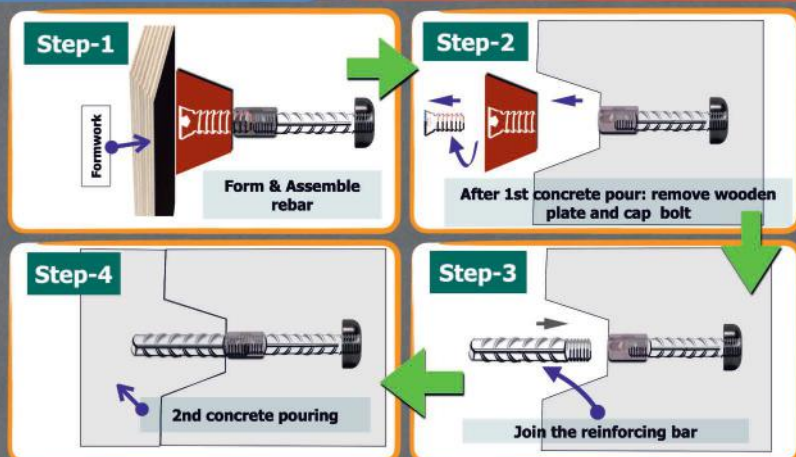
BTMS Couplers
D12-D16-D20



BMS Re-box System enables slip forming or climbing forms work smoothly by eliminating dowels with an safer and more ensured rebar continuity than dowel boxes and the similar solutions.



CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE

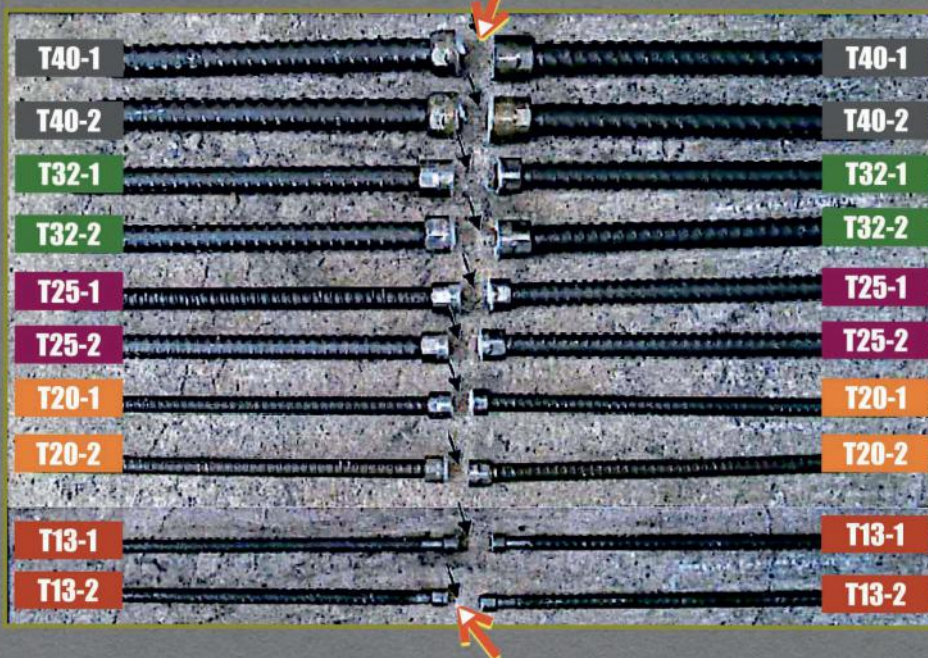


BMS COUPLERS ARE ALWAYS STRONGER THAN REBAR

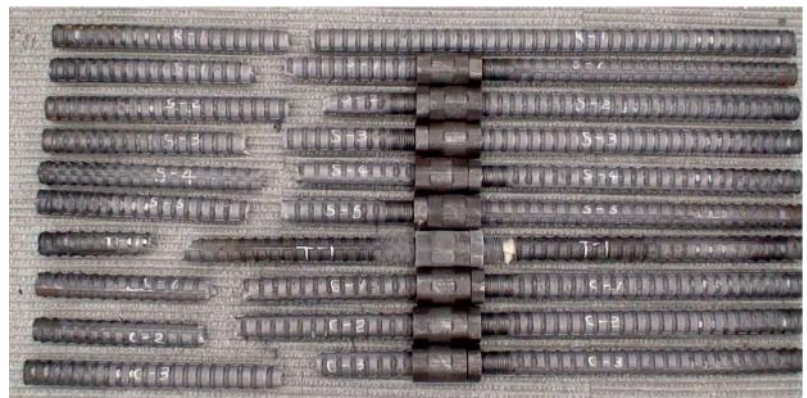
TEST REPORTS TO BREAK BMS COUPLERS WITH HIGH-STRENGTH DYWIDAG BARS

Table 1: Tensile Testing (Load vs. Extension curves was attached)

Specimen Reference (Coupled Rebar)	Yield Load (N)	Yield Stress (N/mm ²)	Max. Load (N)	Ultimate Tensile Stress (N/mm ²)	Mode of Failure
T40-1	-	-	1164559	927	Coupler Break
T40-2	-	-	1161468	924	Coupler Break
T32-1	-	-	718161	893	Coupler Break
T32-2	-	-	706701	879	Coupler Break
T25-1	-	-	485750	990	Coupler Break
T25-2	-	-	472597	963	Coupler Break
T20-1	-	-	288246	918	Coupler Break
T20-2	-	-	291582	928	Coupler Break
T13-1	-	-	147734	1113	Coupler Break
T13-2	-	-	143981	1085	Coupler Break



by Design
Technically Superior **boowon**
BMS



BAR-BREAK BMS COUPLERS!



Coupler is stronger than rebar!



**Force is
ENSURED!**

EC Declaration of Conformity According to
EC Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC, Annex II A

We herewith declare,


BOO WON B.M.S Co., Ltd
590, Yongtan-Dong, Chungju-City, Chungbuk, Korea

that the following machine complies with the appropriate basic safety and health requirements of the EC Directive based on its design and type, as brought into circulation by us. In case of alteration of the machine, not agree upon by us this declaration will lose its validity.

Machine Description : BMS SYSTEM
Machine Type : MULTI-50PD/60PD
Applicable EC Directives : Machinery Directive (2006/42/EC)

*This is to **CE** that the following machine comply to the essential requirements (Annex I) of the above mentioned European Directives and the following standards :*

EN ISO 12100 : Safety of machinery - General principles for design –
Risk assessment and risk reduction (ISO 12100:2010): 2010
EN 60204-1: Safety of machinery - Electrical equipment of machines: 2006/A1: 2009

Authorized Signature/Date :  / 15.10.2012
Authorized Complier in the Community :
Name :
Address :

Se-Hyun, Jeong / CEO

İSTANBUL TEKNİK ÜNİVERSİTESİ – İNŞAAT FAKÜLTESİ
YAPI MALZEMESİ LABORATUVARI
 34469 MASLAK / İSTANBUL TEL: (0212) 285 3757-58 FAX: (0212) 285 6387

Strength, Ductility & Slip Tests
[BTMS Coupler with B500C Bars]

Report No/Date: 0015/09.01.2018
 Application No/Date: 321232 /05.01.2018

BTMS MECHANICAL CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT

According to your application letter dated 04.01.2018, tensile/slip tests were performed on the rebar samples which are connected to each other with couplers. It was stated in your application letter that the couplers are planned to be used in "1915 Canakkale Bridge Project" which is constructing by DLSY – JV. The results are shown in below table.

Sample Code*	Nominal Rebar Diameter (mm)	Coupler	Yield Strength (MPa)	Tensile Strength (MPa)	Permanent Elongation after 3 times loading to 300 MPa (0.6fy) (Slip Value) (mm)	Result/Observations
BMS-N007/1	Φ25	NO	559	667	-	BAR BREAK (Samples were not failed from the couplers)
BMS-N007/2		Yes	545	662	0,02	
BMS-N007/3		Yes	546	663	0,03	
BMS-N007/4	Φ32	NO	552	670	-	BAR BREAK (Samples were not failed from the couplers)
BMS-N016/1		Yes	550	671	0,04	
BMS-N016/2		Yes	554	673	0,04	
BMS-N016/3			553	672	0,08	

*Sample codes were declared in your application letter.

Civil Engineer

Director of Laboratory

Environmental Scientifics Group Ltd
 Acwood Way, St Albans
 Hertfordshire, AL4 0JY
 Telephone: +44 (0) 1727 840380
 Fax: +44 (0) 1727 816700

ESG
 Environmental Scientifics Group

TEST REPORT

UK CARES
 Pembroke House
 21 Pembroke Road
 Sevenoaks
 Kent
 TN13 1XR

Your Ref: 12706
 Our Ref: 11265
 Date: 06.06.11

Cares Report No. 12141 - Reference No. 18625

STEEL COUPLER ASSEMBLIES TO UK CARES SPECIFICATION TA1-B (Issue 7 January 11)

Certificate Number	38620/C
Date of Receipt	09.05.11
Date of Test	06.06.11
Operator	C Y Jeong (Boowon BMS Co. Ltd., Chungju, Korea)
Coupler Type	BMS 32
Coupler Batch No.	SA59669/N0078(Coupler) - SB74771/0002 (Nut)
Material	BS 4449:1997 Grade 460B - 32 mm Diameter - Cast 20-2634
Sample Identity	Control No. 1 No. 2 No. 3
Area (nominal) mm ²	804 804 804 804
Yield (0.2% rp) MPa	487 489 492 486
Load at 2.0% rt kN	405.2 490.4 477.6 480
Stress at 2.0% rt MPa	504 610 594 597
Maximum Stress MPa	637* 637* 645* 637*

* Ductile in bar fracture

Permanent extension after loading/unloading to 0.65_y - (299 MPa x 804 mm² = 240.4 kN)

Sample No. 1 = 0.042 mm
 Sample No. 2 = 0.020 mm
 Sample No. 3 = 0.003 mm

Slip Values

Tested in accordance with BS EN ISO 6892-1:2009/BS 4449:2005
 Test apparatus calibrated in accordance with BS EN ISO 7500-1:2004

Senior Mechanical Test Engineer **End of Report**

Page 1 of 1 (Doc1986)

İSTANBUL TEKNİK ÜNİVERSİTESİ
FACULTY OF CIVIL ENGINEERING
CIVIL ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT
 34469, Maslak, İSTANBUL

Strength, Ductility & Slip Tests
[BTMS Coupler with B420C Bars]

Application No/Date: 999106 /07.12.2021

Table 1. Tensile Test Results

Sample Code	Nominal Rebar Diameter (mm)	Connection with Coupler	Yield Strength (MPa)	Tensile Strength (MPa)	Total elongation at maximum force A _{gt} (%)	Static Slip Value (mm)	Result/Observations
Reference Bar	D12	Bar Only	496	594	9.9	-	-
BMS Coupler Type A	D12	Yes	471	576	13.1	0.01	Bar Break (outside coupling zone - L)
BMS Coupler Type A	D12	Yes	480	584	9.5	0.01	Bar Break (outside coupling zone - L)
BMS Coupler Type B	D12	Yes	473	579	10.4	0.03	Bar Break (outside coupling zone - L)
Reference Bar	D16	Bar Only	494	589	10.2	-	-
BMS Coupler Type A	D16	Yes	486	593	10.5	0.01	Bar Break (outside coupling zone - L)
BMS Coupler Type A	D16	Yes	485	590	12.9	0.02	Bar Break (outside coupling zone - L)
BMS Coupler Type B	D16	Yes	475	589	10.4	0.01	Bar Break (outside coupling zone - L)
Reference Bar	D20	Bar Only	479	602	15.3	-	-
BMS Coupler Type A	D20	Yes	463	595	15.5	0.01	Bar Break (outside coupling zone - L)
BMS Coupler Type A	D20	Yes	464	596	13.5	0.02	Bar Break (outside coupling zone - L)
BMS Coupler Type B	D20	Yes	470	598	14.3	0.01	Bar Break (outside coupling zone - L)
Reference Bar	D25	Bar Only	472	626	13.7	-	-
BMS Coupler Type A	D25	Yes	468	622	13.5	0.05	Bar Break (outside coupling zone - L)
BMS Coupler Type A	D25	Yes	465	620	16.1	0.02	Bar Break (outside coupling zone - L)
BMS Coupler Type B	D25	Yes	466	619	10.5	0.01	Bar Break (inside coupling zone - L)

Table 2. Strength values

Sample diameter (mm)	Yield strength of reference bar (MPa)	Limit value of tensile strength (MPa)
D12	496	570.4
D16	494	568.1
D20	479	550.9
D25	472	542.8

Since all the results of tensile strength are over limit values, then it may be concluded that the test results of the specimens used in testing comply with the strength criteria of ISO 15835-1.

Singapore Test Services
 A company of ST Kinetics

Report No: 10107-0715-02602-MEME
 Date of Report: 24 July 2015

Page 3 of 8

Test Results:

Table 1: Permanent Set and Tensile Testing (Load vs. Extension curves were attached)


SPECIMEN NO.	PERMANENT SET (mm) Zero kg	GL (mm)	YIELD LOAD (N)	YIELD STRESS (N/mm ²)	MAX LOAD (N)	UTS (N/mm ²)	MOF
T32-A1 (Type C)	0.005	250	437317	544	535973	666	BB
T32-A2 (Type B)	0.015	250	452688	563	546668	680	BB
T32-A3 (Type C)	0.030	250	457295	569	549021	683	BB(ET)
T32-A4 (Type B)	0.030	250	450915	561	544657	677	BB
BS 8110 Requirements	0.1 max.	-	-	-	-	497 min.	-
LTA Requirements	0.1 max.	-	-	-	-	529 min.	-

Table 2: Tensile Testing (Load vs. Extension curves were attached)

SPECIMEN NO.	YIELD LOAD (N)	YIELD STRESS (N/mm ²)	MAX LOAD (N)	UTS (N/mm ²)	MOF
T32-A1 - Control Bar	447251	556	541925	674	BB
T32-A2 - Control Bar	451393	561	543176	675	BB
T32-A3 - Control Bar	450124	560	540263	672	BB
T32-A4 - Control Bar	454937	566	543088	675	BB
Requirement	-	460 min.	-	-	-

Legend : GL - Gauge Length BB - Bar Break
 UTS - Ultimate Tensile Stress BB(ET) - Bar Break (At Extension Thread)
 MOF - Mode of Failure

Bureau Veritas Materials Science
 Arrowood Way, St Albans, Hertfordshire AL4 3JY
 T: +44 (0) 1727 805900 F: +44 (0) 1727 810700



**BUREAU
VERITAS**

TEST REPORT

UK Certification Authority
 Pembroke House
 21 Pembroke Road
 Sevenoaks
 Kent
 TN13 1XR

Your Ref: 7543
 Our Ref: 07/121
 Date: 31.05.07

Cares Report No. 8810 - Project No. 1038

STEEL COUPLER ASSEMBLIES TO UK CARES SPECIFICATION TA1-B Issue 5

Certificate Number 33741/C

Date of Receipt 16.04.07 Date of Test 19.04.07

Operator Mr M Precious (Boowon BMS Co Ltd. Cheongju, Korea.)

Coupler Type BMS 16 Type A

Coupler Batch No. BW 0704-01

Material BS 550 - 16 mm Diameter - Cast No. Not Advised

Sample Identity Control No.1 No.2 No.3

Area (nominal) mm² 201 201 201 201

Yield (0.2% rp) MPa 487 485 482 483

Load at 2.0% rt kN 103.1 113.2 113.8 115.4

Stress at 2.0% rt MPa 513 563 596 574

Maximum Stress MPa 667* 671* 667* 671*

* Normal ductile fracture occurred in bar.

