



YOUR BENEFITS

- Useable for several applications
- Different molecular weights
- Steady quality
- Diols, triols etc.



YOUR PARTNER FOR COATINGS, PLASTICS & POLYMERS



CONTENT

POLYETHER POLYOLS - PETOL -

| Poly | (Propylene | Oxide) | Homopoly | ymers | (PPG) |
|------|------------|--------|----------|-------|-------|
|------|------------|--------|----------|-------|-------|

Triols (based on Glycerine) for flexible foams

Triols (based on Glycerine) for special applications

Reactive Polyether Polyols Diols (Eo Tipped Polypropylene Glycol)

San Polymer Polyols

Sucrose / Sorbitol based Polyols 5

Aliphatic Amines and Mannich Polyols 5

POLYCARBONATE POLYOLS

6

4

5

POLYURETHANE ADDITIVES

7

PTMG -

Ω

BIOPTMG

9

WHY HARKE

10











HARKE Chemicals GmbH stands for certified quality and constant engagement for a sustainable protection of the environment.



POLYETHER POLYOLS — PETOL

| Туре | Hydroxyl Value (mg KOH/g) | Acid value (BBT), max. mg KOH/g | Viscosity at 25 °C (cP) | Water (Karl-Fischer) max. (%) | Typical density at 25°C (g/cm³) | Functio- nality | Average molecular weight (g/mol) | | |
|---|---|---|-------------------------------|--|--|--------------------|---|--|--|
| POLY (PROPYLENE OXIDE) HOMOPOLYMERS (PPG) | | | | | | | | | |
| 56-2 A | 53-59 | 0.05 | 280-380 | 0.05 | 1.002 | 2 | 2000 | | |
| 56-2 LM | 53-59 | 0.05 | 300-450 | 0.05 | 1.002 | 2 | 2000 | | |
| 120-2 | 110-130 | 0.05 | 100-180 | 0.05 | 1.003 | 2 | 935 | | |
| 110-2 A | 108-116 | 0.05 | 140-180 | 0.05 | 1.003 | 2 | 1000 | | |
| 250-2 | 240-260 | 0.05 | 60-100 | 0.08 | 1.002 | 2 | 450 | | |
| 28-2LM | 26-30 | 0.05 | 900-1200 | 0.05 | 1.001 | 2 | 4000 | | |
| 9-2EXP | 7.5-10.5 | 0.02 | 5000-7000 | 0.05 | 1.001 | 2 | 12000 | | |
| Applications: | | esives = elastomers ness agent for epo | | foamers • viscosity cants | reducer in polyol | blends for poly | urethane | | |
| | | TRIOLS (BASED | ON GLYCERIN | IE) FOR FLEXIBLE | FOAMS | | | | |
| 46-3MB | 43-49 | 0.05 | 500-700 | 0.1 | 1.015 | 3 | 3600 | | |
| 48-3MB | 46-50 | 0.05 | 530-630 | 0.1 | 1.015 | 3 | 3500 | | |
| 56-3 | 53-59 | 0.05 | 400-600 | 0.1 | 1.005 | 3 | 3000 | | |
| 36-3BR | 33-39 | 0.05 | 700-1000 | 0.1 | 1.017 | 3 | 4800 | | |
| 28-3B | 26-30 | 0.05 | 1050-1300 | 0.1 | 1.015 | 3 | 6000 | | |
| S38-3B | 36-40 | 0.1 | 1050-1250 | 0.1 | 1.080 | 3 | 4400 | | |
| 56-3LM | 53-59 | 0.05 | 500-700 | 0.1 | 1.005 | 3 | 3000 | | |
| 48-35 | 46-50 | 0.05 | 630-830 | 0.1 | 1.015 | 3 | 3500 | | |
| V 50-3S* | 48-54 | 0.05 | 700-900 | 0.1 | 1.000 | 2.7 | 3000 | | |
| Applications: | | ock foams (standa thane foams = sen | | soft) • high resilier gral skin foams | nce flexible slabst | cock foams • hig | gh resilience | | |
| | TR | IOLS (BASED ON | I GLYCERINE) | FOR SPECIAL AP | PLICATIONS | | | | |
| 160-3 | 150-170 | 0.05 | 240-300 | 0.08 | 1.018 | 3 | 1000 | | |
| 250-3 | 240-260 | 0.05 | 240-300 | 0.08 | 1.027 | 3 | 670 | | |
| 400-3 | 360-400 | 0.1 | 330-430 | 0.08 | 1.050 | 3 | 440 | | |
| 45-3S** | 43-47 | 0.05 | 700-850 | 0.05 | 1.005 | 3 | 3740 | | |
| Applications: | base polyols for fluids | or OCF rigid foan | ns formulations | CASE application | s • flexibleness a | gent for epoxi r | esins hydraulic | | |

