



HOME BUYER

guide

THE ROAD TO HOME

CC REAL EST  TE



HELLO, NICE TO MEET YOU!

I am Christa Cooper,
YOUR LOCAL REAL ESTATE EXPERT

I am humbled and grateful to help bring the dreams of my clients to life by providing them with decades of expertise and peace of mind knowing they have a passionate real estate agent working by their side.

Not only do I love what I do, but I am eternally blessed to do it here in Arizona. It is an unbelievable joy to serve my community and welcome new residents into this amazing state I am lucky to call home.

Throughout the years, I renovated properties, managed, and sold 100's of luxury homes, supported the work of premium homebuilders, and personally serviced top private clientele for over a decade.

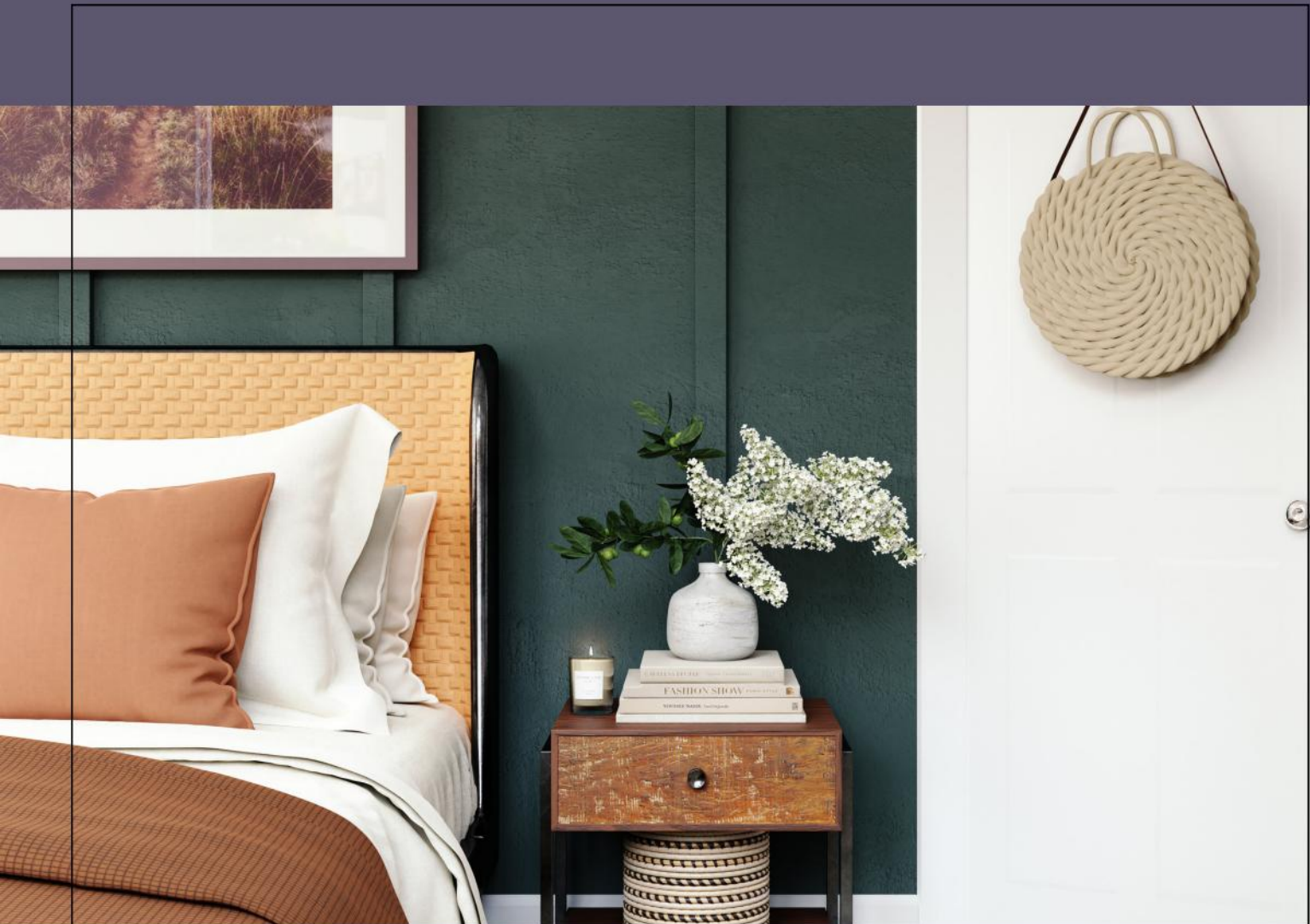
LET'S CONNECT

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THE HOME BUYING
PROCESS

THE 10 STEP HOME BUYING PROCESS

- 1 FIND THE RIGHT AGENT
- 2 PREPARE FINANCES
- 3 GET PRE-APPROVED
- 4 START HOME SHOPPING
- 5 MAKE AN OFFER
- 6 ORDER AN INSPECTION
- 7 NEGOTIATE FINAL OFFER
- 8 APPRAISAL ORDERED
- 9 SCHEDULE THE MOVE
- 10 CLOSING DAY



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FINDING THE RIGHT
AGENT

YOUR ADVOCATE



Buying a home is one of the most significant purchases in a lifetime. It is essential to have an experienced agent in your corner, always looking out for your best interest. A buyer agent's fiduciary responsibility is to represent the buyer and to ensure that they are protected.

After all, a seller has someone in their corner. A listing agent has an allegiance to the seller. Their goal is to get the seller top dollar for their home. There is incredible value in having someone working for YOUR best interests when buying a home.

GETTING YOU IN THE DOOR

We will narrow down the homes that fit your unique wants and needs and get you in the door. I look at dozens of homes every week, and I can help you identify potential problems within a home. When repairs or changes in price need to be made, I will be your guide and handle requesting any repairs or changes in price to the sellers.

STAYING ON TOP OF THE PAPERWORK

Buying a home involves many types of documentation. I have the experience and knowledge to navigate real estate contracts. Ensuring that nothing is overlooked, and that you truly understand what a paper means before ever signing on the dotted line.

ON YOUR SIDE

A buyer's agent will represent your best interests. With a pulse on the local market and a sound understanding of how various amenities effect the value of a home, we will make sure we submit a competitive offer on the right house for you.

NEIGHBORHOOD EXPERT

I work daily in neighborhoods with inspectors, contractors, and negotiating with sellers. I have the market knowledge you need to get you the home of your dreams at the best price! Understanding the local real estate market is essential when it comes time to make an offer on a house.

PROBLEM SOLVER

I will work hard to protect all of your interests and take on any issues that may arise throughout the entire process. I work tirelessly to make sure buying a home is a fun and stress-free process.

AFFORDABILITY

The seller typically pays the commission for both the seller's agent and the buyer's agent.