Permanent extension after loading/unloading to 0.8F_y - (300 MPa x 201 mm² = 60.3 kN)

Sample No. 1 = 0.010 mm

Sample No. 2 = 0.028 mm

Sample No. 3 = 0.015 mm

Tested in accordance with BS EN 10002-1:2001 / BS 4449:2005

Test apparatus calibrated in accordance with BS EN ISO 7500-1:2004

G. J. Gault

Senior Mechanical Test Engineer

End of Report

Page 1 of 1
 (Doc8486)

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ASTM International
KCL

TEST REPORT

No : CT19-088686

7. TEST RESULTS

1) BMS32 Terminators & Standard Couplers with ASTM A706 Grade 80 rebars

Test Item(s)	Unit	Test Method	Test Results	Remark
Tensile strength	N/mm ²	(1)	773	✓

2) BMS32-BT-01

Test Item(s)	Unit	Test Method	Test Results	Remark
Tensile strength	N/mm ²	(1)	770	✓

3) BMS32-BT-02

Test Item(s)	Unit	Test Method	Test Results	Remark
Tensile strength	N/mm ²	(1)	771	✓

4) BMS32-BT-03

Test Item(s)	Unit	Test Method	Test Results	Remark
Tensile strength	N/mm ²	(1)	769	✓

5) BMS32-BT-04

Test Item(s)	Unit	Test Method	Test Results	Remark
Tensile strength	N/mm ²	(1)	767	-

6) BMS32-BH-01

Test Item(s)	Unit	Test Method	Test Results	Remark
Tensile strength	N/mm ²	(1)	777	-
Elongation	%	(1)	19	✓

7) BMS32-BH-02

Test Item(s)	Unit	Test Method	Test Results	Remark
Tensile strength	N/mm ²	(1)	774	✓
Elongation	%	(1)	21	✓

*Manufacturer : BOONIN S.M.S

*Project Name : Chacao Bridge Construction Project / Chile

*Contractor : HYUNDAI ENGINEERING & CONSTRUCTION

*Steel bars : Steel bars in accordance with ASTM A706/700M Grade 80(32 mm) / Cross-sectional area : 819 mm²

*Joint Type : (2), (3), (4), (5) - TYPE B / (6), (7) - TYPE A

*Test Evaluation : (2), (3), (4), (5) - **ACI 318 Type 2** / (6), (7) - **ASTM A 970 Class B**

* Dimension : Coupler (2), (3), (4), (5) / Ext. Diameter (D) - 49mm, Length(L) - 70mm

Terminator (6), (7) / Ext. Diameter (D) - 74mm, Ext. Diameter (D1) - 49mm

Length(L) - 35mm

— End of Report —

Page 2 of 2

QP-20-01-08(5)



İSTANBUL TEKNİK ÜNİVERSİTESİ – İNŞAAT FAKÜLTESİ
YAPI MALZEMESİ LABORATUVARI
34469 MASLAK / İSTANBUL TEL: (0212) 285 3757-58 FAX: (0212) 285 6587

Strength & Ductility Tests
[BTMS Coupler with B420C Bars]

Manşonlu Birleşim Çekme Deneyi
Rapor no/Tarih: 297/07.05.2018
Başvuru No/Tarih: 399085/02.05.2018

REC ULUSLAR ARASI İNŞ. YAT. SAN. VE TİC. A.Ş.

İlgili dilekçeniz ile birlikte laboratuvarımıza getirdiğiniz ve dilekçenizde "İ.U.F.M. T. Vakıflar Bankası T.A.O Genel Müdürlük ve Hizmet Binası" projesinde kullanılması planlandığını beyan ettiğiniz manşon ile birleştirilmiş $\Phi 30$ ve $\Phi 32$ mm çaplı nervürlü çelik çubukları üzerinde çekme deneyleri yapılmıştır. Elde edilen sonuçlar aşağıda verilmiştir.

Tablo 1. Manşonlu birleşimler üzerinde yapılan çekme deneyi sonuçları.

Numune No	Anma Çapı (mm)	Manşon Birleşimi	Akma Dayanımı (kN)	Akma Dayanımı (MPa)	Çekme Dayanımı (kN)	Çekme Dayanımı (MPa)	Gözlem
1	$\Phi 30$	Var	326,6	462	434,9	615	Kopma, çelik çubukta meydana gelmiştir.
2	$\Phi 30$		326,5	462	435,1	616	
3	$\Phi 32$		372,0	463	498,1	619	
4	$\Phi 32$		371,4	462	502,6	625	

İnş. Yük. Muh.



Yapı Malzemesi Laboratuvarı Sorumlusu



İSTANBUL TEKNİK ÜNİVERSİTESİ – İNŞAAT FAKÜLTESİ
YAPI MALZEMESİ LABORATUVARI
34469 MASLAK / İSTANBUL TEL: (0212) 285 3757-58 FAX: (0212) 285 6587

Strength & Ductility Tests
[BTMS Coupler with B420C Bars]

Çekme Deneyi
Rapor No/Tarih: 747/20.09.2016
Başvuru No/Tarih: 3580/19.09.2016

BTMS MEKANİK YAPI ELEMANLARI SAN. VE TİC. A.Ş.

19.09.2016 tarihli dilekçeniz ile birlikte laboratuvarımıza teslim ettiğiniz ve dilekçenizde "Tekfen Mot Tower – Bakü/Azerbaycan" projesinde kullanılacağını ve BTMS Coupler ile birleştirildiğini belirttiğiniz birer adet $\Phi 16$, $\Phi 20$, $\Phi 22$ ve $\Phi 32$ mm nervürlü betonarme çelik çubuk numuneleri üzerinde ve birer adet aynı çapta manşon birleşimi içermeyen çelik çubuk numuneleri üzerinde çekme deneyi yapılmıştır. Deney sonuçları aşağıda verilmiştir.

Tablo 1. Çekme deneyi sonuçları

Anma Çapı (mm)	Manşon Birleşimi	Akma Dayanımı (kN)	Akma Dayanımı (MPa)	Çekme Dayanımı (kN)	Çekme Dayanımı (MPa)	R_m/R_e	Gözlem
$\Phi 16$	Var	94,6	471	117,5	584	1,24	Kopma çelik çubukta meydana gelmiştir.
$\Phi 20$		140,1	446	171,6	546	1,22	
$\Phi 22$		179,8	473	223,1	587	1,24	
$\Phi 32$		376,1	468	482,2	600	1,28	
$\Phi 16$	Yok	95,4	474	119,3	593	1,25	-
$\Phi 20$		141,6	451	170,3	542	1,20	-
$\Phi 22$		180,5	475	222,3	585	1,23	-
$\Phi 32$		397,7	494	495,3	616	1,25	-

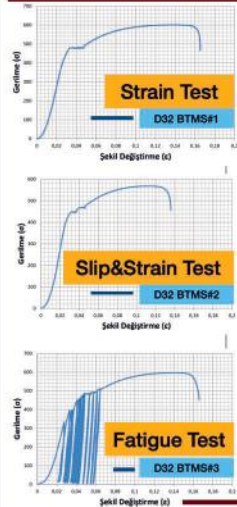
Aras. Gör.



Laboratuvar Sorumlusu Yardımcısı
Doç. Dr.

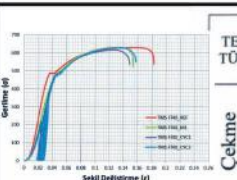


Tension, Slip & Fatigue Test Results by A.U. Turkey Labs



ANADOLU ÜNİVERSİTESİ
YAPI MÜHENDİSLİĞİ LABORATUVARI

TEST TÜRÜ		YIELD STRESS AKMA GERİLMESİ		ULTIMATE STRESS ÇEKME GERİLMESİ		ELON- GATION $\epsilon_t(\%)$	σ_u / σ_y	SIYRILMA $\leq 1mm$ SLIP	Düktilité $\geq 70 \epsilon_u$	ŞARTNAME UYGUNLUK		
		YÜK(kN)	σ_y (MPa)	YÜK(kN)	σ_u (MPa)					1.25 f_y	4%	test
Monotonik Çekme Deneyi	BMS_032_REF	383	479	483	608	16,5	1,25	-	11,6	E	E	BAŞARILI
	BMS_032_MANŞON	371	457	476	591	14,5	1,29	0	E	E	E	BAŞARILI
	BMS_032_MANŞON_SLIP	360	446	457	566	13,6	1,27	0,03	E	E	E	BAŞARILI
Kademeli Çevresel Çekme Deneyi	BMS_032_MANŞON_CYC	373	477	480	596	16	1,25	0	E	E	E	BAŞARILI



TEST TÜRÜ		YIELD STRESS AKMA GERİLMESİ		ULTIMATE STRESS ÇEKME GERİLMESİ		$\epsilon_t(\%)$	σ_u / σ_y	SIYRILMA $\leq 1mm$ SLIP	Düktilité $\geq 70 \epsilon_u$	ŞARTNAME UYGUNLUK		
		YÜK(kN)	σ_y (MPa)	YÜK(kN)	σ_u (MPa)					1.25 f_y	4%	test
Çekme Deneyi	REF	609	485	790	629	18,3	1,30	-	12,81	E	E	BAŞARILI
	BMS D40_1	603	480	790	629	15,3	1,31	-	E	E	E	BAŞARILI
	BMS D40_2	593	472	773	615	14,9	1,30	0,06	E	E	E	BAŞARILI
	BMS D40_3	606	482	788	627	15,7	1,30	0,07	E	E	E	BAŞARILI

BTMS Mechanical Construction Equipment
BTMS Yapı Elemanları Sanayi Ve Ticaret A.Ş.
İbrikdere Mah. D-100 Karayolu CAD.446
41255 Kartepe-Kocaeli
Turkey

Low Cycle Fatigue [S2] Tests with BMS Couplers [D25]

For the attention of: Mr Dogan Fatih Kucuk

11th January 2018

Laboratory Test Report No. 180021

Client's order No. To be advised

Client's project reference Canakkale Bridge-DLSY JV-Turkey.

Specimen Identification

Three mechanical splices in reinforcing bars to TS 708 grade B500C.

Splice type: BMS D25 mm
Splice markings: Splice ID (shown in table below)
Legibility of Batch ID: Good
Operator: [REDACTED]
Details of assembly: Torqued to 300Nm

Specimens identified as in the table below:

Laboratory ID	Sample ID	Diameter (mm)	Splice ID
180021/1/1	N0007/1	25	N0007
180021/1/2	N0007/2	25	N0007
180021/1/3	N0007/3	25	N0007

Tests conducted

Spliced assemblies tested according to the requirements of ISO 15835-2:2009 alternating tension and compression test of large strains in the mechanical splice (S2).

Note: ISO 15835-2 incorrectly defines the slope S (Fig. 7). R-Tech Materials' documented in-house procedure corrects this anomaly.

Date of test 9th January 2018

Tested by J Chapman

Report No. 180021
Page 1 of 4

Testing House, Kenfig Industrial Estate, Margam, Port Talbot, SA13 2PE, UK
T: +44 (0)1656 748 000 E: info@r-technomaterials.com W: www.r-technomaterials.com

Registered Office: R-TECH Services Ltd Registered Office: 22 Dany-Bryn Avenue, Radyr, Cardiff, CF15 8DD, UK
Company No. 4547830 VAT No. 800 789 50

**Mechanical splice tensile test results**

Specimen Identification	Splice Diameter/Length (mm)	Failure Load, Fm (kN)	Failure Stress, Rm (MPa)	U4 (mm)	U8 (mm)	Failure Location
180021/1/1	39/58	330.6	674	0.162	0.240	Parent bar
180021/1/2	39/58	328.2	669	0.182	0.261	Parent bar
180021/1/3	39/58	329.2	671	0.168	0.245	Parent bar

Extensometer gauge length used for measurement of strain was 300 mm.

Plots of load versus extension during the test are given in Appendix A to this report.

Statements of compliance

The mechanical splices tested met the S2 test requirements of ISO 15835-1:2009.

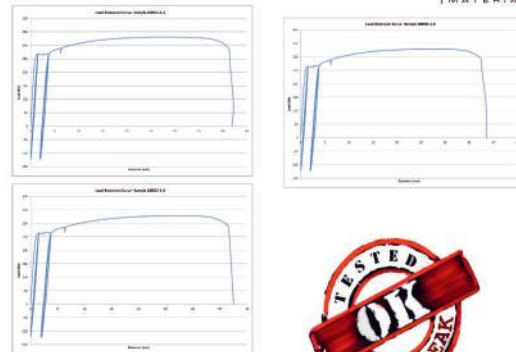
Test report authorised by:

[Signature]

Laboratory Manager

End of report

Appendix A



Report No. 180021
Page 2 of 4

BTMS Mechanical Construction Equipment
BTMS Yapı Elemanları Sanayi Ve Ticaret A.Ş.
İbrikdere Mah. D-100 Karayolu CAD.446
41255 Kartepe-Kocaeli
Turkey

Low Cycle Fatigue [S2] Tests with BMS Couplers [D32-40]

For the attention of: Mr Dogan Fatih Kucuk

8th March 2019

Laboratory Test Report No. 190030

Client's order No. To be advised

Client's project reference 1915 Canakkale Bridge-DLSY JV-Turkey.

Specimen Identification

Three mechanical splices in reinforcing bars to TS 708 grade B500C.

Splice type: BMS 40/32 Transitional
Splice markings: Splice ID (shown in table below)
Legibility of Batch ID: Good
Operator: [REDACTED]
Details of assembly: Not supplied

Specimens identified as in the table below:

Laboratory ID	Diameter (mm)	Cast No.	Splice ID
190030/1/1	40/32	1806410550/1811453650	BMS 40/32-N015
190030/1/2	40/32	1806410550/1811453650	BMS 40/32-N015
190030/1/3	40/32	1806410550/1811453650	BMS 40/32-N015

Tests conducted

Spliced assemblies tested according to the requirements of ISO 15835-2:2009 alternating tension and compression test of large strains in the mechanical splice (S2).

Note: ISO 15835-2:2009 incorrectly defines the slope S (Fig. 7). R-Tech Materials' documented in-house procedure corrects this anomaly.

Date of test 1st March 2019

Tested by I Miles

Report No. 190030
Page 1 of 4

Testing House, Kenfig Industrial Estate, Margam, Port Talbot, SA13 2PE, UK
T: +44 (0)1656 748 000 E: info@r-technomaterials.com W: www.r-technomaterials.com

Registered Office: R-TECH Services Ltd Registered Office: 22 Dany-Bryn Avenue, Radyr, Cardiff, CF15 8DD, UK
Company No. 4547830 VAT No. 800 789 50

**Mechanical splice tensile test results**

Specimen Identification	Splice Diameter/Length (mm)	Failure Load, Fm (kN)	Failure Stress, Rm (MPa)	U4 (mm)	U8 (mm)	Failure Location
190030/1/1	60/78	574.1	714	-0.042	0.013	32 mm bar, 136 mm from coupler
190030/1/2	60/78	558.7	695	0.063	0.125	32 mm bar, 78 mm from coupler
190030/1/3	60/78	563.9	701	0.118	0.182	32 mm bar, 110 mm from coupler

Extensometer gauge length used for measurement of strain was 400 mm.

Plots of load versus extension during the test are given in Appendix A to this report.