| Туре | Hydroxyl Value (mg KOH/g) | Acid value max. mg KOH/g | Viscosity at 25 °C (cP) | Water content max. (%) | Ethylene oxide content (%) | Average molecular weight (g/mol) | | | | |
|---------------|---|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| | REACTIVE POLYETHER POLYOLS DIOLS (EO TIPPED POLYPROPYLENE GLYCOL) | | | | | | | | | |
| 28-2B | 26-30 | 0.05 | 800-1000 | 0.05 | 18-20 | 4000 | | | | |
| 56-2B** | 53-59 | 0.05 | 280-380 | 0.05 | 11-13 | 2000 | | | | |
| 49-2B** | 46.5-50.5 | 0.05 | 400-500 | 0.05 | 29-31 | 2300 | | | | |
| Applications: | adhesives binder elastomers component in polyurethane products formulations | | | | | | | | | |

^{*} Based on castor oil

^{**} Under development



| Туре | Hydroxyl Value (mg KOH/g) | Solid Content (%) | Viscosity at 25 °C (cP) | Water (Karl-Fischer) (max.) % | Typical density at 25°C (g/cm³) | Functio- nality | Average molecular weight (g/mol) | | |
|---------------|---|-------------------------|-------------------------------|--|--|--------------------|---|--|--|
| SAN POLY | SAN POLYMER POLYOLS (STYRENE-ACRYLONITRILE COPOLYMER GRAFTED ON THE POLYETHER CHAINS) | | | | | | | | |
| PP 452 | 28-36 | 44-47 | 3500-4600 | 0.1 | 1.03 | 3 | 3000 | | |
| PP 251 | 36-40 | 24-27 | 1000-1700 | 0.1 | 1.028 | 3 | 3500 | | |
| PP 151 | 39-43 | 14-16 | 850-1100 | 0.08 | 1.025 | 3 | 3500 | | |
| PP 101 | 41-45 | 9-11 | 700-1000 | 0.08 | 1.02 | 3 | 3500 | | |
| PP 2045 | 18-22 | 44-46 | 5500-8000 | 0.1 | 1.05 | 3 | 4800 | | |
| Applications: | slabstock flex | ible polyurethane | foams | | | | | | |

| Туре | Hydroxyl Value (mg KOH/g) | Average molecular weight (g/mol) | Viscosity at 25 °C (cP) | Water (Karl-Fischer) (max.) % | Typical density at 25°C (g/cm³) | Functio- nality | | | |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|-------------------------------|--|--|--------------------|--|--|--|
| SUCROSE/SORBITOL BASED POLYOLS | | | | | | | | | |
| PZ 360-4G | 345-375 | 700 | 2700-3700 | 0.1 | 1.05-1.15 | 4.6 | | | |
| PZ 400-4G | 400-450 | 630 | 4000-6000 | 0.1 | 1.05-1.15 | 4.5 | | | |
| PZ 480-4G | 460-490 | 530 | 6500-9000 | 0.1 | 1.05-1.15 | 4.5 | | | |
| 585-4D | 570-600 | 380 | 4000-4700 | 0.1% | 1.05-1.15 | 4 | | | |
| PZ 400-5G | 400-450 | 700 | 5000-11000 | 0.1 | 1.05-1.15 | 5 | | | |
| PS 460-5P | 440-480 | 650 | 12500-15500 | 0.1 | 1.07-1.09 | 5.4 | | | |
| PS 500-5G | 480-520 | 550 | 7500-10500 | 0.1 | 1.08-1.09 | 4.8 | | | |
| PS 500-4G | 480-520 | 450 | 2000-4000 | 0.1 | 1.07-1.09 | 4 | | | |
| PS 400-4G | 400-450 | 630 | 3000-5000 | 0.1 | 1.09-1.1 | 4.5 | | | |
| PS 480-6 | 460-500 | 700 | 30000-40000 | 0.2 | 1.08-1.12 | 6 | | | |
| Applications: | Polyol blends for | rigid polyurethane | foams | | | | | | |
| | | ALIPHATIC AM | INES AND MANN | ICH POLYOLS | | | | | |
| PA 450-4E | 430-470 | 500 | 3000-5000 | 0.1 | 1.02-1.07 | 4 | | | |
| PA 640-4E | 615-665 | 350 | 14500-19500 | 0.2 | 1.02-1.07 | 4 | | | |
| PA 450-3T | 400-500 | 375 | 300-400 | 0.1 | 1.04-1.06 | 3 | | | |
| PM 410-4N | 400-440 | 530 | 8000-15000 | 0.1 | 1.01-1.10 | 4 | | | |
| Applications: | rigid polyurethar | ne foams • crosslinke | er agent • semirigid | polyurethane foams | | | | | |