PREPARING YOUR
FINANCING



PREPARING YOUR FINANCING

1

AFFORDABILITY

Mortgage lenders recommend you do not buy a home that is more than 3 to 5 times your annual household income. If you are not purchasing a home with cash, you will need a mortgage pre-approval provided by your mortgage lender. A lender will work with you to get a loan that meets your needs. Some buyers are concerned with keeping their monthly payments as low as possible, others want to make sure that their monthly payments never increase.

2

CHECK YOUR CREDIT

A mortgage requires a good credit score. Improve your score by:

- Paying down credit card balances
- Continuing to make payments on time
- Avoid applying for new credit until you have been approved
- Avoid making big purchases until you have been approved
- If possible, avoid job changes until you have been approved

3

DOWN PAYMENT

In order to make your dream of buying a home a reality, you will need to save cash for your down payment, earnest money, closing costs & home inspector.

- A Down Payment is typically between 3.5% & 20% of the purchase price
- Earnest Money is money you put down to show you're serious about purchasing a home. It's also known as a good faith deposit.
- Closing Costs for the buyer run between 2% & 5% of the loan amount
- A Home Inspection costs \$300 to \$500





GET
PRE-APPROVED

GETTING AHEAD

IN THE HOME BUYING PROCESS



Being pre-approved, unlike being pre-qualified, means you've actually been approved by a lender for a specific loan amount. You will need to provide documented financial information (income, statements, assets, debt & credit reports etc.) to be reviewed & verified by the lender.

WHY SHOULD YOU GET PRE-APPROVED?

KNOW YOUR BUDGET

One of the biggest benefits of getting pre-approved for a home loan is that it helps you understand how much house you can afford. This knowledge can help you set a realistic budget when searching for potential homes and prevent you from wasting time looking at homes that are out of your price range and budget.

NEGOTIATING POWER

When you're pre-approved for a home loan, sellers and their agents know that you're serious about buying a home and that you have the financial backing to make an offer. This can improve your negotiating power and give you an advantage over other potential buyers who may not be pre-approved.

CLOSE FASTER

In today's competitive real estate market, being pre-approved can help you close on your home faster because you've already completed some of the financial checks required to get a mortgage. This can help you beat out other potential buyers who may not be pre-approved and speed up the home buying process.

GET QUALIFIED

TYPE OF LOAN	CREDIT SCORE	DOWN PAYMENT
VA LOAN	500	NO DOWN PAYMENT
USDA LOAN	640	NO DOWN PAYMENT
FHA LOAN	580 500-579	3.5% 10%
CONVENTIONAL LOAN	640	5-20%
JUMBO LOAN	680	20%

INCOME

QUALIFICATIONS

QUALIFYING INCOME

W-2 Income/Salary
Income from part-time jobs
Income from a second Job
Overtime & Bonuses
Seasonal jobs
Self-employed Income
Alimony & child support (Documentation required)

NON-QUALIFYING INCOME

Income from the lottery
Gambling
Unemployment pay
Single bonuses
Non-occupying co-signer income
Unverifiable income
Unverifiable gifts

NEEDED DOCUMENTS

W2'S FROM THE PAST 2 YEARS
3 MONTHS WORTH OF PAY-STUBS
BANK STATEMENTS (PAST 3 MONTHS)
PREVIOUS 2 YEARS OF TAX RETURNS
LIST OF YOUR DEBTS & ASSETS
DIVORCE DECREE
ADDITIONAL INCOME DOCUMENTS

TYPES OF MORTGAGE LOANS

TYPES OF LOANS

	WHO QUALIFIES	DOWN PAYMENT	UPFRONT MORTGAGE INSURANCE	MONTHLY MORTGAGE INSURANCE	MINIMUM CREDIT SCORE
VA Department of Veteran Affairs	Veterans Personnel with honorable discharge Reservists & National Guard Surviving Spouses	NONE	NONE but has VA fee funding	NONE	500
USDA Department of Agriculture	Someone who is buying a home in a USDA - designated rural area.	NONE	2% of the loan amount. Can be rolled into loan amount.	REQUIRED	per AUS
FHA Federal Housing Administration	Anyone who meets the minimum credit and income levels.	At least 3.5% of purchase price	1.75% of loan amount	REQUIRED	500
203K Federal Housing Administration	Anyone who plans to purchase a fixer-upper or needs to renovate their home and meets credit & income requirements	At least 3.5% of purchase price	1.75% of loan amount	REQUIRED	620
CONVENTIONAL 97	Depending on the program, available first time home buyers (who hasn't owned in the last 3 years) can put 3% down.	At least 3% of purchase price	NONE	Options for monthly or single premium	620
HOME READY	Borrower must meet maximum 80% AMI income limits	At least 3% of purchase price	NONE	Options for monthly or single premium	620

LENDER RECOMMENDATIONS



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REVIEW

BUYER ADVISORY



Buyer Advisory



A Resource for Real Estate Consumers

Provided by the Arizona Association of REALTORS® and the Arizona Department of Real Estate

A real estate agent is vital to the purchase of real property and can provide a variety of services in locating a property, negotiating the sale, and advising the buyer.

A real estate agent is generally not qualified to discover defects or evaluate the physical condition of property; however, a real estate agent can assist a buyer in finding qualified inspectors and provide the buyer with documents and other resources containing vital information about a prospective property.

This Advisory is designed to make the purchase of real property as smooth as possible. Some of the more common issues that a buyer may decide to

investigate or verify concerning a property purchase are summarized in this Advisory. Included in this Advisory are:

1. Common documents a buyer should review;
2. Physical conditions in the property the buyer should investigate; and
3. Conditions affecting the surrounding area that the buyer should investigate.

In addition, a buyer must communicate to the real estate agents in the transaction any special concerns the buyer may have about the property or surrounding area, whether or not those issues are addressed in this Advisory.

Reminder:

This Advisory is supplemental to obtaining professional property inspections. Professional property inspections are absolutely essential: there is no practical substitute for a professional inspection as a measure to discover and investigate defects or shortcoming in a property.

Please Note:

The property may be subject to video and/or audio surveillance. Buyer should therefore exercise caution and not discuss features or pricing while in the home.

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BUYER ACKNOWLEDGMENT

Section 1

COMMON DOCUMENTS A BUYER SHOULD REVIEW

The documents listed below may not be relevant in every transaction, nor is the list exhaustive. Unless otherwise stated, the real estate broker has not independently verified the information contained in these documents.

1 Purchase Contract

Buyers should protect themselves by taking the time to read the Arizona REALTORS® Residential Resale Real Estate Purchase Contract and understand their legal rights and obligations before they submit an offer to buy a property.

[Residential Resale Real Estate Purchase Contract](#)
(Arizona REALTORS® Residential Resale Purchase Contract)

Contingency Waivers

The Purchase Contract contains numerous contingencies, including, but not limited to, the loan contingency, the inspection contingency, and the appraisal contingency. Should a buyer elect to waive any such contingencies in conjunction with their purchase offer, adverse consequences may result that place buyer at risk of losing their Earnest Money or incurring monetary damages if buyer decides not to purchase the property after their offer is accepted. Before offering to waive any contractual contingencies, buyers should weigh the risks and consult with independent legal counsel.