Statements of compliance

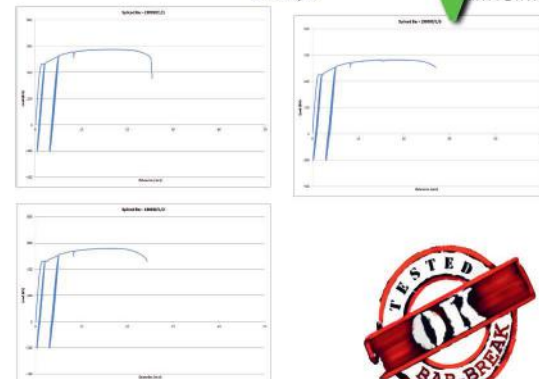
The mechanical splices tested met the S2 test requirements of ISO 15835-1:2009.

Test report authorised by:

[Signature]

Technical Manager

End of report



Report No. 190030
Page 2 of 4

Holmes Solutions

Low Cycle Fatigue [S2] Tests with BMS Couplers

Level 2, 25th Montreal Street
Christchurch Central 8013
PO Box 6718
Upper Riccarton, Christchurch 8142
holmessolutions.com

NAME OF TEST LABORATORY: Holmes Solutions LP
 NOMINAL BAR DIAMETER: 40mm and 32mm
 CUSTOMER REFERENCE: On behalf of BTMS, Istanbul, Turkey
 CLIENT REFERENCE: 1915 Canakkale Bridge DLSY JV-Turkey
 PRODUCT NAME: BMS Transitional Coupler
 REINFORCING STEEL CLASS: 5500C
 COUPLER BATCH NUMBER: BMS40-32
 STEEL CAST NUMBER: Not supplied
 TEST DESCRIPTION: Mechanical Splice, High Strain Low Cycle Fatigue Testing [S2 category]
 TESTING DATE: 20/02/2019
 GAUGE LENGTH (L): 250 mm ± 2 mm
 FREE LENGTH: 400mm
 TESTING STANDARDS: AS1391:2007, ISO 15835-1:2009 and ISO 15835-2:2009
 NOTES: Samples supplied by client. Couplers assembled as per client instructions. All samples aged at 100°C for 1 hr and then air cooled. The Tensile strength in the below chart refers to the 32mm bar only.

Low Cycle Fatigue NOM TO 32MM	u4 (mm)	u8 (mm)	Tensile Strength R _m (MPa)	Failure Location	Failure Type
Requirement (Min)	-	-	-	-	-
Requirement (Max)	0.3	0.6	-	-	-
Specimen 1	0.07	0.08	716	Outside Mechanical Splice	Ductile
Specimen 2	0.06	0.08	711	Outside Mechanical Splice	Ductile
Specimen 3	0.07	0.09	691	Outside Mechanical Splice	Ductile
AVERAGE	0.07	0.08	706	-	-

The results presented above are a true and accurate record obtained from the tested samples supplied by the client. This report shall not be reproduced except in full, without approval of this laboratory.

Checked By:

Holmes

Mechanical Splice Low Cycle S2 Test Certificate -
BMS Reducer coupler 40mm-32mm
Page 1 of 3

Figure 1: Load cycle diagram for specimen 1

Figure 2: Load cycle diagram for specimen 2

Figure 3: Load cycle diagram for specimen 3

Figure 4: Couplers after testing

Testing House: Koryu Industrial Estate, Margam, Port Talbot, SA13 9PE, UK
 Tel: +44 (0)1656 748 000 Fax: +44 (0)1656 870 130
 Email: info@r-techservices.co.uk Web: www.r-techservices.co.uk

R-TECH
SERVICES LIMITED

Boowon B.M.S. Co. Ltd.,
 31-15, Samsung-Dong,
 Gangnam-Gu,
 Seoul,
 135-867 Korea.

Low Cycle Fatigue [S2] Tests with BMS Couplers [D40]

28th January 2015

Laboratory Test Report No. 150073

Client's order No. BW-2015-01-001_Rev.01

Specimen identification

Two mechanical splices in grade B500B reinforcing bars.

Splice type: Boowon BMS 40 type A
 Splice markings: N0037-2 and N0037-3
 Legibility of Batch ID: Good
 Operator:
 Details of assembly: Date of assembly = 23rd January 2015
 Applied torque = 320 Nm
 Temperature during assembly = 17.5°C

Splice diameter: 60 mm
 Splice length: 86 mm

Specimens identified as in the table below:

R-Tech Reference	Testing Lab ID	Diameter (mm)	Cast No.	Splice ID	Coupler No.	Reinforcement No.
150073/1/2	BMS BB 40B	40	A197482	N0037-2	10	1 + 6
150073/1/3	BMS BB 40C	40	A197482	N0037-3	11	8 + 3

Photographs of the specimens before and after testing are attached to this report as Appendix B

Tests conducted

Spliced assemblies tested according to the requirements of ISO 15835-2:2009 alternating tension and compression test of large strains in the mechanical splice (S2).

Note: This test is outside the scope of the laboratory, and was sub-contracted to another laboratory.

Date of test: 23rd January 2015

Report No. 150073
 Page 1 of 9

Registered Office: 22 Dennyburn Avenue, Radnor, Cardiff, CF11 8DD, UK
 Company Registered No. 4547930
 VAT Registration No. 800 7819 00

Testing House: Koryu Industrial Estate, Margam, Port Talbot, SA13 9PE, UK
 Tel: +44 (0)1656 748 000 Fax: +44 (0)1656 870 130
 Email: info@r-techservices.co.uk Web: www.r-techservices.co.uk

R-TECH
SERVICES LIMITED

Mechanical splice S2 test results

Specimen Identification	Failure Load, F _m (kN)	Failure Stress, R _m (MPa)	U4 (mm)	U8 (mm)	Failure Location
150073/2/1	906	721	0.1	0.2	Parent bar 228mm from coupler
150073/2/2	899	715	0.2	0.3	Parent bar 106mm from coupler
Specification			≤0.3	≤0.6	≥80

Plots of load versus extension during the S2 test are given in Appendix A to this report.

Statement of compliance

The spliced assemblies tested met the requirements of the ISO 15835-1:2009 S2 test.

Test report authorised by:

Laboratory Manager

S2 test sample 150073/1/2

Appendix A

S2 test sample 150073/1/2

Testing House: Kenfig Industrial Estate, Margam, Port Talbot, SA13 2PE, UK
tel: +44 (0)1856 748 000 fax: +44 (0)1856 670 130
email: info@r-techservices.co.uk web: www.r-techservices.co.uk

R-TECH
SERVICES LIMITED

Low Cycle Fatigue [S2] Tests with BMS Couplers [D20]

Test conducted:
Mechanically spliced assemblies tensile tested to ISO 15835-2:2009, Section 5.2, 5.3 and 5.5.2
Category S2 requirements and reference bar tensile tested to ISO 15630-1:2009.

Samples are identified as in table below:

Laboratory Sample ID	Reinforcing bar size (mm)	Reinforcing bar cast No.	Splice batch ID(s)
140141/1/22	20	A197482	NO 019
140141/1/24	20	A197482	NO 019
140141/1/25	20	A197482	NO 019
140141/1/26	20	A197482	NO 019
140141/1/27	20	A197482	NO 019
140141/1/28	20	A197482	NO 019

RESULTS

Date(s) of test(s): 27th February 2014
Name of laboratory operator: R E Kemp

Reference bar test results

Laboratory sample ID	140141/1/62R
Extensometer Gauge Length (mm)	240
Area, nominal (mm ²)	314.2
Yield, 0.2% Proof Stress (Rp0.2) (MPa)	609
Tensile stress Rm (MPa)	726
Ratio of Rm/Rp	1.19
Elongation Agt (%)	6.7

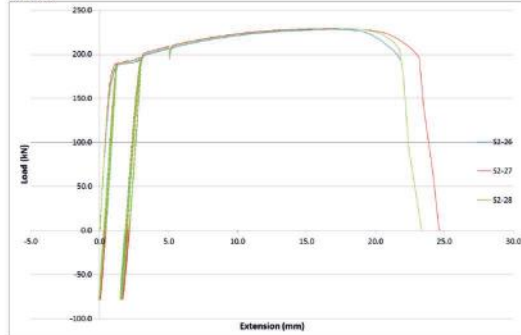
Mechanical splice test results

Boowon BMS 20

Laboratory Sample ID	140141/1/22	140141/1/24	140141/1/25
Extensometer Gauge Length (mm)	240	240	240
Option used for slip measurement (1 or 2)	1 and 2	1 and 2	1 and 2
Force used for upper limit in slip measurement (kN)	94.2	94.2	94.2
Slip measurement (mm)	Option 1 0.006 Option 2 0.027	0.022 0.035	-0.003 0.015
Maximum load achieved, F _{max} (kN)	229.3	230.6	230.8
Measured tensile strength, R _m (MPa)	730	734	735
R _m (%)	7.5	9.4	7.7
Location of failure	Outside splice length	Outside splice length	Outside splice length

Laboratory Sample ID	140141/1/26	140141/1/27	140141/1/28
Extensometer Gauge Length (mm)	240	240	240
Residual elongation after 4 cycles, u ₄ (mm)	0.073	0.050	0.127
Residual elongation after 8 cycles, u ₈ (mm)	0.130	0.100	0.195
Maximum load achieved, F _{max} (kN)	228.1	229.3	228.8
Measured tensile strength, R _m (MPa)	726	730	728
Location of failure	Outside splice length	Outside splice length	Outside splice length

S2 tests:



Summation of results / Statement of compliance

The results shown above indicate that the product complies with the requirements of ISO 15835-1:2009 Annex C with category B and category S2 classification.

Test report prepared by:

[Signature]

Development Engineer

Test report authorised by:

[Signature]

Laboratory Manager

End of report



Report No. 140141 Issue 2

11th February 2016

High Cycle Fatigue Tests with BMS Couplers [D25 & D32]

Laboratory Test Report No. 160088

Client's order No. 19534 Client's project No. 2370

Client's report No. 16594 Client's reference No. 28966

Specimens supplied by Boowon BMS Co. Ltd., Chungju, Korea.

Specimen identification

Three (3) off 16 mm Ø QST mechanically spliced reinforcing bar specimens to BS 4449:2005 grade B500B approximately 1 m in length.

Splice Type: Boowon BMS 16 mm 'Type B'

Fatigue test results

Fatigue class D – Stress ratio = 0.2

Specimen Identification	Bar ID No.	Stress Range (MPa)	No of Cycles X10 ³	Frequency (Hz)	Position of Failure	Comments
160088/1/1	1	89	3.5	114	n/a	Test stopped at 3.5 x 10 ³ cycles
160088/1/2	2	135	1.0	112	n/a	Test stopped at 1.0 x 10 ³ cycles
160088/1/3	3	170	0.5	114	n/a	Test stopped at 0.5 x 10 ³ cycles

Statement of compliance

This batch of specimens complied with the 'D class' fatigue requirements of CARES Appendix TA1-A Issue 4.

Laboratory Test Report No. 160089

Client's order No. 19534 Client's project No. 2370

Client's report No. 16594 Client's reference No. 28967

Specimens supplied by Boowon BMS Co. Ltd., Chungju, Korea.

Specimen identification

Three (3) off 32 mm Ø QST mechanically spliced reinforcing bar specimens to BS 4449:2005 grade B500B approximately 1 m in length.

Splice Type: Boowon BMS 32 mm 'Type B'

Fatigue test results

Fatigue class D – Stress ratio = 0.2

Specimen Identification	Bar ID No.	Stress Range (MPa)	No of Cycles X10 ³	Frequency (Hz)	Position of Failure	Comments
160089/1/1	1	89	3.5	119	n/a	Test stopped at 3.5 x 10 ³ cycles
160089/1/2	2	135	1.0	120	n/a	Test stopped at 1.0 x 10 ³ cycles
160089/1/3	3	170	0.5	119	n/a	Test stopped at 0.5 x 10 ³ cycles

Statement of compliance

This batch of specimens complied with the 'D class' fatigue requirements of CARES Appendix TA1-A Issue 4.

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tel: +44 (0)1856 748 000 fax: +44 (0)1856 670 130
email: info@r-techservices.co.uk web: www.r-techservices.co.uk

R-TECH
SERVICES LIMITED

UK CARES,
Pembroke House,
21, Pembroke Road,
Sevenoaks,
Kent,
TN13 1XR.

For the attention of: Mr Peter Roughley

3rd February 2016

High Cycle Fatigue Tests with BMS Couplers [D40]

Laboratory Test Report No. 160090

Client's order No. 19534 Client's project No. 2370

Client's report No. 16594 Client's reference No. 28968

Specimens supplied by Boowon BMS Co. Ltd., Chungju, Korea.

Specimen identification

Three (3) off 40 mm Ø QST mechanically spliced reinforcing bar specimens to BS 4449:2005 grade B500B approximately 1 m in length.

Splice Type: Boowon BMS 40 mm 'Type B'

Fatigue test results

Fatigue class D – Stress ratio = 0.2

Specimen Identification	Bar ID No.	Stress Range (MPa)	No of Cycles X10 ³	Frequency (Hz)	Position of Failure	Comments
160090/1/1	1	89	3.5	126	n/a	Test stopped at 3.5 x 10 ³ cycles
160090/1/2	2	135	1.0	127	n/a	Test stopped at 1.0 x 10 ³ cycles
160090/1/3	3	170	0.5	123	n/a	Test stopped at 0.5 x 10 ³ cycles

Statement of compliance

This batch of specimens complied with the 'D class' fatigue requirements of CARES Appendix TA1-A Issue 4.

Test report authorised by:

[Signature]

Laboratory Manager

End of report

The World's Tallest !

BURJ KHALIFA-UAE



The World's Longest



CANAKKALE BRIDGE



Istanbul's 3rd Bosphorus Bridge

Longest Concrete Bridge of Türkiye !



Lotte Tower Seoul



The Longest Bridge of Korea !

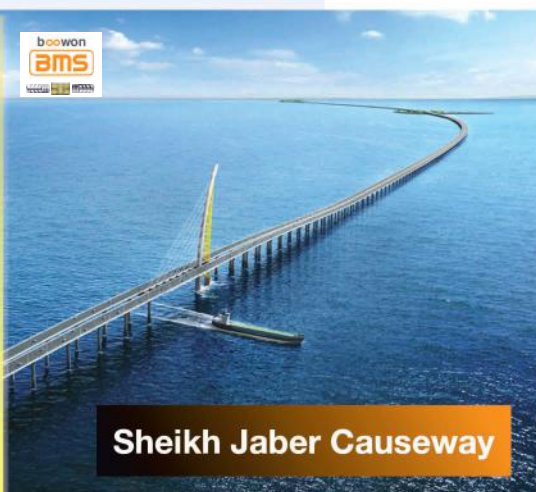
Incheon Bridge



Marine Sands



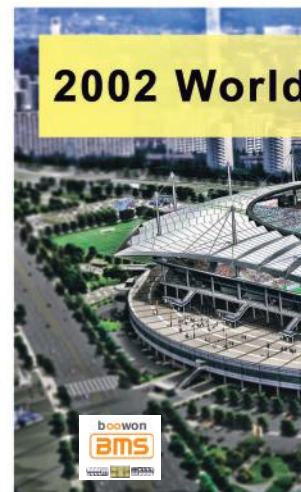
The Monumental Structure of Kuwait !