POLYCARBONATE POLYOLS



Available Types Functio-Type Name **OH** number **Average** Viscosity Melting **Appearance** Range [mg KOH/g] Molecular at 50 °C nality Weight [g/mol] [°C] [cps] 102 106 - 118 1000 1000 33 - 43 2 Ravecarb white, solid Homopolymer from Hexanediol 103 Ravecarb 106 - 118 1000 1000 liquid 2 Copolymer from Hexanediol and Pentanediol 53 - 59 106 2000 36 - 50 Ravecarb 10000 white, solid 2 Homopolymer from Hexanediol 107 Ravecarb 58 - 64 2000 8000 liquid Copolymer from Hexanediol and Pentanediol 111 Ravecarb 56 2000 3500 liquid 2 Copolymer from Polycaprolactonediol and Hexanediol **Application:** Aliphatic polycarbonate polyols have a very good weathering resistance, excellent hydrolytic stability and low viscosity. Formally polycarbonate esterification are out of carbonic acid and at least difunctional alcohols. Our polycarbonate polyols are suitable for direct use in high-quality coatings. They also can be used to the further development of

polyurethane binders. Especially noteworthy were polyurethane dispersions.





POLYURETHANE ADDITIVES



Finishing Lacquers

These are the products to finish the moulded soles, our range includes dipping and spray types. These are used with specific machines and the soles are dipped directly into the bath containing the lacquer. The consumption of lacquer is only about 15 - 25 gr/pair.

Transparent finish

- Brush-Off finish (age effects)
- Special effects such as cork imitation, metallic, velvet imitation or rubber-like touch

Flame Retardants

These additives can influence the flammability, the propagation of the flame and/or the fire load. For each application the most suitable flame retardant solution should be used to assure a high fire retardant effect of the material.

- Halogenated/halogen-free
- Solid/liquid

- Reduces flammability
- Prevent negative effects (toxic gases, smoke or odors)

Pigment Paste

They have been developed for colouring both Polyether and Polyester Polyurethane compounds, used in the production of shoe soles, integral skin, rigid and slab-stock foams, RIM and elastomers. They are a concentrated pigment dispersion in plasticizer or in polyol.

- Viscosity range from 500 10.000 cps
- Usage level between 0.5 5 %

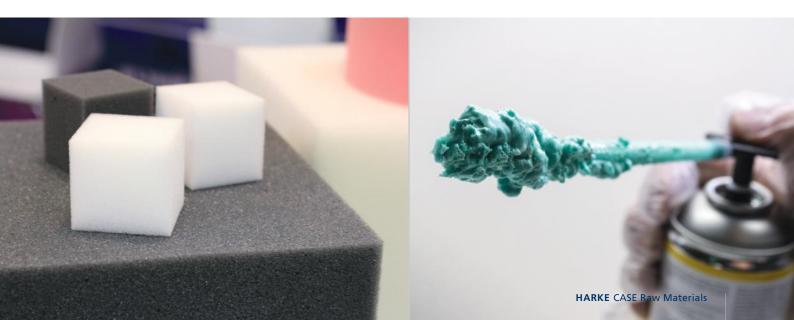
- OH number from 0 32
- Concentrated pigment paste with plasticizer or polyol as carrier

Release-Agents

Water or solvent based (high or low concentration) Release-Agents for the production of shoe soles, flexible hot & cold foam, RIM, RRIM and SRIM as well for elastomers. Additionally we are providing our customers cleaners for their moulds and mixing heads.

- Solvent or water based
- Ready to use products manually or by air gun

Available for all PU applications







PTMG – Poly(tetramethylene ether) Glycol is manufactured by tetrahydrofuran (THF). It is a linear polyether glycol with primary hydroxyl groups at both ends. It easily reacts with isocyanates compounds (e.g. MDI, TDI), and generates polymers with the superior characteristic described below.

- High impact resilience
- Flexibility at low temperature
- Tear resistance

- Hydrolysis resistance
- Abrasion resistance
- Fungus resistance

PTMG has superior characteristics for use in the soft segment of polyurethane and polyester resins. The polymer obtained is used in a wide range of applications, from clothing and other ordinary consumables to various industrial materials (e.g. mechanical parts). Its applications are expected to increase in the future.