2 MLS Printout

A listing is a contractual agreement between the seller and the listing broker and may authorize the broker to submit information to the Multiple Listing Service (MLS). The MLS printout is similar to an advertisement. Neither the listing agreement nor the printout is a part of the purchase contract between the buyer and seller. The information in the MLS printout was probably secured from the seller, the builder, or a governmental agency, and could be inaccurate, incomplete or an approximation. Therefore, the buyer should verify any important information contained in the MLS.

3 The Subdivision Disclosure Report (Public Report)

A Subdivision Disclosure Report (Public Report) is intended to point out material information about a subdivision. Subdividers (any person who offers for sale or lease six or more lots in a subdivision or who causes land to be divided into a subdivision) are required to give buyers a Public Report. Read the Public Report before signing any contract to purchase a property in a

subdivision. Although some of the information may become outdated, subsequent buyers can also benefit from reviewing the Public Report. Public Reports dating from January 1, 1997, are available on the Arizona Department of Real Estate (ADRE) website

<https://services.azre.gov/publicdatabase/SearchDevelopments.aspx>
(ADRE Search Developments)

<https://azre.gov/consumers/property-buyers-checklist-home-or-land>
(ADRE Property Buyer's Checklist)

ADRE does not verify the information in the Public Report. Therefore, the Report could be inaccurate, so it should be verified by the buyer.

4 Seller's Property Disclosure Statement (SPDS)

Most sellers provide a SPDS. This document poses a variety of questions for the seller to answer about the property and its condition. The real estate broker is not responsible for verifying the accuracy of the items on the SPDS; therefore, a buyer should carefully review the SPDS and verify those statements of concern.

A seller's disclosure obligation remains even if the buyer and seller agree that no Seller's Property Disclosure Statement will be provided.

<https://bit.ly/3HDnA0u> (AAR Sample SPDS)
<http://www.azre.gov/PublicInfo/PropertyBuyerChecklist.aspx>
(ADRE Property Buyer's Checklist)

5 Covenants, Conditions and Restrictions (CC&Rs)

The CC&Rs are recorded against the property and generally empower a homeowner's association to control certain aspects of property use within the development. By purchasing a property in such a development, the buyer agrees to be bound by the CC&Rs. The association, the property owners as a whole, and individual property owner can enforce the CC&Rs. It is essential that the buyer review and agree to these restrictions prior to purchasing a property.

<http://www.azre.gov/PublicInfo/PropertyBuyerChecklist.aspx>
(ADRE Property Buyer's Checklist)

It is the law of this state that any covenants or restrictions that are based on race, religion, color, handicap status or national origin are invalid and unenforceable. A.R.S. 32-2107.01

<https://www.aaronline.com/arizona-deed-restrictions/> (Arizona Deed Restrictions webpage)

ADRE ADVISES: "Read the deed restrictions, also called CC&Rs (covenants, conditions and restrictions). You might find some of the CC&Rs are very strict." Buyers should consult legal counsel if uncertain of the application of particular provisions in the CC&Rs.

6 Homeowners Association (HOA) Governing Documents

In addition to CC&Rs, HOAs may be governed by Articles of Incorporation, Bylaws, Rules and Regulations, and often architectural control standards. Read and understand these documents. Also, be aware that some HOAs impose fees that must be paid when the property is sold, so ask if the purchase of the property will result in any fees. Condominium and planned community HOAs are regulated by Arizona statutes. They are not under the jurisdiction of the Department of Real Estate (ADRE). Nonetheless, the Arizona's Homeowner's Association Dispute Process is administered by the ADRE.

<http://bit.ly/2ebBSLH> (A.R.S. 33-1260);

<http://bit.ly/2e8jdM3> (A.R.S. 33-1806)

<http://bit.ly/1rCq9kd> (ADRE HOA Information)

7 HOA Disclosures

If purchasing a resale home in a condominium or planned community, the seller (if fewer than 50 units in the community) or the HOA (if there are 50 or more units) must provide the buyer with a disclosure containing a variety of information.

<http://bit.ly/2ebBSLH> (A.R.S.33-1260);

and <http://bit.ly/2e8jdM3> (A.R.S. 33-1806)

8 Community Facilities District

Community Facilities Districts (CFDs) are special taxing districts that use bonds for the purpose of financing construction, acquisition, operation and maintenance of public infrastructure that benefits the real property owners comprising the CFD members. Roadways, public sewer, utility infrastructure and public parks are examples of the types of public infrastructure paid for by CFDs. CFDs have a Governing Board that may be the City Council acting as the board or a stand-alone board. Any member of a CFD may request disclosures from this board. Questions to ask include: the amount still owed and how many more payments are left in order to pay off the CFD for the property. It is important that you review the Detailed Property Tax Statement which will show the current amount due to the CFD. CFDs are most commonly found on the property's detailed property tax statement from the County Tax Assessor. The local municipality or county can also be a source of CFD information.

9 Title Report or Title Commitment

The title report or commitment contains important information and is provided to the buyer by the title/escrow company or agent. This report or commitment lists documents that are exceptions to the title insurance (Schedule B Exceptions). Schedule B Exceptions may include encumbrances, easements, and liens against the property, some of which may affect the use of the property, such as a future addition or swimming pool. Make sure you receive and review all of the listed documents. Questions about the title commitment and Schedule B documents may be answered by the title or escrow officer, legal counsel, or a surveyor.

<https://www.homeclosing101.org/> (American Land Title Association)

<https://bit.ly/34KkCaQ> (CFPB - What is title insurance?)

10 Loan Information and Documents

Unless a buyer is paying cash, the buyer must qualify for a loan in order to complete the purchase. A buyer should complete a loan application with a lender before making an offer on a property if at all possible and, if not, immediately after making an offer. It will be the buyer's responsibility to deposit any down payment and ensure that the buyer's lender deposits the remainder of the purchase price into escrow prior to the close of escrow date. Therefore, make sure you get all requested documentation to your lender as soon as possible. www.consumerfinance.gov/owning-a-home/ (Buying a house: Tools & Resources for Homebuyers) https://www.hud.gov/topics/buying_a_home (HUD.gov)

11 Home Warranty Policy

A home warranty [policy] is a service contract that typically covers the repair and/or replacement costs of home appliances and major systems such as heating, cooling, plumbing, and possibly other components of a home that fail due to normal usage and age. Coverage varies depending on the policy. Be aware that pre-existing property conditions are generally not covered. A home warranty may be part of the sale of the home. If so, buyers should thoroughly read the home warranty contract to understand coverage, limitations, exclusions, and costs associated with the policy.