Sheikh Jaber Causeway



2002 World





Central Bank, Azerbaijan



MOT Tower, Azerbaijan



US Embassy, Ankara



Vakıf Tower, Istanbul



Komurhan Bridge



Marmara Highway



Bomonti Tower, Izmir



Qatar-Qatara Tower



Qatar-Lusail Plaza



Qatar-Dream Hotel



Qatar-Nakilat Shipyard



Qatar-Military Hospital



Qatar-Mushareb Road



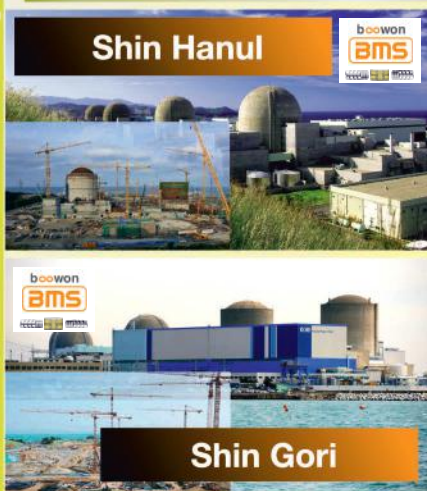
Seoul's Metro



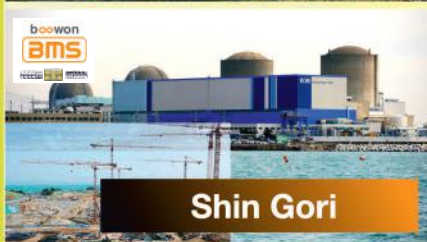
Machang Bridge, Korea



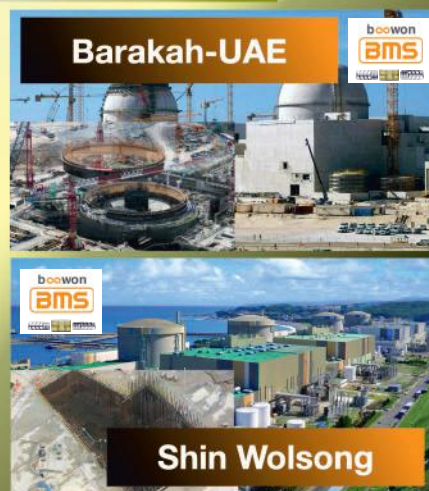
Nuclear Power Plant Projects supplied by Boowon BMS



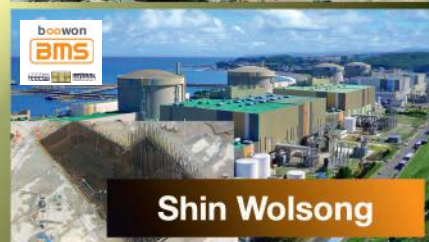
Shin Hanul



Shin Gori



Barakah-UAE



Shin Wolsong

Legend: MOF - Mode of Failure
BB - Bar Break clear of splice & Grips

The collage consists of several overlapping documents:

- Top Left:** A document from SBC (South Building Corporation) dated 14/01/2023, titled "Early Works Package (EWP) for Lusal Plaza Towers (BP12) - Plot 3 (BP12C)". It includes a table with columns for Item, Description, Quantity, Unit, and Rate.
- Top Center:** A document from dar (Dar Engineering) dated 14/01/2023, titled "Material Approval Submission for Mechanical Splicing Couplers". It includes a table with columns for Item, Description, Quantity, Unit, and Rate.
- Top Right:** A document from SBC dated 14/01/2023, titled "Material Approval Submission for Mechanical Splicing Couplers". It includes a table with columns for Item, Description, Quantity, Unit, and Rate.
- Middle Left:** A document from dar dated 14/01/2023, titled "Material Approval Submission for Mechanical Splicing Couplers". It includes a table with columns for Item, Description, Quantity, Unit, and Rate.
- Middle Center:** A document from dar dated 14/01/2023, titled "Material Approval Submission for Mechanical Splicing Couplers". It includes a table with columns for Item, Description, Quantity, Unit, and Rate.
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- Bottom Left:** A document from dar dated 14/01/2023, titled "Material Approval Submission for Mechanical Splicing Couplers". It includes a table with columns for Item, Description, Quantity, Unit, and Rate.
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- Bottom Right:** A document from dar dated 14/01/2023, titled "Material Approval Submission for Mechanical Splicing Couplers". It includes a table with columns for Item, Description, Quantity, Unit, and Rate.

Tensile Tests [BTMS Coupler with S600 Qatar Steel Bars]

Arab Center for Engineering Studies (ACES)
Street No.41, Industrial Road, Doha - QATAR

TENSILE TEST REPORT

Customer Name :	HEB CONTRACTING COMPANY	Sample Number :	1399_2019.05.04
Test Type :	10184	Date :	27/05/2019 11:18 AM
Steel Grade :	S600	Test Type :	Tensile
Test No. :		Test No. :	
Input Data		Output Data	
Specimen Shape :	1 Solid Round	Load At Yield :	1589.176 kN
Specimen Type :	HEB Steel	Displacement At Yield :	14.343 mm
Specimen Description :	1 HE800 COUPLER	Yield Stress :	1725.086 MPa
Specimen Diameter :	1 33 mm	Load At Peak :	1662.972 kN
Initial G.L. For % Elong :	1 500 mm	Displacement At Peak :	155.296 mm
Pre Load Value :	1 0 kN	Tensile Strength :	1662.963 kN
Max Load :	1 1230 kN	Load At Break :	15.005 kN
Max. Elongation :	1 230 mm	Elongation At Break :	174.895 mm
Specimen Cross Section Area :	1 406.247 mm ²	VELOCITY :	10.844 mm/s

Load Vs. Cross Head Travel

CHT (mm)	Load (kN)
0	0
10	10
20	50
30	150
40	350
50	600
60	1000
70	1400
80	1550
90	1600
100	1650
110	1660
120	1660
130	1660
140	1660
150	1660
155	1663
160	1600
170	1000
175	0

TENSILE TEST REPORT

Customer Name :	HEB CONTRACTING COMPANY	Sample Number :	1399_2019.05.04
Test Type :	10184	Date :	27/05/2019 11:18 AM
Steel Grade :	S600	Test Type :	Tensile
Test No. :		Test No. :	
Input Data		Output Data	
Specimen Shape :	1 Solid Round	Load At Yield :	1551.396 kN
Specimen Type :	HEB Steel	Displacement At Yield :	13.748 mm
Specimen Description :	1 HE800 COUPLER	Yield Stress :	1654.749 MPa
Specimen Diameter :	1 33 mm	Load At Peak :	1662.916 kN
Initial G.L. For % Elong :	1 500 mm	Displacement At Peak :	176.255 mm
Pre Load Value :	1 0 kN	Tensile Strength :	1662.942 kN
Max Load :	1 1230 kN	Load At Break :	15.005 kN
Max. Elongation :	1 230 mm	Elongation At Break :	167.895 mm
Specimen Cross Section Area :	1 406.247 mm ²	VELOCITY :	10.844 mm/s

Load Vs. Cross Head Travel

CHT (mm)	Load (kN)
0	0
10	10
20	50
30	150
40	350
50	600
60	1000
70	1400
80	1550
90	1600
100	1650
110	1660
120	1660
130	1660
140	1660
150	1660
160	1660
170	1660
176	1663
180	1600
190	0

Size: #6(D19), #7(D22), #8(D25), #9(D29), #10(D32), & #11(D36)mm

BMS COUPLERS with ASTM 615 Grade 60

STANDARD OF ACI 318 TEST REPORT

This test is intend to comprehend whether the BMS(Bar-Coupler Mechanical Splice System) using ASTM A615 Grade 60 reinforcing bar was built meet the ACI 318 Mechanical splices test requirement. For satisfying this requirement, Boo Won BMS examines the series of test(static tensile tests)

ACI 318 [12.14.3.2] test requirement

A full mechanical splice shall develop in tension or compression, as required, at least 125% of the bar.

[Table 1.1] The general tabulation of the test result

Specimen	Distinguishment	sort of test	Coupler's condition after finishing test	Min/Max of each $\frac{f_u}{f_y}$ (%)
#6 [D19]	Static tensile strength test	OK	✓	165 (166) OK
#7 [D22]	Static tensile strength test	OK	✓	169 (169) OK
#8 [D25]	Static tensile strength test	OK	✓	165 (171) OK
#9 [D29]	Static tensile strength test	OK	✓	162 (163) OK
#10 [D32]	Static tensile strength test	OK	✓	161 (166) OK
#11 [D36]	Static tensile strength test	OK	✓	169 (170) OK
Note	The coupler whether it is damaged or not		More than 125% is OK	

5. Test Results

Test Items	Unit	Sample	Test Results	Test method used
Tensile strength (Sample No:BH-BT11-S-1)	N/mm ²	1	713	
Yield strength (Sample No:BH-BT11-S-1)	N/mm ²	1	502	
Elongation (Sample No:BH-BT11-S-1)	%	1	10	
Tensile strength (Sample No:BH-BT11-S-2)	N/mm ²	2	710	
Yield strength (Sample No:BH-BT11-S-2)	N/mm ²	2	493	
Elongation (Sample No:BH-BT11-S-2)	%	2	8	
Tensile strength (Sample No:BH-BT11-S-3)	N/mm ²	3	710	
Yield strength (Sample No:BH-BT11-S-3)	N/mm ²	3	496	
Elongation (Sample No:BH-BT11-S-3)	%	3	8	

* This "Test Report" is related to the project (Contract No. 부경-C-12-001)

* BMS : Bar-Coupler mechanical splice system

--- continued on the next page ---

Affirmation	Tested by	Technical Manager
	박승현	서정

Our report apply only to the standard or procedures identify and to the sample(s) tested unless otherwise specified. The test results are not indicative of representative of the qualities of the lot from which the sample was taken or of apparently identical or similar products.

Korea Conformity Laboratories President Jae Bop Song

BMS COUPLERS with ASTM 615 Grade 60

STANDARD OF ACI 349 TEST REPORT

This test is intend to comprehend whether the BMS(Bar-Coupler Mechanical Splice System) using ASTM A615 Grade 60 reinforcing bar was built meet the ACI 349 Mechanical splices test requirement. For satisfying this requirement, Boo Won BMS examines the series of test(cyclic tensile test, stain test)

ACI 349 [12.14.3.4.1] test requirement

Mechanical connections shall be qualified for use in the construction on the basis of the following performance tests

(a) Static Tensile Strength Tests - A minimum of six static tensile strength tests shall be conducted considering the range of variabilities in splicing material, in material of reinforcing bars and in the anticipated environmental conditions. All test samples shall meet the requirement of 12.14.3.4

12.14.3.4 A full mechanical connection shall develop in tension or compression, as required, at least 125% of specified yield strength f_y of the bar.

(b) Cyclic Tests - Three specimens of the bar-to-bar connection for each reinforcing bar size and grade shall be subjected to 100 cycles of tensile stress variations from 5 to 95% of the specified minimum yield strength of the reinforcing bar. The specimens shall withstand the cyclic test without loss of static tensile strength capacity when compared with like specimen in (a) and tested statically to failure following cyclic tests.

[Table 1.1] The cyclic tensile test of the test result

Specimen	Distinguishment	sort of test	Coupler's condition after finishing test	The cyclic tensile test	Min/Max of each $\frac{f_u}{f_y}$ (%)
#6[D19]	The cyclic tensile test	OK	✓	No abnormal phenomenon after loading 100 times cyclic load	165 (166) OK
#7[D22]	The cyclic tensile test	OK	✓	No abnormal phenomenon after loading 100 times cyclic load	169 (170) OK
#8[D25]	The cyclic tensile test	OK	✓	No abnormal phenomenon after loading 100 times cyclic load	165 (172) OK
#9[D29]	The cyclic tensile test	OK	✓	No abnormal phenomenon after loading 100 times cyclic load	162 (162) OK
#10[D32]	The cyclic tensile test	OK	✓	No abnormal phenomenon after loading 100 times cyclic load	162 (166) OK
#11[D36]	The cyclic tensile test	OK	✓	No abnormal phenomenon after loading 100 times cyclic load	169 (170) OK
Note	The coupler whether it is damaged or not		No abnormal phenomenon after loading 100 times cyclic load OK		More than 125% is OK

3. Use of Report : The certification test for BMS

4. Test Sample : BMS (#10)

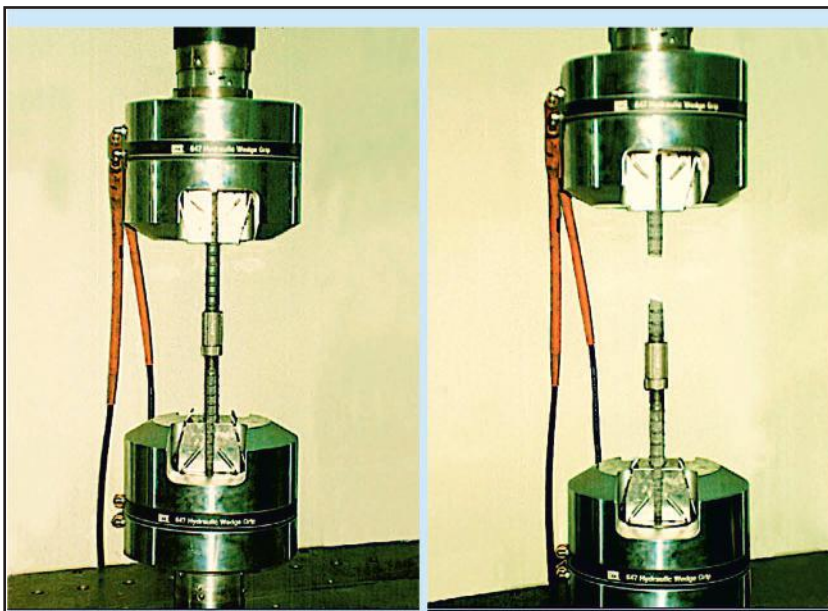
5. Test Results

Test Items	Unit	Sample	Test Results	Test method used
Tensile strength (Sample No:BH-BT10-C-1)	N/mm ²	1	680	
Yield strength (Sample No:BH-BT10-C-1)	N/mm ²	1	460	
Elongation (Sample No:BH-BT10-C-1)	%	1	9	
Tensile strength (Sample No:BH-BT10-C-2)	N/mm ²	2	695	
Yield strength (Sample No:BH-BT10-C-2)	N/mm ²	2	465	
Elongation (Sample No:BH-BT10-C-2)	%	2	9	
Tensile strength (Sample No:BH-BT10-C-3)	N/mm ²	3	696	
Yield strength (Sample No:BH-BT10-C-3)	N/mm ²	3	468	
Elongation (Sample No:BH-BT10-C-3)	%	3	11	

* This "Test Report" is related to the project (Contract No. 부경-C-12-001)

* BMS : Bar-Coupler mechanical splice system

--- End of Report ---



BMS Couplers have been tested to ACI 318, (ICC-ES), ACI 349 & 359 Nuclear codes with ASTM bars, passing the requirements of Type-2 (which is less demanding than the one of ISO 15835-1 S2)

ASTM A 615 & ASTM A706 Grade 60, 75 & 80 Grade Bars (ASTM #3, #4, #5, #6, #8, #9, #10, #16, #18 inches)

Building Codes	ACI 318 Type I & Type II	
	Strength	Slip
Criterion	Type 1=125% * specified yield strength; Type 2= T1+specified tensile strength.	N/A
	18.2.7.1 Mechanical splices shall be classified as (a) or (b): (a) Type 1 - Mechanical splice conforming to 25.5.7 (b) Type 2 - Mechanical splice conforming to 25.5.7 and capable of developing the specified tensile strength of the spliced bars	
Certification per Third Party Tests	Tests & Field Applications	