Feature of PTMG process:

- 1. Stable and high product quality (uncolored and low impurity), which is highly valued from leading manufacturer of spandex fibers
- 2. Using original catalysts
- 3. Cost competitive process
- 4. Green process/low waste and low environmental loadd

| Grade | Molecular Weight | Hydroxyl Value (mg KOH/g) | Acid Value (mg KOH/g) | Moisture (%) | Volatile Content (%) | Color (Hazen) | Viscosity (mPA*s) | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|--------------------------|--|----------------------------|------------------|----------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| PTMG 250 | 210 ± 25 | 477.5 ~ 606.5 | max. 0.10 | max. 0.05 | max. 0.1 | max. 50 | 50 (20 °C) | | | | | |
| PTMG 650** | 650 ± 50 | 160 ~ 187 | max. 0.05 | max. 0.03 | max. 0.1 | max. 50 | 160 (40 °C) | | | | | |
| PTMG 850* | 850 ± 50 | 125 ~ 140 | max. 0.05 | max. 0.03 | max. 0.1 | max. 50 | 2 | | | | | |
| PTMG 1000** | 1,000 ± 50 | 107 ~ 118 | max. 0.05 | max. 0.03 | max. 0.1 | max. 50 | 320 (40 °C) | | | | | |
| PTMG 1300* | 1,300 ± 65 | 82 ~ 91 | max. 0.05 | max. 0.03 | max. 0.1 | max. 50 | | | | | | |
| PTMG 1500* | 1,500 ± 75 | 71 ~ 79 | max. 0.05 | max. 0.03 | max. 0.1 | max. 50 | | | | | | |
| PTMG 1800* | 1,800 ± 100 | 59 ~ 66 | max. 0.05 | max. 0.03 | max. 0.1 | max. 50 | | | | | | |
| PTMG 2000** | 2,000 ± 100 | 53 ~ 59 | max. 0.05 | max. 0.03 | max. 0.1 | max. 50 | 1,400 (40 °C) | | | | | |
| PTMG 3000** | 3,000 ± 200 | 35 ~ 40 | max. 0.05 | max. 0.03 | max. 0.1 | max. 50 | 3,450 (40 °C) | | | | | |
| PTMG 4000* | 4,000 ± 250 | 26 ~ 30 | max. 0.05 | max. 0.03 | max. 0.1 | max. 50 | 4,510 (40 °C) | | | | | |
| Polyurethane Applications: | Elastic polyurethane fiber (Spandex) Polyurethane elastomers Thermoset elastomer (TSU) Thermoplastic elastomer (TPU) Paint and Coating materials Adhesives/Sealants Synthetic leather/Artificial leather Flexible urethane foam | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Polyester Applications: | ■ Polyester elastomer (TPEE) Also available as Biopyrose | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Polyamide Applications: | Polyetheramic | le elastomer | | Polyetheramide elastomer Polyetheramide elastomer | | | | | | | | |

^{*} On request

^{**} Also available as BioPTMG, see next page





BioPTMG is a new environmentally friendly product that is manufactured from plant-derived raw materials and contributes to help prevent global warming. The quality of BioPTMG is comparable to our conventional PTMG and offers a high bio-based carbon content. This drop-in solution can contribute to diversify our customer's bio-based product portfolio.





| Grade | Molecular Weight | Hydroxyl Value (mg KOH/g) | Acid Value (mg KOH/g) | Moisture (%) | Volatile Con- tent (%) | Color (Hazen) | | | | |
|--------------|---------------------|---|--------------------------|----------------|---------------------------|------------------|--|--|--|--|
| BioPTMG 650 | 650 ± 50 | 160 ~ 187 | less than 0.05 | less than 0.03 | less than 0.1 | less than 50 | | | | |
| BioPTMG 1000 | 1,000 ± 50 | 107 ~ 118 | less than 0.05 | less than 0.03 | less than 0.1 | less than 50 | | | | |
| BioPTMG 2000 | 2,000 ± 100 | 53 ~ 59 | less than 0.05 | less than 0.03 | less than 0.1 | less than 50 | | | | |
| BioPTMG 3000 | 3,000 ± 200 | 35 ~ 40 | less than 0.05 | less than 0.03 | less than 0.1 | less than 50 | | | | |
| Packing: | Drum: 180kg (Bio | Drum: 180kg (BioPTMG 650), 200kg (BioPTMG 1000/2000/3000) | | | | | | | | |





one group of **16** companies **17** offices worldwide **7** divisions

25 business units 15 diverse service functions 4 laboratories 2 production sites

230 employees working with 35 industries in more than 63 countries on 4 continents

with over **3,000** customers and more than **40,000** deliveries per year

10 Reasons to Collaborate with HARKE

relevant portfolio long-standing business relations growing company group excellent technical know-how responsible partner fast action sustainable enterprise

digitization stable management passionate people



HARKE Chemicals GmbH Business Unit Coatings, Plastics & Polymers Xantener Straße 1 45479 Mülheim an der Ruhr Germany

(+49 (0)208 3069-0

a +49 (0)208 3069-1111

@ cpp@harke.com

www.harke.com

•

0



HARKE GROUP