12 Affidavit of Disclosure

If the buyer is purchasing five or fewer parcels of land (whether improved or vacant), other than subdivided land, in an unincorporated area of a county, the seller must furnish the buyer with an Affidavit of Disclosure.

<https://bit.ly/2ZLwvdX>

(AAR Sample Affidavit of Disclosure)

13 Lead-Based Paint Disclosure Form

If the home was built prior to 1978, the seller must provide the buyer with a lead-based paint disclosure form. Buyer is further advised to use certified contractors to perform renovation, repair or painting projects that disturb lead-based paint in residential properties built before 1978 and to follow specific work practices to prevent lead contamination.

<http://bit.ly/2O4pL4A> (AAR Sample Form)

<https://bit.ly/3uzq5Kb> (ADRE Lead Based Paint Information)

14 Professional Inspection Report

The importance of having a property inspected by a professional inspector cannot be over-emphasized. An inspection is visual physical examination, performed for a fee, designed to identify material defects in the property.

The inspector will generally provide the buyer with a report detailing information about the property's condition. The buyer should carefully review this report with the inspector and ask the inspector about any item of concern. Pay attention to the scope of the inspection and any portions of the property excluded from the inspection.

<https://www.homeinspector.org>
(ASHI Home Buyer's Guide)

15 County Assessors/Tax Records

The county assessor's records contain a variety of valuable information, including the assessed value of the property for tax purposes and some of the physical aspects of the property, such as the reported square footage. The date-built information in the assessor's records can be either the actual or effective/weighted age if the residence has been remodeled. All information on the site should be verified for accuracy.

Apache:
<https://bit.ly/3CVkXTu>

Coconino:
<http://bit.ly/2F9PstM>

Graham:
<http://bit.ly/2JGz2ZO>

La Paz:
<http://bit.ly/2HzhhdR>

Mohave:
<https://bit.ly/2Y8QH9g>

Pima:
<https://www.asr.pima.gov/>

SantaCruz:
<http://bit.ly/1yRYwXI>

Yuma:
<https://bit.ly/3uO8BbW>

Cochise:
<http://bit.ly/1oUS7ok>

Gila:
<http://bit.ly/Yq3bV9>

Greenlee:
<http://bit.ly/2SCTZu6>

Maricopa:
<https://mccassessor.maricopa.gov/>

Navajo:
<http://bit.ly/1pWxgVA>

Pinal:
[http://www.pinalcountyaz.gov/
Assessor/Pages/home.aspx](http://www.pinalcountyaz.gov/Assessor/Pages/home.aspx)

Yavapai:
[Assessor's Office Home
\(yavapiaz.gov\)](#)

16 Termites and Other Wood Destroying Insects and Organisms

Termites and other wood destroying insects are commonly found in some parts of Arizona. General guidance, inspection report information and the ability to search a property for past termite treatments may be found on the Arizona Department of Agriculture website.

<https://agriculture.az.gov/pestspest-control/termites>
(AZDA-Termite Information)

<http://bit.ly/2GiGllR%20> (AZDA-Wood Destroying
Insect Inspection Reports)

<https://tarf.azda.gov/> (AZDA-Search for Termite
Reports)

17 Foreign Investment in Real Property Tax Act (FIRPTA)

Foreign Investment in Real Property Tax Act (FIRPTA) may impact the purchase of property if the legal owner(s) of the property are foreign persons or non-resident aliens pursuant to FIRPTA. If so, consult a tax advisor as mandatory withholding may apply.

<https://bit.ly/3w10GsF> (I.R.S. FIRPTA Definitions)

<https://www.irs.gov/Individuals/International-taxpayers/firpta-withholding> (I.R.S. FIRPTA Information)

<https://www.irsvideos.gov/Individual/education/FIRPTA>

I.R.S. FIRPTA Video)

Section 2

COMMON PHYSICAL CONDITIONS IN THE PROPERTY A BUYER SHOULD INVESTIGATE

Because every buyer and every property are different, the physical property conditions requiring investigation will vary.

1 Repairs, Remodeling and New Construction

The seller may have made repairs or added a room to the property. The buyer should feel comfortable that the work was properly done or have an expert evaluate the work. Request copies of permits, invoices or other documentation regarding the work performed.

USE OF LICENSED CONTRACTORS

A contractor's license is required for work performed on a property unless the aggregate contract price, including labor and material, is less than \$1,000, the work performed is of a "casual or minor nature," and no building permit is required. An unlicensed property owner may also perform work themselves if the property is intended for occupancy solely by the owner. If, however, the property is listed or offered for sale or rent within one year of the completed work, it is considered prima facie evidence that the owner performed the work for purposes of sale or rent.

Owners of property who are acting as developers, who improve structures or appurtenances to structures on their property for the purpose of sale or rent, and who contract with a licensed general contractor must identify the licensed contractors' names and license numbers in all sales documents.
<https://roc.az.gov/before-hire> (Before you Hire a Contractor-Tips)
<https://remodelingdoneright.nari.org/> (National Association of the Remodeling Industry)
<https://apps-secure.phoenix.gov/PDD/Search/Permits> (Phoenix Building Permit Search)
<https://www.tucsonaz.gov/pdsd/records> (Tucson Building permit records)
Other cities- search Planning & Development

2 Square Footage

Square footage on the MLS printout or as listed by the county assessor's records is often only an estimate and generally should not be relied upon for the exact square footage. An appraiser or architect can measure the property's size to verify the square footage.

If the square footage is important, you should have it confirmed by one of these experts during the inspection period in a resale transaction and prior to executing a contract on a new home transaction.

<https://difi.az.gov/industry/RealEstateAppraisers> (Licensed Real Estate Appraisers)

3 Roof

If the roof is 10 years old or older, a roof inspection by a licensed roofing contractors highly recommended.

www.azroofing.org (Arizona Roofing Contractors Association) <https://roc.az.gov/before-hire> (Before you Hire a Contractor)

4 Swimming Pools and Spas

If the property has a pool or a spa, the home inspector may Exclude the pool or spa from the general inspection so an inspection by a pool or spa company may be necessary.

<https://www.aaronline.com/2010/10/27/pool-barrier-law-contact-information/> (AAR-Pool Barrier Laws & Information) <https://www.azleg.gov/> (A.R.S. 36-1681 Swimming Pool Enclosures)

5 Septic and Other On-Site Wastewater Treatment Facilities

If the home is not connected to a public sewer, it is probably served by an on-site wastewater treatment facility (conventional septic or alternative system). A qualified inspector must inspect any such facility within six months prior to transfer of ownership. For information on current inspection and transfer of ownership requirements, contact the specific county environmental/health agency where the property is located or the Arizona Department Environmental Quality (ADEQ).

<https://azdeq.gov/OSWW-NOT> (ADEQ – AZ Statewide Inspection Program File a Notice of Transfer Online)

6 SEWER

Even if the listing or SPDS indicates that the property is connected to the city sewer, a plumber, home inspector, or other professional should verify it. Some counties and cities can perform this test as well.