시험성적서

BMS Weldable Coupler Tests

1. 성적서 번호 : CT20-105681K

BMS WELDABLE COUPLER

[KS D 0249-2019]

(Weldable)	시험항목	단위	시험방법	시험결과	비고	시험장소
D16 (SD400 GRADE BAR):	인장강도 (Tensile Strength)	N/mm ²	(1)	567	-	A
	항복강도 (Yield Strength)	N/mm ²	(1)	458		
D25 (SD400 GRADE BAR):	인장강도 (Tensile Strength)	N/mm ²	(1)	598	-	A
	항복강도 (Yield Strength)	N/mm ²	(1)	456		
D32 (SD400 GRADE BAR):	인장강도 (Tensile Strength)	N/mm ²	(1)	584	-	A
	항복강도 (Yield Strength)	N/mm ²	(1)	453		
D19 (SD500 GRADE BAR):	인장강도 (Tensile Strength)	N/mm ²	(1)	680	-	A
	항복강도 (Yield Strength)	N/mm ²	(1)	561		
D22 (SD500 GRADE BAR):	인장강도 (Tensile Strength)	N/mm ²	(1)	713	-	A
	항복강도 (Yield Strength)	N/mm ²	(1)	543		
D22 (SD600 GRADE BAR):	인장강도 (Tensile Strength)	N/mm ²	(1)	758	-	A
	항복강도 (Yield Strength)	N/mm ²	(1)	650		
D25 (SD600 GRADE BAR):	인장강도 (Tensile Strength)	N/mm ²	(1)	768	-	A
	항복강도 (Yield Strength)	N/mm ²	(1)	666		
D29 (SD600 GRADE BAR):	인장강도 (Tensile Strength)	N/mm ²	(1)	761	-	A
	항복강도 (Yield Strength)	N/mm ²	(1)	643		

2020년 09월 18일

한국건설시험연구원

TEST REPORT

[BMS Weldable Coupler]

SETSCO SERVICES PTE LTD

18 Toban Gardens Crescent
Singapore 608925
Tel : (65) 6566 7777
Fax : (65) 6566 7719
Website: www.setsco.com
Business Reg. No. 1969002890

Results: Table : Tension Load Test

Sample Reference	Mechanical Spliced Reinforcement Steel Bars (Ironman BMS Weldable Coupler)	
	T32	T40
Nominal Size (mm) #	32.0	40.0
Nominal Cross-sectional Area, S _o (mm ²)	804.25	1256.64
Maximum Load, P (kN)	528.3	782.8
(P × 1000) / S _o (N / mm ²)	656.9	622.9
Position of Fracture	Fractured at the reinforcement steel bar	

* Based on client's sample reference.

Photograph 1 show samples submitted

Photograph 2 show tested samples

시험성적서

TEST REPORT

BMS Weldable Coupler Tests

Reference No. R081007-BU034 Date 2008년 10월 07일

Client: (주)부원비엔에스 조경영 BOOWON B.M.S

Address: 충북 충주시 용단동 590 제2산업단지

Test Specimen: 철근 이음 용접용 커플러 (SD400) BMS Weldable Coupler (SD400)

시험결과

Test Item 시험항목	시험결과 Test Result				Test Method 시험방법
	D25	D29	D32	D35	
Tensile Strength 인장강도 (N/mm ²)	687	663	696	633	KS B 0802 - 2003
Yield Strength 항복점 (N/mm ²)	565	525	519	529	

Reference No. R081007-BU033 Date 2008년 10월 07일

Client: (주)부원비엔에스 조경영 BOOWON B.M.S

Address: 충북 충주시 용단동 590 제2산업단지

Test Specimen: 철근 이음 용접용 커플러 (SD400) BMS Weldable Coupler (SD400)

시험결과

Test Item 시험항목	시험결과 Test Result				Test Method 시험방법
	D16	D19	D22	D25	
Tensile Strength 인장강도 (N/mm ²)	608	591	569	589	KS B 0802 - 2003
Yield Strength 항복점 (N/mm ²)	509	477	427	494	

비고: 1. 이 성적서는 의뢰자가 제시한 시료 및 시료명대로 시험한 결과이며, 용도 이외의 사용을 금합니다.
2. 이 성적서는 한국건설시험연구원의 시험 시연용 시료가 용도-전환, 영고 및 소용량으로 사용될 수 없습니다.

담당자: 이옥원 (055)371-2140

2008년 10월 14일

Korea Conformity Laboratories

한국건설시험연구원

(부산·울산·경남지점, 주소: 626-810 경남 창원시 마산합포구 934-6, 전화번호: 055-371-2140, www.kclm.net)

Professional Testing Services Pte Ltd

32 Kian Teck Road, Singapore 628778
Tel: 6778 1271 (5 Lines) Fax: 6779 3521 Email: sales@ptspl.com
Website: http://www.ptspl.com Co. Reg No.: 007741985-K

BMS Weldable Coupler Tests

TEST REPORT

Laboratory Test No: PTS / 47368 / 12 Date Tested: 21 February 2012

Customer: Preshoon Couplers Pte Ltd
57 Ubi Avenue 1
#03-10 Ubi Centre
Singapore 408936

P.O./Order No: --- Total Page: 1 Page

Test Method: BS EN 10002-1:2001 Your Ref: Project: SS-01 (Hyundai Kingpost)

Reference Code: Customer's Specification

Date of Receipt of Test Items: 20 February 2012 / JN 37294

Subject (as received):

Two (2) pieces of steel weldable threaded coupler (size: D25, 38mm OD x 23.4mm screw ID x 2 nos), Material: KS D 3592 / JIS G3539 / JIS G3507 welded on steel plate surface (thickness: 50mm) both side threaded with T25 reinforcement steel bar test samples, marked: Sample 1 & Sample 2, for Tensile Test.

Tensile Test Results: Test Temperature: +23°C to +30°C

Sample Marking	Nominal Cross Sectional Area (mm ²)	Ultimate Tensile Load (kN)	Ultimate Tensile Stress (N/mm ²)	Location of Fracture
Sample 1	491	318.51	649	Broke at the T25 reinforcement steel bar non threaded portion
Sample 2	491	318.78	649	Broke at the T25 reinforcement steel bar non threaded portion

Photo 1: Fracture Specimen after tensile

Test Conducted By: [Signature]

Test Witnessed By: Mr. [Signature]
Mr. [Signature]
Mr. [Signature]
Mr. [Signature]

Remarks: 1 -

Approved Signatory: [Signature]
Laboratory Manager

Form No: GENERAL/09/03/01
The results reported herein have been performed in accordance with the Laboratory's terms of accreditation under Singapore Laboratory Accreditation Scheme. The report shall not be re-issued/used in full, without the written approval of the Laboratory.

3RD PARTY TESTS [TESTS WITH BMS TERMINATORS]

ACI STRUCTURAL JOURNAL TECHNICAL PAPER

MS No. S-2016-027

Side-Face Blowout Failure of Large-Diameter High-Strength Headed Bars [with Boo Won B.M.S. Terminators] in Beam-Column Joints

by Sung-Chul Chun, Chang-Sik Choi, and Hyung-Suk Jung

The provisions of ACI 318 on headed bars have several limitations on the bar yield strength, cover, and effects of transverse reinforcement. Anchorage strengths significantly depend on failure modes and geometric conditions where headed bars are anchored. Twenty-seven simulated beam-column joints were tested using 550 MPa (80 ksi) headed bars of 43 and 57 mm (No. 14 and 18) diameter. Intentional side-face blowout failure occurred by preventing the other failure modes. As the embedment length and side cover increase, the anchorage strength also increases. Helix-type transverse reinforcement enhanced the strength. The 550 MPa (80 ksi) yield strength of large-diameter headed bars could be developed even with a 1d_s side cover by providing helix-type transverse reinforcement, increasing the embedment length, or increasing the compressive strength of concrete. From regression analyses of 59 sets of data, a model is proposed for predicting the anchorage strength of headed bars terminated within exterior beam-column joints.

Keywords: exterior beam-column joint; headed bar; reinforcement; side-face blowout.

INTRODUCTION
According to ACI 318-14,¹ the development length of headed bars is equal to 80 percent of that used for hooks, provided that headed bars meet the requirements of Class HA leads in ASTM A970-15.² In addition, the following conditions must be satisfied: the net bearing area of

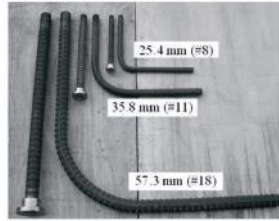


Fig. 1—No. 8, 11, and 18 reinforcing bars.

42 MPa (6000 psi) have also increased. For large-diameter headed bars of 43 and 57 mm (No. 14 and 18), the minimum side cover of 2d_s is larger than the minimum cover of 40 mm (1.5 in.). Moreover, transverse reinforcement is believed to be effective for the anchorage of headed bars because the confinement by transverse reinforcement limits the progres-

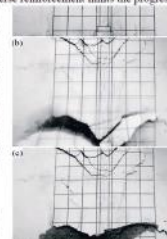


Fig. 3—Typical specimen failure. (a) Specimen BMS32T-0016. (b) Specimen BMS36T-0007. (c) Specimen BMS32T-0016.

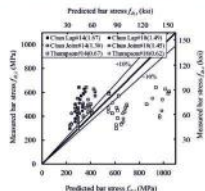


Fig. 2—Comparison of measured bar stress with predictions. (Note: Values in parentheses are averages of tests in parentheses.)

authors wish to thank Boo Won B.M.S. Co., Ltd., Korea, for providing the headed bars used in the tests.

REFERENCES

1. ACI Committee 318, "Building Code Requirements for Structural Concrete (ACI 318-14) and Commentary (ACI 318R-14)," American Concrete Institute, Farmington Hills, Ill., 2014, 539 pp.
2. ASTM A970/A970M-15, "Standard Specification for Headed Steel Bars for Concrete Reinforcement," ASTM International, West Conshohocken, PA, 2015, 9 pp.
3. Thompson, M. K.; Zia, M. J.; Jiro, J. O.; and Breen, J. E., "CCT Nodes Anchored by Headed Bars—Part I: Behavior of Nodes," *ACI Structural Journal*, Vol. 90, No. 3, March 1997, pp. 390–404.

APPENDIX A

Table A—Comparison of tests with predictions

Specimen ID	f_{uP} (ksi)	f_{uP}/f_{uT}	
		Bar 1	Bar 2
This study			
D43-L-7-C1-S42	353 (54.3)	0.84	0.93
D43-L-7-C1-S42-4P0.5	424 (65.2)	1.06	0.91
D43-L-7-C1-S42-4P0.5	471 (68.4)	1.10	1.10



İSTANBUL TEKNİK ÜNİVERSİTESİ – İNŞAAT FAKÜLTESİ
YAPI MALZEMESİ LABORATUVARI
34469 MASLAK / İSTANBUL TEL: (0212) 285 3757-58 FAX: (0212) 285 6587



Manşonlu Birleşim Çekme Deneyi
Rapor no/Tarih: 401/16.05.2014
Başvuru No/Tarih: 2143/16.05.2014

TAV-SERA YAPI

İlgili dilekçeniz ile birlikte laboratuvarımıza teslim ettiğiniz ve dilekçenizde "Emaar Square Projesi"nde kullanılması planlandığını belirttiğiniz BMS marka, "Bar Anchor Terminator tip" manşon plaka ile birleştirilmiş muhtelif çaplı nervürlü çelik çubukları üzerinde çekme-syrılma deneyi yapılmıştır.

Tablo 1. Manşonlu birleşimler üzerinde yapılan çekme deneyi sonuçları.

Numune Tanıtım	Anma Çapı (mm)	Manşon Birleşimi	Akma Dayanımı (kN)	Akma Dayanımı (MPa)	Çekme Dayanımı (kN)	Çekme Dayanımı (MPa)	Gözlem
1	Φ22	Manşon	177,6	467	213,9	563	Manşonlu birleşimin kopması çelik çubukta meydana gelmiştir.
2			176,6	465	214,8	565	
3			186,4	490	221,7	583	
4	Φ26	Manşon	250,2	471	302,1	569	
5			248,2	467	294,3	554	
6			254,1	479	311,0	586	
7	Φ32	Manşon	364,9	454	482,7	600	
8			365,9	455	482,7	600	
9			362,0	450	477,7	594	

Not: Numune tanıtımı firma tarafından beyan edilmiştir.

İnşaat Mühendisi

Doç. Dr. Yapi Malzemesi/Laboratuvar Sorumlusu



İ.T.Ü. İSTANBUL TEKNİK ÜNİVERSİTESİ REKTÖRLÜĞÜ
İNŞAAT FAKÜLTESİ DEKANLIĞI
MASLAK, İSTANBUL

Kayıt No/Tarih: 379568 /29.03.2018

Test with BMS Terminators [D28, D32, D36]

BTMS Mekanik Yapı Elemanları San. Ve Tic. A.Ş.

Terminator Tip Sonlandırma Manşonunun Çekme-Syrılma Deneyleri Hakkında Hazırlanan

TEKNİK RAPOR



Bu Rapor İTÜ Doner Sermaye İşletmesi Yönetmeliğine Göre Hazırlanmıştır.

BTMS MECHANICAL CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT

According to your application letter dated 28.03.2018, tensile / pull-out tests were performed on the mechanical anchor couplers which are connected to rebar samples. It was stated in your application letter that the couplers are planned to be used in "Consulate Building Project in Ankara" which is constructed by [redacted]. Tests were performed according to ASTM C900. The results are shown in below.

Sample Identification

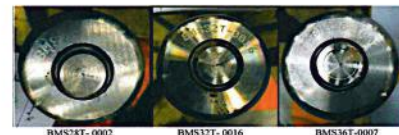


Table 1. Dimensions

Sample Code	Nominal Rebar Diameter (mm)	d _s (mm)	t _s (mm)	h (mm)	d _c (mm)
BMS28T-0002	28	64,8	10,41	32,7	43,1
BMS32T-0016	32	72,0	10,26	35,1	48,0
BMS36T-0007	36	79,0	12,29	37,6	51,0

Table 2. Test Results

Sample Code	Nominal Rebar Diameter (mm)	Max Load (kN)	Tensile Strength (MPa)	Result/Observations
BMS28T-0002	Φ28	397,1	645	BAR BREAK (Samples did not fail from the couples)
BMS32T-0016	Φ32	564,6	702	
BMS36T-0007	Φ36	692,5	680	



Samples after testing

Civil Engineer, M.Sc.

Associate Prof. Dr. ITU Faculty of Civil Engineering Construction Materials Division

the way to trust **KCL**

TEST REPORT

1. No : CT15-027747_M1
 2. Client :
 ○ Name : BOONON B.M.S
 ○ Address : 165, Chungju-sandan 2-ro, Chungju-City, Chungbuk, Korea
 ○ Date of Receipt : 2015.03.02
 ○ TESTING PERIOD : 2015.03.02 ~ 2015.03.18
 3. Use of Report : Quality Assurance
 4. Test Sample : BMS Terminator-S0500
 5. Method :
 (1) KS B 0802:2003

Reissuance (R1)
 Date : 2015.06.03

Modification (M1)
 Date : 2015.03.24

TESTED OK BAR-BREAK

6. Test Results

1) D22

Test Item(s)	Unit	Test method	Test Results	Testing Environment
Tensile strength	N/mm ²	(1)	641	(22 ± 1) °C, (18 ± 2) % R.H
Yield Strength	N/mm ²	(1)	528	(22 ± 1) °C, (18 ± 2) % R.H

2) D25

Test Item(s)	Unit	Test method	Test Results	Testing Environment
Tensile strength	N/mm ²	(1)	688	(22 ± 1) °C, (18 ± 2) % R.H
Yield Strength	N/mm ²	(1)	572	(22 ± 1) °C, (18 ± 2) % R.H

3) D29

Test Item(s)	Unit	Test method	Test Results	Testing Environment
Tensile strength	N/mm ²	(1)	695	(22 ± 1) °C, (18 ± 2) % R.H
Yield Strength	N/mm ²	(1)	618	(22 ± 1) °C, (18 ± 2) % R.H

4) D32

Test Item(s)	Unit	Test method	Test Results	Testing Environment
Tensile strength	N/mm ²	(1)	684	(22 ± 1) °C, (18 ± 2) % R.H
Yield Strength	N/mm ²	(1)	544	(22 ± 1) °C, (18 ± 2) % R.H

*Used in the calculation of the strength of the joint cross-sectional area specified in the KS D 3504 uses a nominal cross-sectional area

--- End of Report ---

Affirmation
 Tested By : [Signature]
 Name : [Name]
 Technical Manager : [Signature]
 Name : [Name]

2015.03.18
 Korea Conformity Laboratories President

PASSED

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TEST REPORT

No : CT19-068684

7. TEST RESULTS

1) BMS32 Terminators & Standard Couplers with ASTM A706 Grade 80 rebars

Test Item(s)	Unit	Test Method	Test Results	Remark
Tensile strength	N/mm ²	(1)	771	-

2) BMS25-B1-01

Test Item(s)	Unit	Test Method	Test Results	Remark
Tensile strength	N/mm ²	(1)	774	-

3) BMS25-B1-02

Test Item(s)	Unit	Test Method	Test Results	Remark
Tensile strength	N/mm ²	(1)	750	-

4) BMS25-B1-03

Test Item(s)	Unit	Test Method	Test Results	Remark
Tensile strength	N/mm ²	(1)	774	-

5) BMS25-B1-04

Test Item(s)	Unit	Test Method	Test Results	Remark
Tensile strength	N/mm ²	(1)	774	-

6) BMS25-B1-01

Test Item(s)	Unit	Test Method	Test Results	Remark
Tensile strength	N/mm ²	(1)	750	-
Elongation	%	(1)	19	-

7) BMS25-B1-02

Test Item(s)	Unit	Test Method	Test Results	Remark
Tensile strength	N/mm ²	(1)	777	-
Elongation	%	(1)	15	-

*Manufacturer : BOONON B.M.S
 *Project Name : Chacao Bridge Construction Project / Chile

6) BMS25-B1-01

Test Item(s)	Unit	Test Method	Test Results	Remark
Tensile strength	N/mm ²	(1)	750	-
Elongation	%	(1)	19	-

7) BMS25-B1-02

Test Item(s)	Unit	Test Method	Test Results	Remark
Tensile strength	N/mm ²	(1)	777	-
Elongation	%	(1)	15	-

*Manufacturer : BOONON B.M.S
 *Project Name : Chacao Bridge Construction Project / Chile
 *Contractor : HUNDAI ENGINEERING & CONSTRUCTION
 *Steel bar : Steel bars in accordance with ASTM A706/706M Grade 80(25 mm) / Cross-sectional area - 510 mm²
 *Joint Type : (2,3,4,5)- TYPE B / (6,7)-TYPE A
 *Test Evaluation : (2,3,4,5) **ACI 318 Type 2** / (6,7)- **ASTM A 970 Class**
 *Dimension : Coupler (2,3,4,5) / Ext. Diameter(D) - 38mm, Length(L) - 58mm
 Terminator (6,7) / Ext. Diameter(D) - 63mm, Ext. Diameter(D1) - 38mm
 Length(L) - 29mm

--- End of Report ---

TESTED OK BAR-BREAK

ITÜ **ISTANBUL TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY** **RECTORSHIP**

EARTHQUAKE ENGINEERING AND DISASTER MANAGEMENT INSTITUTE

Doc.No:HDSK-MA-QAS-121-E Rev.00

TECHNICAL REPORT

about

Anchorage Capacity of Terminator Couplers of 3rd Bosphorus Bridge Project

Requested by: [Name] AND CONSTRUCTION JOINT VENTURE

This Report was Prepared According to ITU Circulating Capital Enterprise Rules

Prepared by: [Name]

Res. Assist. [Name] Assoc. Prof. [Name]

ITU Civil Engineering Faculty
 Material Science Division

TESTED OK BAR-BREAK

İTÜ DEPREM MÜHENDİSLİĞİ VE AFET YÖNETİMİ ENSTİTÜSÜ
 Tarih : 06.11.2015
 Kayıt No: 455

ITU CIVIL ENGINEERING FACULTY
 NOVEMBER 2014
 Tel: (912) 285 37 61 - e-mail : iletisim@itu.edu.tr - kasiy@itu.edu.tr

3. Determination of Anchorage Capacity Under Static Loading (Category B1 and B2)

The purpose of the static loading test is determination of the static anchorage capacity of the reinforcement. The principle of the test is concrete is to load the anchorage part of the reinforcement that is incorporated in the concrete prism by the tensile force. The force is increased up to the failure or maximum capacity of test machine and actual yield and tensile strengths were determined. Test results are given in Table 3-6.

Table 3. Test Results of 635mm rebar and shear terminator system

Sample No	Yield Strength (R _{yk}) (N/mm ²)	Tensile Strength (R _{tk}) (N/mm ²)	R _{tk} /R _{yk}	Observation
1	503,1	617	1,22	Bar break occurred. No pull-off was observed during the test.
2	503,1	617	1,22	
3	503,1	617	1,22	

Table 4. Test Results of 635mm rebar and longitudinal terminator system

Sample No	Yield Strength (R _{yk}) (N/mm ²)	Tensile Strength (R _{tk}) (N/mm ²)	R _{tk} /R _{yk}	Observation
1	519,5	617	1,19	Bar break occurred. No pull-off was observed during the test.
2	519,5	617	1,19	
3	519,5	617	1,19	

Table 5. Test Results of 635mm rebar and longitudinal terminator system

Sample No	Yield Strength (R _{yk}) (N/mm ²)	Tensile Strength (R _{tk}) (N/mm ²)	R _{tk} /R _{yk}	Observation
1	519,5	617	1,19	Bar break occurred. No pull-off was observed during the test.
2	519,5	617	1,19	
3	519,5	617	1,19	

Table 6. Test Results of 635mm rebar and longitudinal terminator system

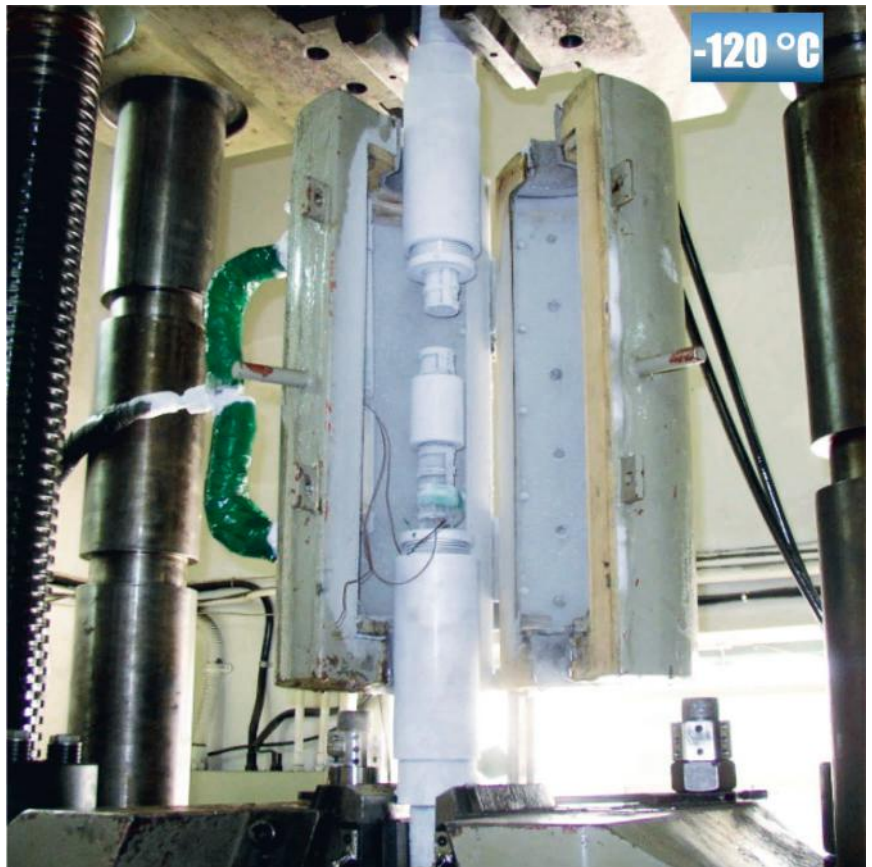
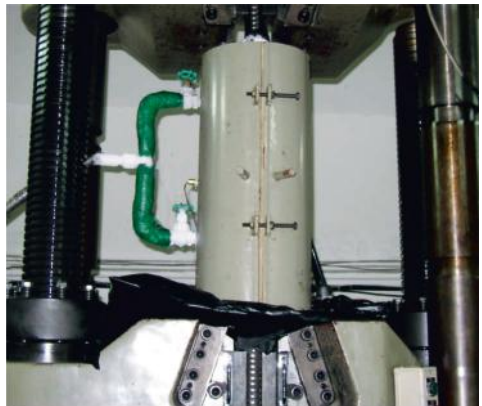
Sample No	Yield Strength (R _{yk}) (N/mm ²)	Tensile Strength (R _{tk}) (N/mm ²)	R _{tk} /R _{yk}	Observation
1	519,5	617	1,19	Bar break occurred at 4 th stage. No pull-off was observed during the test.
2	519,5	617	1,19	
3	519,5	617	1,19	

Table 7. Test Results of 635mm rebar and longitudinal terminator system

Sample No	Yield Strength (R _{yk}) (N/mm ²)	Tensile Strength (R _{tk}) (N/mm ²)	R _{tk} /R _{yk}	Observation
1	519,5	617	1,19	No failure was observed until 600 kN, maximum loading capacity of test machine, at 4 th stage.
2	519,5	617	1,19	
3	519,5	617	1,19	

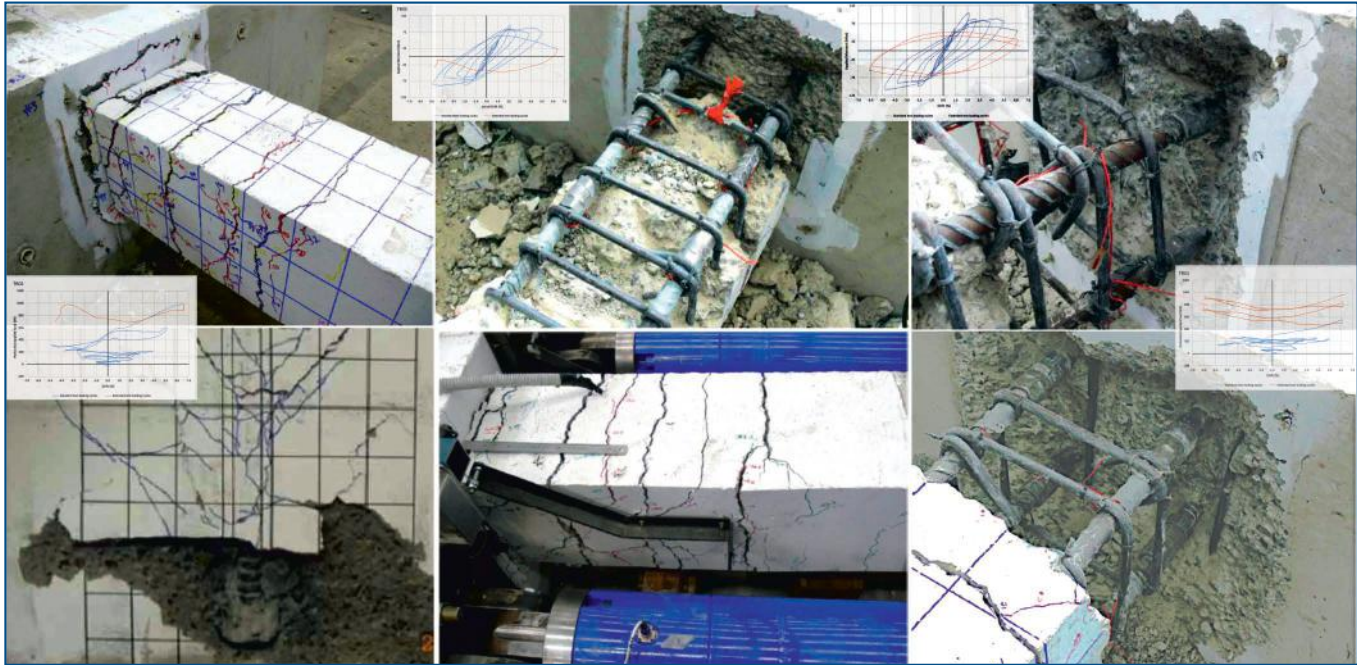
4. General Results

- According to ISO 15698-1, the terminator shall be capable of anchoring R_{yk,spec} (R_{yk}/R_{tk,spec}) for Category B1 and B2. This limit is equal to 540 MPa for B500B steel grade and TS708 limits. All specimens satisfy these requirements.
- Project Designer assumed that, the terminator shall be capable of anchoring 1,1R_{tk,spec} for Category B1 and B2.
- According to ISO 15698-1, terminator coupler system sustains stages 1 through 3 of the loading programme, given at Section 3 of this report, without failure for Category S. All specimens satisfy these requirements.
- According to ISO 15698-2, the test is terminated upon fracture of the terminator coupler system, crushing of the concrete in the terminator bearing zone or upon reaching the specified number of cycles without fracture for Category S. All specimens satisfy these requirements without fracture.
- All rebar specimens are B500B class. According to TS 708, R_{yk,spec} is 500 MPa and minimum R_{tk,ac}/R_{tk,spec} is 1,08. Test results show that all specimens satisfy these requirements.

[illegible]



COUPLER STRONGER THAN REBAR



Analyzing the test results clearly shows the system to be a 'product of **exceptional performance**'

BAR-BREAK BMS COUPLER



Typical Test Results (ISO 15835 1&2, BS 4449, ACI 318, ACI 349, ASTM A970M, GOST 34278-2017, QSC 2014, TS500)

Bar Grade	Nominal Bar Size [Ø mm]	Yield Stress- fy [N/mm ²]	Ultimate Stress- fu [N/mm ²]	Permanent Elongation-Slip [0.6 x fy-mm]	Fatigue Performance [$\mu 4 \pm 0.3$ & $\mu 8 \pm 0.6$]	Failure Mode
B500B	Ø 16	564	647	0,013		Bar Break
B500B	Ø 20	565	680	0,047		Bar Break
B500B	Ø 32	561	688	0,020	0.185 & 0.264	Bar Break
B460B	Ø 40	475	620	0,032	0.2 & 0.3	Bar Break
B500C	Ø 25	545	674	0,020	0.162 & 0.240	Bar Break
B500C	Ø 32	564	693	0,040	0.228 & 0.287	Bar Break
B500C	Ø 40	554	715	0,013	0.180 & 0.210	Bar Break
B420C	Ø 25	465	620	0,020		Bar Break
ASTM A615 GR60	Ø 32 [#10]		677	25% Elongation		Bar Break
ASTM A706 GR80	Ø 32		777	22% Elongation		Bar Break

Always
Bar-Break!