7 Water/Well Issues

The property may receive water from a municipal system, a private water company, or a well. You should investigate the availability and quality of the water to the property, as well as the water provider. A list of Arizona's water companies is available at the Arizona Corporation Commission.

<https://www.azcc.gov/utilities/water>
(Arizona Corporation Commission- Utilities Water)
<https://new.azwater.gov/aaws/statutes-rules>
(Assured and Adequate Water Supply)

Adjudications: Arizona is undertaking several Stream

Adjudications, which are court proceedings to determine the extent and priority of water rights in an entire river system.

For information regarding water uses and

watersheds

affected by these adjudications, and the forms of the property, visit the Department of Water Resources website.

Resources

CAGRDs: The Central Arizona Groundwater Replenishment District (CAGRD) functions to replenish groundwater used by its members, individual subdivisions and service areas of member water providers. Homeowners in a CAGRD pay an annual assessment fee which is collected through the county property tax process based the amount of ground water served to member homes.

www.cagrd.com
(Central Arizona Ground Water Replenishment District)

8 Soil Problems

The soil in some areas of Arizona has "clay-like" tendencies, sometimes referred to as "expansive soil."

Other areas are subject to fissure, subsidence and other soil conditions. Properties built on such soils may experience significant movement causing a major problem.

If it has been disclosed that the property is subject to any such soil conditions or if the buyer has any concerns about the soil condition or observes evidence of cracking, the buyer should secure an independent assessment of the property and its structural integrity by a licensed, bonded, and insured professional engineer.

<https://azgs.arizona.edu/center-natural-hazards/problem-soils>
(Problem Soils -UA Science AZ Geological Survey)
<http://bit.ly/2yfvVHR>
(Information on Land Subsidence & Earth Fissures)
www.btr.state.az.us
(State Certified Engineers & Firms)

9 Previous Fire/Flood

If it is disclosed there has been a fire or flood on the property, a qualified inspector should be hired to advise you regarding any possible future problems as a result of the fire or flood damage and/or any subsequent repairs. For example, if the property was not properly cleaned after a flood, mold issues may result. Your insurance agent may be able to assist you in obtaining information regarding fire, flood, or other past damage to the property.

10 Pests

Cockroaches, rattlesnakes, black widow spiders, scorpions, termites and other pests are common in parts of Arizona. Fortunately, most pests can be controlled with pesticides.

Scorpions: Scorpions, on the other hand, may be difficult to eliminate. If buyer has any concerns or if the SPDS indicates the seller has seen scorpions or other pests on the property, seek the advice of a pest control company.

Bed Bugs: Infestations are on the rise in Arizona and nationally.

Roof Rats: Roof Rats have been reported in some areas by Maricopa County Environmental Services.

Termites: Consumer Information is available from Bark Beetles Bark beetles have been reported in some forested areas.

<https://agriculture.az.gov/pests-pest-control/household-pests/scorpions>
(Scorpions – Information)

<https://agriculture.az.gov/pests-pest-control/household-pests/bed-bugs>
(Bed Bugs – Information)

<https://agriculture.az.gov/pests-pest-control/household-pests/roof-rats>
(Roof Rats)

<https://agriculture.az.gov/pests-pest-control/termites>
(Termite Information)

<https://agriculture.az.gov/pests-pest-control/agriculture-pests/bark-beetles>
(Bark Beetles – Information)

11 Endangered & Threatened Species

Certain areas in the state may have issues related to federally listed endangered or threatened species that may affect land uses. Further information may be obtained on the U.S. Fish and Wildlife website or by contacting the appropriate planning/development service department.

[Arizona Ecological Services Field Office | U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service \(fws.gov\)](#)
(Arizona Ecological Services) (Arizona Endangered Species)

12 Death and Felonies on the Properties

Arizona law states that sellers and real estate licensees have no liability for failure to disclose to a buyer that the property was ever the site of a natural death, suicide, murder or felony.

This information is often difficult to uncover; however, the local law enforcement agency may be able to identify incidents related to a property address.

<http://bit.ly/2lo53MZ> (A.R.S. § 32-2156)

13 Indoor Environmental Concerns

Attention has been given to the possible health effects of mold in homes, apartments and commercial buildings. Certain types of molds may cause health problems in some people while triggering only common allergic responses in others.

Mold is often not detectable by a visual inspection. To determine if the premises you are purchasing, or leasing contains mold or airborne health hazards, you may retain an environmental expert to perform an indoor air quality test. This is particularly important if any of the inspection reports or disclosure documents indicate the existence of past or present moisture, standing water, visible water stains, or water intrusion in the Premises.

The Arizona Department of Health Services, Office of Environmental Health, states:

“If you can see mold, or if there is an earthy or musty odor, you can assume you have a mold problem.”

Epa.gov/indoor-air-quality-iaq
(EPA-Indoor Air Quality)
<https://www.epa.gov/mold>
(EPA-Mold)

<https://www.cdc.gov/mold/default.htm>
(CDC-Mold Information)

Imported Drywall: There have been reports of problematic drywall, produced in China, used in Arizona homes. Residents in homes with problem drywall report health issues such as respiratory irritation, and other problems such as copper corrosion and sulfur odors. Visit the Consumer Product Safety Commission website for more information.

Radon Gas and Carbon Monoxide: Radon gas and carbon monoxide poisoning are two of the more common and potentially serious indoor air quality (IAQ) concerns. Both of these concerns can be addressed by the home inspector, usually for an additional fee. For information on radon levels in the state, visit Arizona Radiation Regulatory Agency online.

Drug labs: Residual contamination arising from the illicit manufacture of methamphetamine and other drugs carried out in clandestine drug laboratories presents a serious risk of harm to human and environmental health.

Other: For information on other indoor environmental concerns, the EPA has a host of resource materials and pamphlets online.

bit.ly/2kRk7jm (Drywall Information Center)
<http://bit.ly/2GclWpM> (About Radon)
<http://bit.ly/2t1CAPq> (Carbon Monoxide Infographic)
<https://www.epa.gov/asbestos> (Asbestos Information)
<http://bit.ly/2qUZcSt> (Voluntary Guidelines-
Methamphetamine & Fentanyl Laboratory Cleanup)
[Formaldehyde | US EPA](#) (EPA Formaldehyde)

14 Property Boundaries

If the property boundaries are of concern, a survey may be warranted. For example, a survey may be advisable if there is an obvious use of property by others, i.e., a well-worn path across a property and/or parked cars on the property or fences or structures of adjacent property owners that appear to be built on the property. For more information, visit the Arizona Professional Land Surveyors online. A search for surveyors may be found online at the Board of Technical Registration.

https://www.azpls.org/secure/find_surveyor.asp
(AZ BTR Land Surveyors)