Coupler is stronger than rebar!

Ductile Bar-fracture!

Perfect slip performance!



World-wide References



Qatar's Lusail Towers



Kuwait's Jaber Causeway



Azerbaijan's MOT Tower



The Tallest !



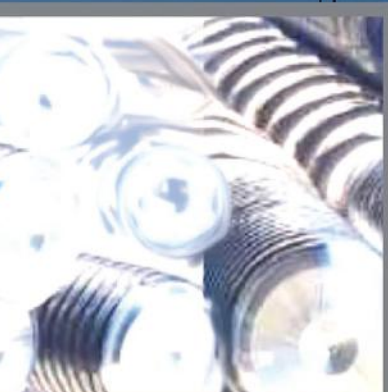
Korea's Longest Bridge



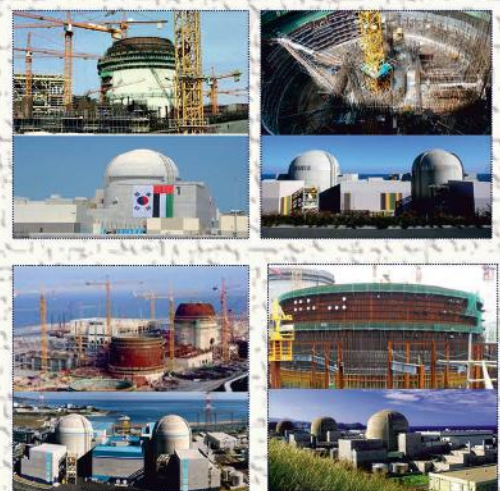
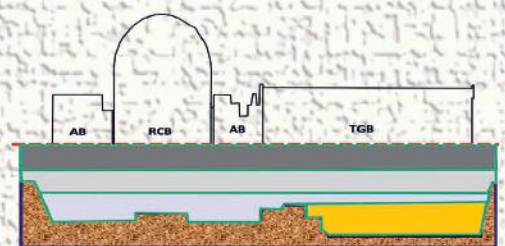
Istanbul's 3rd Bosphorus Bridge



The Longest !



The 5th Tallest !



 **Nuclear
Power Plants**

THE WORLD'S TALLEST BUILDING !

Burj Khalifa Tower: The World's Tallest!



More than 2,5 million BMS mechanical couplers were used in the world's giant project!

BMS weldable couplers were used in column construction.

All re-bar coupled test specimens were bar-break & clear off coupler and grip!



THE WORLD'S LONGEST BRIDGE !



1915 Canakkale Bridge, Türkiye: The World's Longest Suspension Bridge!



The Bridge spans over 2,000 meters between Lapseki and Gallipoli—over the Dardanelles Strait, in North-western Türkiye.



Thousands of BMS couplers were used in full confidence!



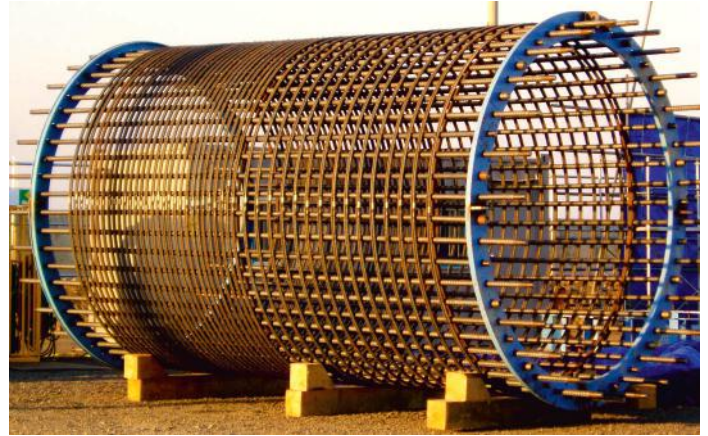
MARINA BAY SANDS TOWERS OF SINGAPORE



BMS Couplers were provided to the Singapore's Famous Towers!

LOTTE TOWER, SEOUL-KOREA: The World's 5th Tallest!





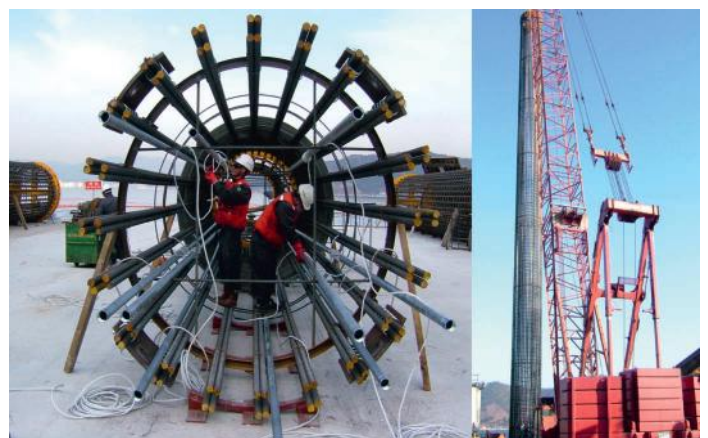
Incheon Bridge, Seoul-Korea: Korea's longest bridge!



Jaber Causeway, Monumental Structure in Kuwait with BMS couplers!

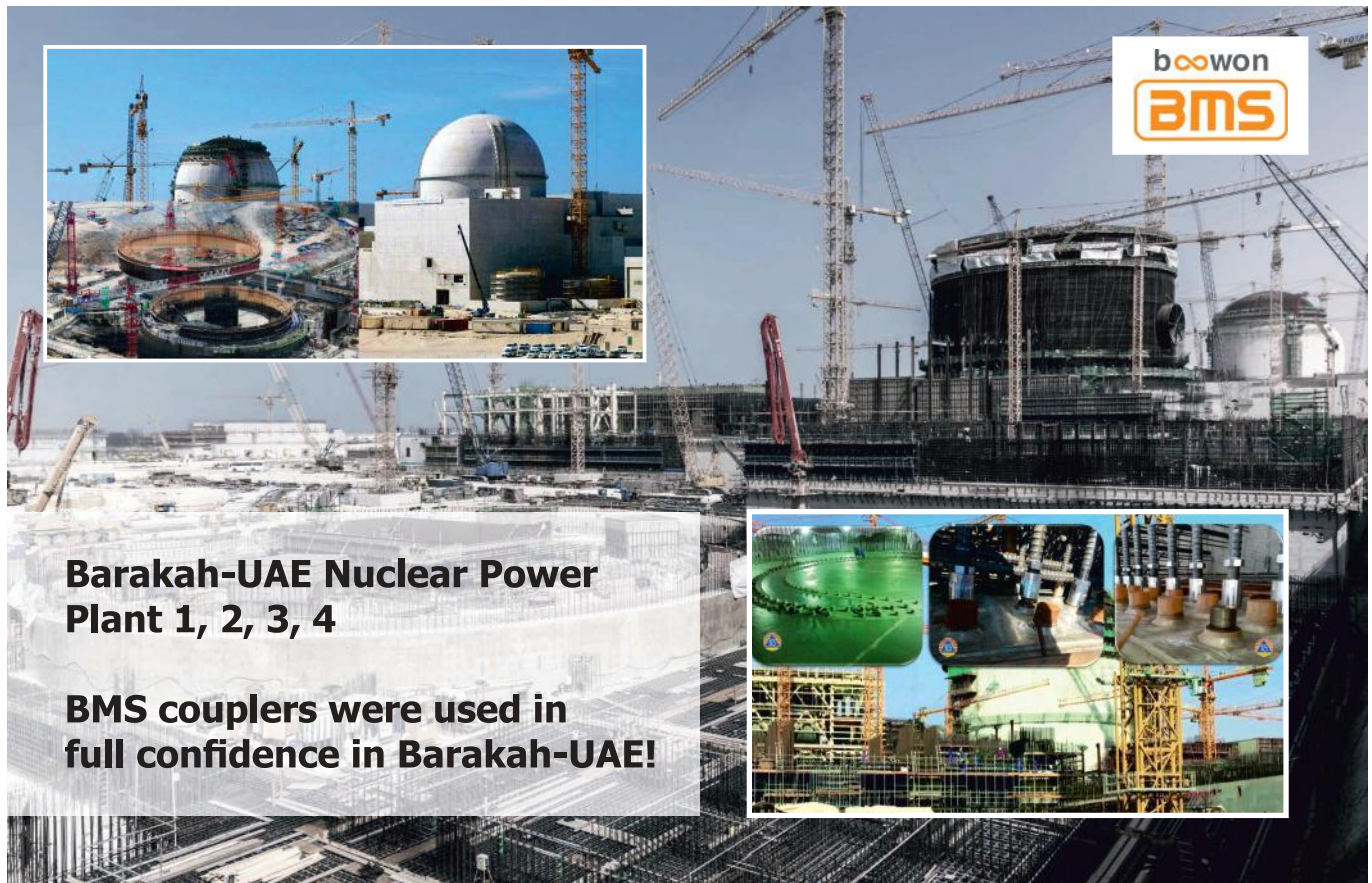


Sangarm-dong, Seoul, Korea: 2002 World Cup Main Stadium!



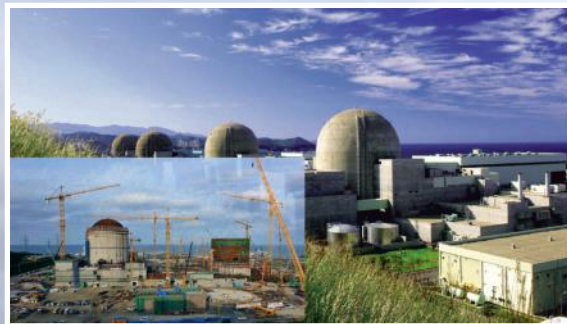
Machang Bridge, Korea

NUCLEAR POWER PLANT PROJECTS WITH BMS COUPLERS

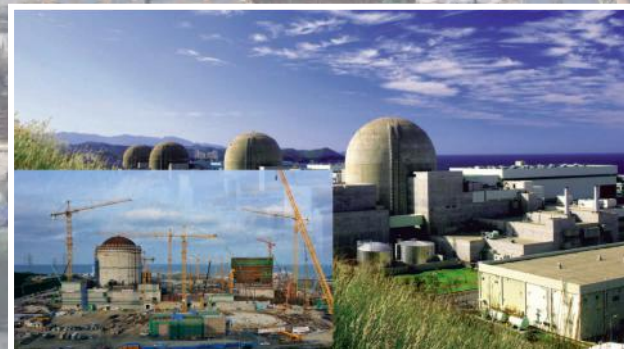




**Shin Gori Nuclear
Power Plant 3 & 4 - RCB**



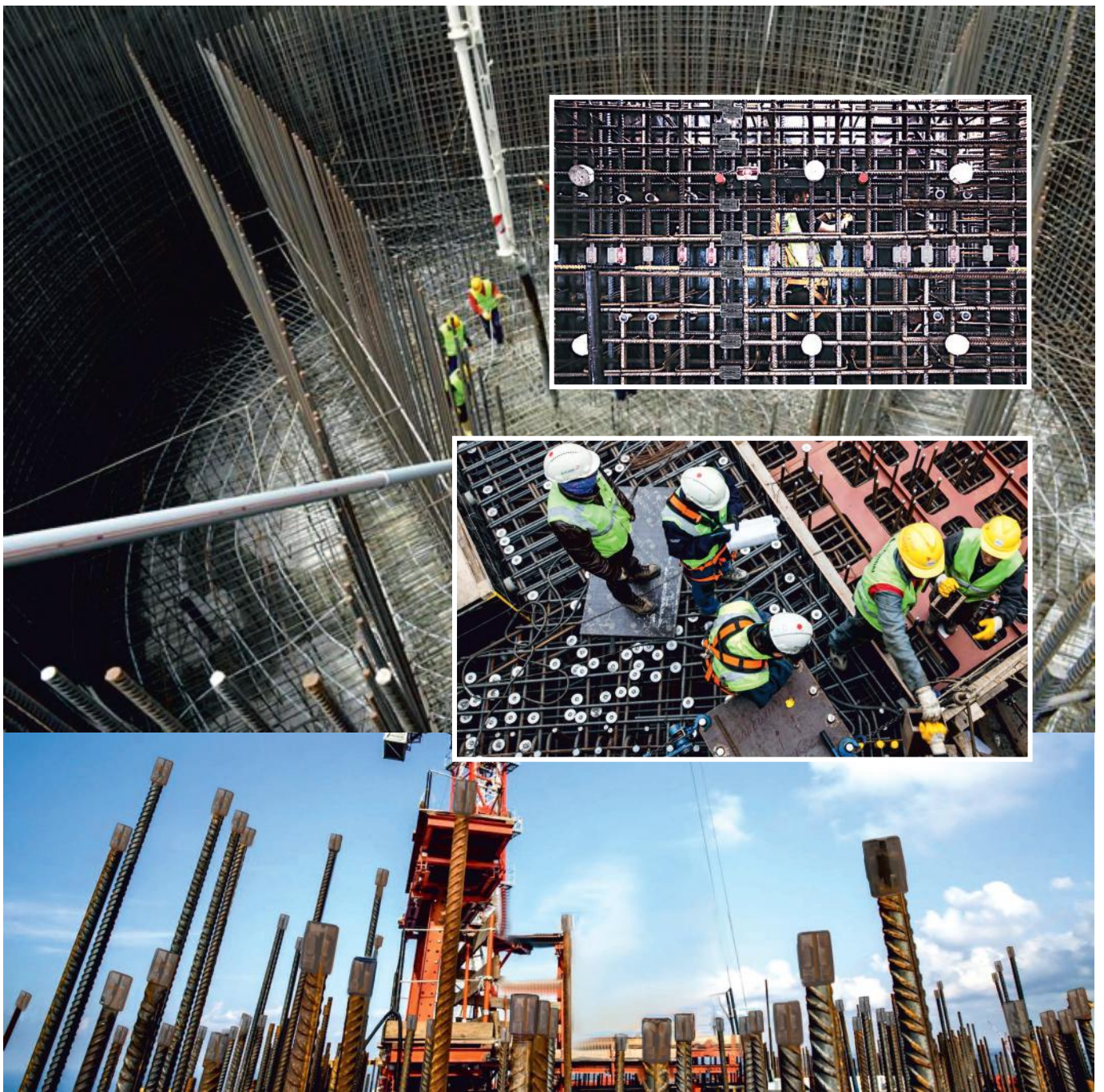
**Shin Hanul Nuclear
Power Plant 1 & 2- AB**



ISTANBUL'S 3RD BOSPHORUS BRIDGE

Yavuz Sultan Selim Bridge

The longest reinforced concrete bridge of Türkiye was constructed with BMS mechanical couplers!
More than 300,000 BMS couplers were used!