15 Flood Insurance/Flood Plain Status

Your mortgage lender may require you to purchase flood insurance in connection with your purchase of the property. The National Flood Insurance Program provides for the availability of flood insurance and established flood insurance policy premiums based on the risk of flooding in the area where properties are located. Changes to the federal law (The Biggert-Waters Flood Insurance Reform Act of 2012 and the Homeowner Flood Insurance Affordability Act of 2014, in particular) will result in changes to flood insurance premiums that are likely to be higher, and in the future, may be substantially higher, than premiums paid for flood insurance prior to or at the time of sale of the property. As a result, purchasers of property should not rely on the premiums paid for flood insurance on the property previously as an indication of the premiums that will apply after completion of the purchase. In considering purchase of the property, you should consult with one or more carriers of flood insurance for a better understanding of flood insurance coverage, current and anticipated future flood insurance premiums, whether the prior owner's policy may be assumed by a subsequent purchase of the property, and other matters related to the purchase of flood insurance for the property. If community flood plain information is not available for a specific property, and in order to obtain flood insurance, it may be necessary to have an elevation survey and obtain an elevation certificate. This is necessary to determine a property's insurability and premium rate. You may also wish to contact the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) for

more information about flood insurance as it relates to the property.

[National Flood Insurance Program \(FEMA\)](#)

<https://www.realtor.com/flood-risk/> (Flood Risk Information)

<https://www.floodsmart.gov/flood-map-zone/elevation-certificate> (Elevation Certificates: Who Needs Them and Why - fact sheet)

<http://azgs.arizona.edu/center-natural-hazards/floods> (Flooding in Arizona)

<https://www.fcd.maricopa.gov/5308/Flood-Control-District> (Maricopa County Flood Control District-Services)

Other Arizona Counties: Consult County Websites.

16 Insurance (Claims History)

Many factors affect the availability and cost of homeowner's insurance. Property owners may request a five-year claims history from their insurance company, an insurance support organization or consumer reporting agency.

[Consumer Resources \(naic.org\)](#) (Helping You Navigate Insurance and Make Better Informed Decisions)

17 Other Property Conditions

Plumbing: Check functionality.

Cooling/Heating: Make sure the cooling and heating systems are adequate. If it is important to you, hire a qualified heating/cooling inspector.

<https://www.epa.gov/ods-phaseout> (Phaseout of Ozone-Depleting Substances - ODS)

Electrical Systems: Check for functionality and safety.

Section 3

CONDITIONS AFFECTING THE AREA SURROUNDING THE PROPERTY THE BUYER SHOULD INVESTIGATE

Every property is unique; therefore, important conditions vary.

Environmental Concerns

It is often very difficult to identify environmental hazards. The Arizona Department of Environmental Quality (ADEQ) website contains environmental information regarding the locations of open and closed landfills (Solid Waste Facilities), wildfire information, as well as air and water quality

information, as well as air and water quality information (and more).

<https://azdeq.gov/landfills> (ADEQ-Landfills)

<https://www.azdeq.gov/solidwaste> (ADEQ-Solid Waste Facilities)

<https://azdeq.gov/WildfireSupport> (Wildfire Support)

1 Environmentally Sensitive Land Ordinance

Approximately two-thirds of the City of Scottsdale is affected by the Environmentally Sensitive Land Ordinance (ESLO), which requires some areas on private property be retained in their natural state and designated as National Area OpenSpace (NAOS).

<https://www.scottsdaleaz.gov/codes/eslo>
(ELS and NAOS)

2 Electric and Magnetic Fields (EMFs)

For information on electric and magnetic fields, and whether they pose a health risk to you or your family, visit the National Institute of Environmental Health Sciences website.

<https://www.niehs.nih.gov/health/topics/agents/emf/index.cfm>
(National Institute of Environmental Health Sciences)

3 Superfund Sites

There are numerous sites in Arizona where the soil and groundwater have been contaminated by improper disposal of contaminants. Maps may be viewed on ADEQ's website to see if a property is in an area designated by the ADEQ as requiring cleanup.

https://www.azdeq.gov/NPL_Sites (AZ ADEQ – Superfund Sites)
<https://www.epa.gov/superfund> (EPA Superfund)

4 Freeway Construction and Traffic Conditions

The presence of a freeway near the property may provide highly desirable access, sometimes it contributes to undesirable noise. To search for roadway construction and planning, visit the Arizona Department of Transportation (ADOT) website.

<https://azdot.gov/projects> (ADOT Statewide Projects)
<https://az511.com> (ADOT Road Conditions)

5 Crime Statistics

Crime statistics, an imperfect measurement at best, provide some indication of the level of criminal activity in an area.

<https://communitycrimemap.com> (Crime Statistics - All Arizona Cities)

6 Sex Offenders

Since June 1996, Arizona has maintained a registry and community notification program for convicted sex offenders. Prior to June 1996, registration was not required, and only the higher-risk sex offenders are on the website. The presence of a sex offender in the vicinity of the property is not a fact that the seller or real estate broker is required to disclose.

<https://www.azdps.gov/services/public/offender>

(Registered Sex Offender and Community Notification)

<https://www.nsopw.gov/>

(National Sex Offender Public Site)

7 Forested Areas

Life in a forested area has unique benefits and concerns. As with other natural disasters that affect the United States in any given year including flooding, tornados, hurricanes and earthquakes, having information regarding wildfire risk will be crucial for Buyers here in the Southwest. To get the most up to date information on the community you are seeking to purchase in, search by city name, zip code and/or contact county/city fire authority for more information on issues particular to a community.

www.wildfirerisk.org

(Search - Community Wildfire Risk)

<https://dffm.az.gov/fire/prevention/firewise>

(Arizona Fire Wise Communities)

<https://www.nfpa.org/Public-Education/By-topic/Wildfire/Firewise-USA>

(Public Education/Fire Wise USA)

8 Military and Public Airports

The legislature has mandated the identification of areas in the immediate vicinity of military and public airports that are susceptible to a certain level of noise from aircraft. The boundaries of these areas have been plotted on maps that are useful in determining if a property falls within one of these areas. The maps for military and public airports may be accessed on the Arizona Department of Real Estate (ADRE) website. Additionally, the boundaries of military and public airports in Maricopa County may be viewed on the county website. These maps are intended to show the area subject to a preponderance of airport-related noise from a given airport. Periodic over-flights that may contribute to noise cannot usually be determined from these maps.

Vacant land or lots may be for sale within areas of high noise or accident potential zones. Because the zoning of these lots may conflict with the buyer's ability to develop the property, the buyer should verify whether development is prohibited. Zoning regulations for these areas, may be found at A.R.S. §28-8481.

<https://azre.gov/military-airports>
(ADRE - Maps of Military Airports Boundaries)

<http://azre.gov/public-airports>

(ADRE - Maps of Public Airports & Boundaries)
<https://www.skyharbor.com/FlightPaths>
(Phoenix Skyharbor Airport - General Information)

ADRE ADVISES:

"Call the school district serving the subdivision to determine whether nearby schools' area accepting new students. Some school districts, especially in the northwest of the greater Phoenix area, have placed a cap on enrolment. You may find that your children cannot attend the school nearest you and may even be transported to another community."