BTMS PROJECTS



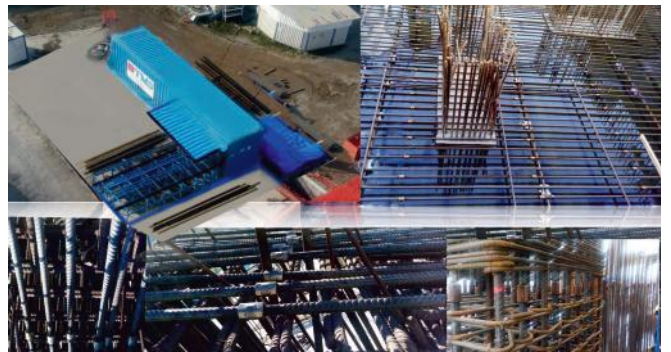
Vakıfbank GYO Tower, Istanbul- Türkiye:

High-rise of Vakıfbank in Istanbul's Finance Center uses high strength BMS Couplers supplied by BTMS in full confidence!



TEKFEN MOT Tower, Baku-Azerbaijan:

Ministry of Taxation Tower is built by using high strength BTMS Couplers!



Komurhan Bridge-Malatya/ Türkiye



North Marmara Highway Viaducts- Türkiye



Embassy Project in Ankara / Türkiye



Bomonti Tower Izmir-Türkiye



Baku-Central Bank of Azerbaijan uses BTMS/BMS couplers!



Daewoo E&C_Khor Al Zubair Immersed Tunnel / Iraq

FIELD APPLICATIONS



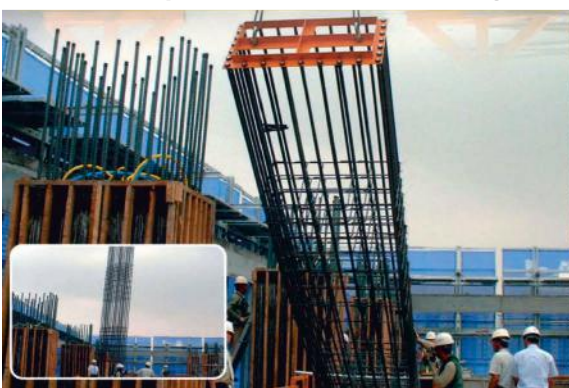
Construction of prefabricated rebar cage by using BMS couplers



Use of jig for prefabrication of rebar cage



Transportation of reber column cage



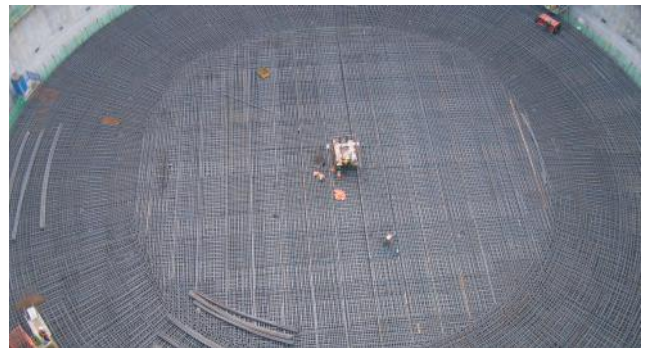
Use of BMS Type 'C' couplers



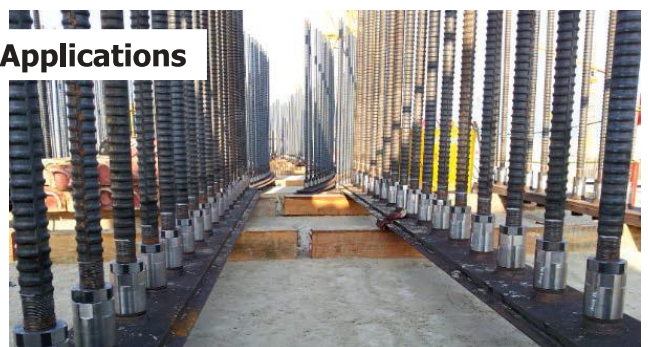
Completion of mounting cages



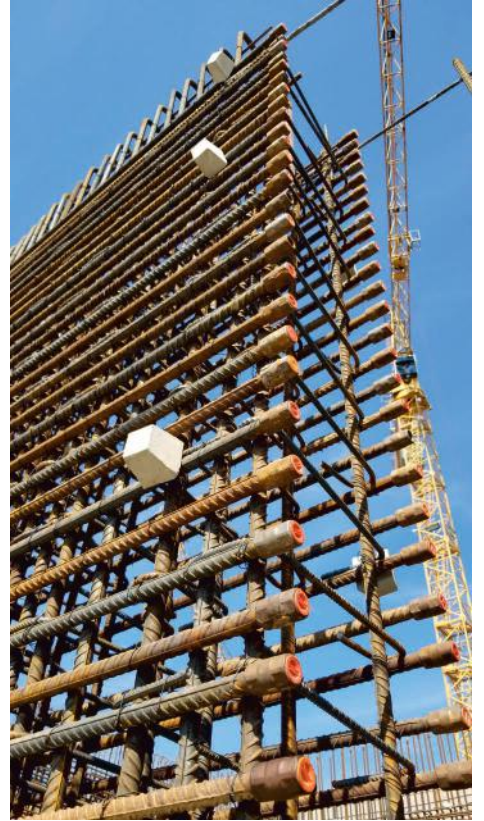
LNG Tanks BMS Coupler Applications

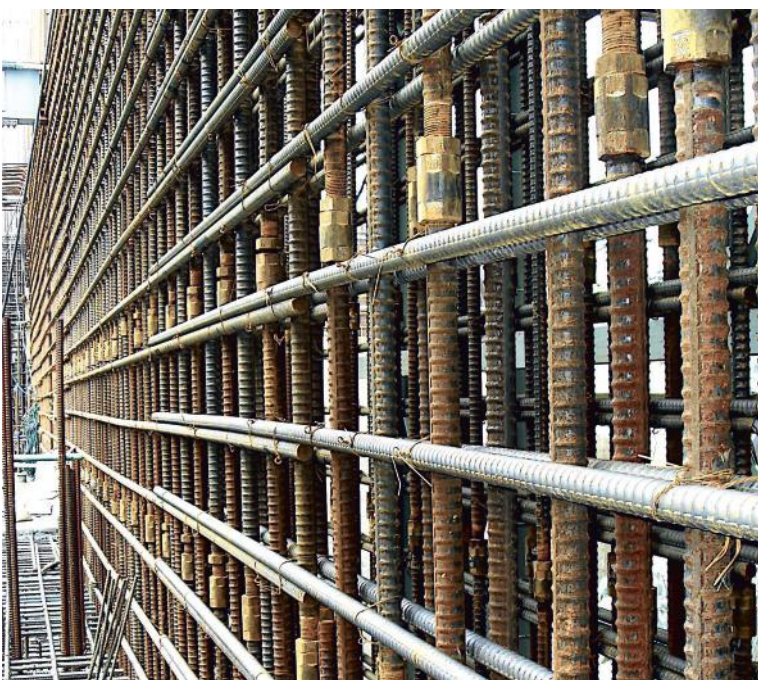


NPP BMS Coupler Applications



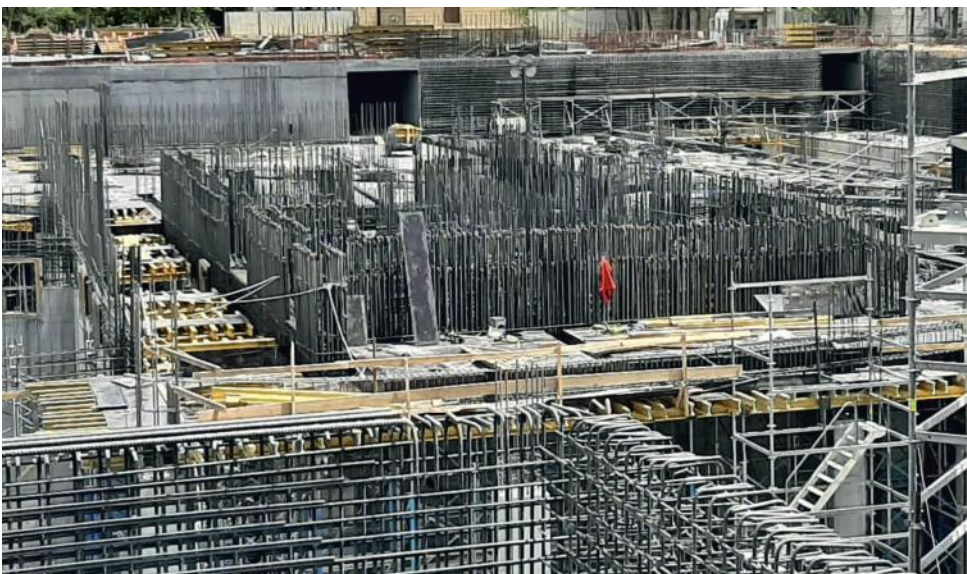
FIELD APPLICATIONS





FIELD APPLICATIONS





NUCLEAR POWER PLANT PROJECTS WITH BOOWON BMS COUPLERS	Project	Contractor	Construction Supervision	Size	Capacity	Rebar	Processing
	Shin Wolsong Nuclear Power Plant 1 & 2 [Gyeongju-Korea]	Daewoo, Samsung	Korea Institute of Nuclear Safety	#18(D57)	1,000,000 KW per each	ASTM A 615 Gr60	Field Processing
	Shin Gori Nuclear Power Plant 3 & 4 [Ulsan-Korea]	Hyundai, Doosan	Korea Institute of Nuclear Safety	#18(D57)	1,400,000 KW per each	ASTM A 615 Gr60	
	Shin Hanul Nuclear Power Plant 1 & 2 [Ulsan-Korea]	Hyundai	Korea Institute of Nuclear Safety	#18(D57)	1,400,000 KW per each	ASTM A 615 Gr60	
	Barakah Nuclear Power Plant 1, 2, 3 & 4 [U.A.E]	Hyundai, Samsung	ENEC	#18(D57)	1,400,000 KW per each	ASTM A 615 Gr60	
	Nuclear high strength rebar study project	-		#18(D57)		ASTM A 615 Gr80	
	Samcheok green power plant [Samcheok-Korea]	GS	Korea Southern Power Co.,Ltd. (KOSPO)	D35 etc	1,000,000 KW per each	SD400	
	Dangjin thermal power plant 9&10 [Dangjin-Korea]	Hanjin	Korea East-West Power Co.,Ltd. (EWP)	D35 etc	1,000,000 KW per each	SD500	

SKYSCRAPERS PROJECT WITH BOOWON BMS COUPLERS	Project	Contractor	Construction Supervision	Size	Capacity	Rebar	Processing
	The Burj Khalifa (Dubai)	Samsung	TURNER Corporation	All	160 storey	-	Field Processing
	Worli Mixed Use Project (India)	Samsung	Obero Group	All	83/52 storey	-	
	Marina Bay Sands (Singapore)	Ssangyong	Hyder	All	57 storey	-	
	KL118 (Malaysia)	Samsung	ARUP	All	118 storey	BS B500B	Factory Processing
	Haeundae LCT [Busan, Korea]	Posco	Jungang eng.	All	101/85 storey	SD600	
	Jamsil Second Lotte World [Seoul, Korea]	Lotte	Seoul city	All	123 storey	SD500, SD600	
	IFC Building [Yeouido, Korea]	GS	Seoul city	All	55 storey	SD500	
	Y22 Parkwon [Seoul, Korea]	Samsung	Seoul city	All	72 storey	SD500	
	Songdo ATT [Incheon, Korea]	Daewoo	Incheon city	All	68 storey	SD500	
	Vakifbank Towers (Turkey)	RENCONS	Istanbul	All	90 storey	B420C	Field Processing
	MOT Tower (Azerbaijan)	TEKFEN	Baku	All	98 storey	ASTM A615 S420	
	Central Bank Tower (Azerbaijan)	TEKFEN	Baku	All	37 storey	ASTM A615 S420	
	Bomonti Tower (Turkey)	TURKERLER	Izmir	D40	60 storey	B500C	
	Qatara Tower (Qatar)		DOHA			QS500B	
	Lusail Plaza Towers (Qatar)	HYUNDAI	DOHA	All		QS500B	
	Vakifbank Towers (Turkey)	RENCONS	Istanbul	All	90 storey	B500B	

CIVIL ENGINEERING PROJECTS WITH BOOWON BMS COUPLERS	Project	Contractor	Construction Supervision	Size	Capacity	Rebar	Processing
	3 rd Bosphorus Bridge Project (Turkey)	Hyundai & SK	Yooshin Eng.Corp.	D40 etc	Cable –stayed bridge & Suspension bridge / 2,164m	B500B	Field Processing
	Dardanel-Canakkale Bridge Project (Turkey)	Dealim & SK. & Limak & Yapı Mrkz.	PARSON & TEKFEN	All	Cable –stayed bridge & Suspension bridge / 2,210m	B500C	
	Jaber Causeway Project (Kuwait)	Hyundai	SSH	D40 etc	Cable –stayed bridge / 36,140m	ASTM A 706 Gr80	
	Komurhan Bridge (Turkey)	GUL Insaat		D32,36,40		B500C	
	US Embassy (Turkey)	BL HARBERT	PARSON	All	Emmbassy Building	ASTM A 706 Gr80	Factory Processing
	Seohaedaegyo Bridge [Gyeonggi, Korea]	Daelim	Daewoo Eng.	D32 etc	Cable –stayed bridge / 7,310m	SD400	
	Yi Sun-sin Bridge [yeosu, Korea]	Daelim	Hankook Eng, Donga Tech. Dvlp.	D32 etc	Suspension bridge / 2,260m	SD500	
	Busan~Geoje Fixed Link Structure [Busan, Korea]	Daewoo	Daewoo Enc	D32 etc	Suspension bridge / 8,200m	SD400	
	North Marmara Viaducts (Turkey)	LIMAK	YUKSEL	D32		B500C	
	ATAKOY Marina Residence	YAPIT		D12-32	Residential Tower	B500C	
	Incheon Bridge [Incheon, Korea]	Samsung	ARUP	D51 etc	Cable –stayed bridge / 18,384m	SD400	
	Machang Bridge [Changwon, Seoul]	Hyundai/ Bouygues	Kunhwa Eng.	D51 etc	Cable –stayed bridge / 1,700m	SD400	

**BOO WON B.M.S CO., LTD.**

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 Chungju factory : Zip code 27327, 165 Chungjusan-dan 2-ro, Chungju-City, Chungbuk, Korea Tel : +8243-856-6640 Fax : +8243-856-6643

Date : March 27, 2017

LETTER OF APPOINTMENT

We, as **BOOWON B.M.S Co., Ltd.**, a company incorporated in South Korea having its principal place of business at 29, Seolleung-ro 116-gil, Gangnam-gu, SEOUL, Seoul 06093, South Korea, hereby, is pleased to certify and confirm the appointment of:



BTMSMEKANİK YAPI ELEMANLARI SANAYİ VE TİCARET A.Ş.
 İbrikdere Mah. D-100 Karayolu Cad.No:446, 41255 Kartepe-Kocaeli, Turkey

As our sole Authorized Dealer with all exclusivity rights for the *Territory of Turkey and Qatar* for the *BMS-Rebar Couplers, BMS-Bar Products and Services of:*



(주) 부원비엠에스
 www.ibms.co.kr

We, hereby, also certify that BOOWON B.M.S Co., Ltd. will not provide any technical support or issue a guarantee for any BMS product supplied to Turkey or Qatar by any company or institution or person other than BTMSMEKANİK YAPI ELEMANLARI SANAYİ VE TİCARET A.Ş..

Sincerely,

Name: Mr. Jeong, Se Hyun
 Designation: President
 For and Behalf of: BOOWON B.M.S Co., Ltd.



BTMS
 COUPLER

BTMS MEKANİK YAPI ELEMANLARI SANAYİ VE TİCARET A.Ş.

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