<https://azre.gov/consumers/property-buyers-checklist-home-or-land>
(ADRE)

9 Zoning/Planning/Neighborhood Services

Information may be found on community websites.

<http://phoenix.gov/business/zoning> (Phoenix)

<http://www.tucsonaz.gov/pdsd/planning-zoning> (Tucson)

11 City Profile Report

Information on demographics, finances and other factors are drawn from an array of sources, such as U.S. Census Bureau of Labor, Internal Revenue Service, Federal Bureau of Investigation, and the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration and may be viewed on Homefair's Website.

<https://www.moving.com/real-estate/city-profile/>
(Find City Stats & Information)

10 Schools

Although there is no substitute for an on-site visit to the school to talk with principals and teachers, there is a significant amount of information about Arizona's schools on the Internet.

Visit the Arizona Department of Education website

for

[more information](https://www.azed.gov/) (Arizona Department of Education)

Section 4

OTHER METHODS OF GETTING INFORMATION ABOUT A PROPERTY

Drive Around the Neighborhood

Buyers should always drive around the neighborhood, preferably on different days at several different times of the day and evening, to investigate the surrounding area.

Investigate Your Surroundings

Google Earth is an additional method to investigate the surrounding area: [Google Earth](#)

Talk to the Neighbors

Neighbors can provide a wealth of information. Buyer should always talk to the surrounding residents about the neighborhood and the history of the property the buyer is considering for purchase.

Section 5

RESOURCES**Market Conditions Advisory**

The real estate market is cyclical and real estate values go up and down. The financial market also changes, affecting the terms on which a lender will agree to loan money on real property. It is impossible to accurately predict what the real estate or financial market conditions will be at any given time.

The ultimate decision on the price a buyer is willing to pay and the price a seller is willing to accept for a specific property rest solely with the individual buyer or seller. The parties to a real estate transaction must decide on what price and terms they are willing to buy or sell considering market conditions, their own financial resources and their own unique circumstances.

The parties must, upon careful deliberation, decide how much risk they are willing to assume in a transaction. Any waiver of contingencies, rights or warranties in the Contract may have adverse consequences. Buyer and seller acknowledge that they understand these risks.

Buyer and Seller assume all responsibility should the return on investment, tax consequences, credit effects, or financing terms not meet their expectations. The parties understand and agree that the Broker(s) do not provide advice on property as an investment. Broker(s) are not qualified to provide financial, legal, or tax advice regarding a real estate transaction. Therefore, Broker(s) makes no representation regarding the above items. Buyer and seller are advised to obtain professional tax and legal advice regarding the advisability of entering into this transaction.

[Market Conditions Advisory](#) (Arizona REALTORS® – Sample Forms)

Fair Housing and Disability Laws

It is illegal under the Fair Housing Act and Arizona Fair Housing laws for a property owner/seller, landlord, property manager or real estate professional to discriminate in the sale, rental, and financing of housing and in other housing-related activities against another person based on certain protected characteristics.

The National Association of REALTORS® Code of Ethics also prohibits discrimination or aiding in discrimination. It is unlawful to discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, religion, sex (including gender identity and sexual orientation), familial status, and disability.

<https://www.aaronline.com/manage-risk/other-advisories/>

(Arizona REALTORS® Fair Housing Advisory)

[Fair Housing Rights and Obligation](#) (HUD.gov)

<http://www.ada.gov/pubs/ada.htm> (Americans with Disabilities Act)

Wire Fraud

Beware of wiring instructions sent via email. Cyber criminals may hack email accounts and send emails with fake wiring instructions. You should independently confirm wiring instructions in person or via a telephone call to a trusted and verified phone number prior to wiring any money.

<https://www.aaronline.com/manage-risk/other-advisories/> (Arizona REALTORS® Wire Fraud Advisory)

[Mortgage Closing Scams](#) (CFPB-How to Protect Yourself)

Additional Information

NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF REALTORS®(NAR)

<https://www.nar.realtor/>

Ten Step Guide to Buying a Home (Realtor.com)

<http://bit.ly/3pQqXX7>

Home Closing 101

www.homeclosing101.org

Information about Arizona Government, State Agencies and Arizona REALTORS®

Arizona Department of Real Estate Consumer Information

www.azre.gov/InfoFor/Consumers.aspx

Arizona Association of REALTORS®

www.aaronline.com

BUYER ACKNOWLEDGMENT

Buyer acknowledges receipt of all 13 pages of this Advisory.

Buyer further acknowledges that there may be other disclosure issues of concern not listed in this Advisory. Buyer is responsible for making all necessary inquiries and consulting the appropriate persons or entities prior to the purchase of any property.

The information in this Advisory is provided with the understanding that it is not intended as legal or other professional services or advice. These materials have been prepared for general informational purposes only. The information and links contained herein may not be updated or revised for accuracy. If you have any additional questions or need advice, please contact your own lawyer or other professional representative.

^BUYER SIGNATURE DATE

^BUYER SIGNATURE DATE





START HOME
SHOPPING

FIND YOUR DREAM HOME



START TOURING HOMES IN YOUR PRICE RANGE

Time to start shopping! We will take notes on all the homes we visit. It can be hard to remember all the details of each home, so take pictures or videos to help you remember each home, and review the notes you have written. Once we have found THE house for you, we will present an appropriate offer based on recent sales and current buyer activity in the area, as well as the value of the property in its current condition. Negotiations may take place after the offer is presented.



TIP:

We will make sure to check every little detail of each house

- Test the plumbing
- Test the electrical system
- Open and close the windows & doors to make sure they work properly

Evaluate the neighborhood and surrounding areas

- Are the surrounding homes well maintained?
- How much traffic is on the street?
- Is it conveniently located to schools, shopping, restaurants, & parks

BUYER PREFERENCES

WANT NEED



Kitchen:

- Updated appliances (e.g. refrigerator, stove, dishwasher, microwave)
- Ample counter space
- Plenty of cabinet storage
- Pantry
- Island or breakfast bar
- Quality flooring (e.g. tile, hardwood)

Living Room:



- Open floor plan
- Natural lighting
- Cozy fireplace
- Space for a home entertainment system
- Quality flooring (e.g. hardwood, carpet)

Bedrooms:



- Sufficient space for a bed and furniture
- Walk-in closet
- Natural lighting
- Quality flooring (e.g. carpet, hardwood)
- Ensuite bathroom

Bathrooms:



- Updated fixtures (e.g. shower, toilet, sink)
- Adequate storage
- Quality flooring (e.g. tile, stone)
- Good lighting
- Separate shower and bathtub

Outdoor Spaces:

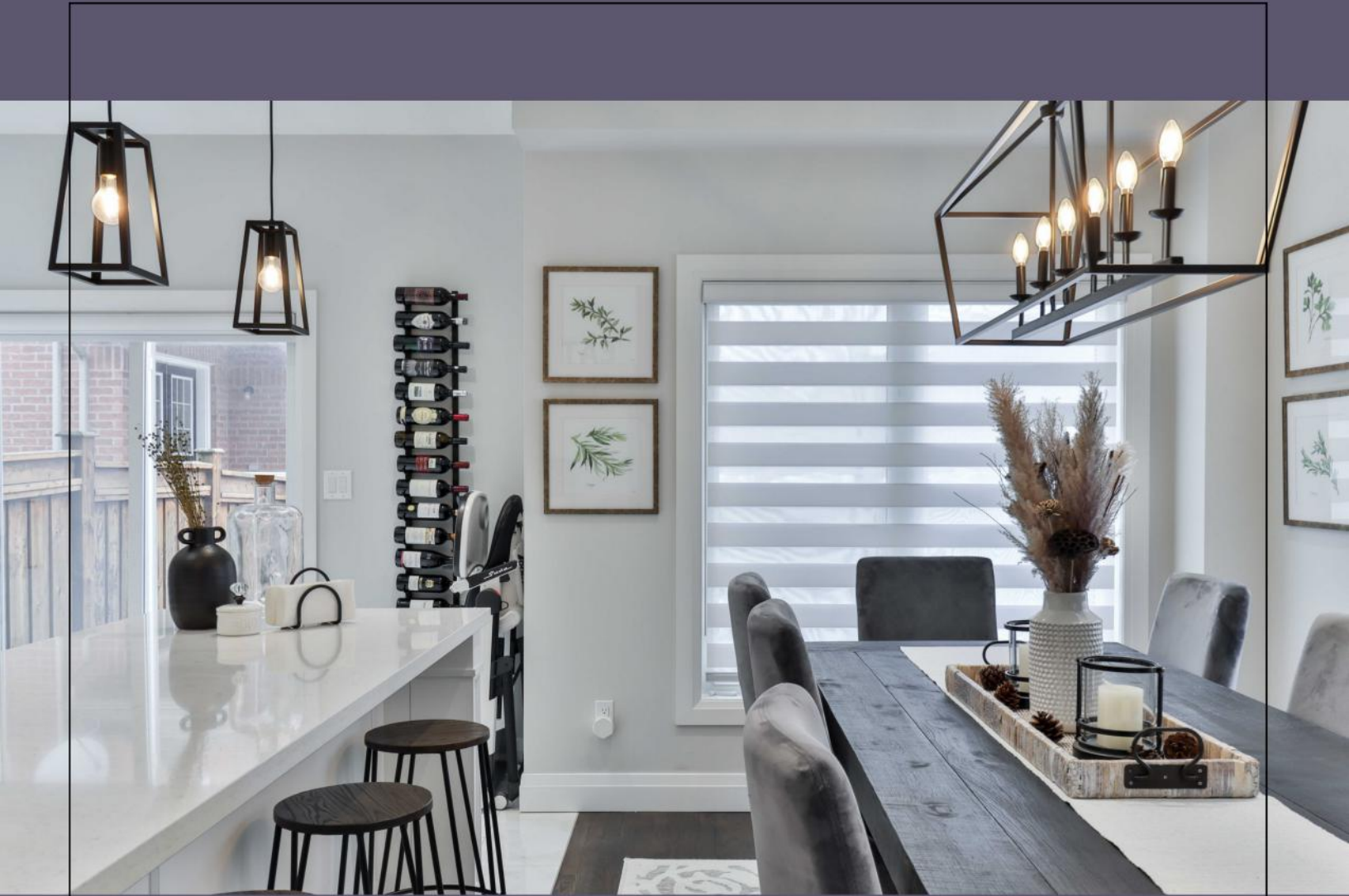


- Backyard or patio
- Pool or hot tub
- Outdoor cooking area (e.g. grill, smoker)
- Outdoor dining area
- Low maintenance landscaping

Other Rooms:



- Laundry room
- Storage space (e.g. attic, basement)
- Office or den
- Garage or off-street parking



MAKE AN
OFFER

MAKING AN OFFER

WHEN TO MAKE AN OFFER:

So you have found THE house! Congrats! In today's market when the demand is higher than the amount of homes available it is important to act fast!

HOW MUCH TO OFFER:

We will sit down and look at recent sales and current buyer activity in the area, as well as the value of the property in its present condition. Putting all this information together, we will determine the price that you would like to offer.

SUBMITTING AN OFFER

There are some components to an offer that makes it more appealing to the sellers.

- PUT YOUR BEST FOOT FORWARD**
We will work together to discuss your options and create your very best offer. Depending on the circumstances, you may have only one chance to make a good impression.
- PUT DOWN A HEALTHY EARNEST DEPOSIT**
A large earnest money deposit shows the seller you are serious
- CASH TALKS**
A transaction that is not dependent on receiving loan approval is more attractive to a seller
- SHORTER INSPECTION PERIODS**
Try shortening the inspection period to 10 days
- OFFER TO CLOSE QUICKLY**
Many sellers prefer to close within 30 days.



AFTER YOU SUBMIT AN OFFER

THE SELLER COULD

- ACCEPT THE OFFER**
- DECLINE THE OFFER**
This happens if the seller thinks your offer isn't close enough to their expectations to further negotiate.
- COUNTER-OFFER**
A counter-offer is when the seller offers you different terms. If this happens, you can:
 - ACCEPT THE SELLER'S COUNTER-OFFER**
 - DECLINE THE SELLER'S COUNTER-OFFER**
 - COUNTER THE SELLER'S COUNTER-OFFER**You can negotiate back and forth as many times as needed until you reach an agreement or someone chooses to walk away.

OFFER IS ACCEPTED - CONGRATS!

You will sign the purchase agreement and you are now officially under contract! This period of time is called the contingency period. Now inspections, appraisals, or anything else built into your purchase agreement will take place.



ORDER AN
INSPECTION

INSPECTION

TIME

During the inspection period, you will schedule an inspection with a reputable home inspector to do a thorough investigation of the home.

STEP 1: EXTERIOR INSPECTION

Conduct an exterior inspection, examining the roof, gutters, exterior walls, windows, doors, and foundation for damage or wear that could compromise the home's safety and integrity.

STEP 2: INTERIOR INSPECTION

Conduct an interior inspection, examining the condition of walls, ceilings, floors, doors, and windows, as well as major appliances, electrical, plumbing, heating, and cooling systems.

STEP 3: ATTIC AND BASEMENT INSPECTION

Inspect the attic and basement for the condition of insulation, ventilation, and structural components, and check for signs of pests or water damage.

STEP 4: REPORT WRITING AND COMMUNICATION

Inspector will provide a detailed report with a summary of results, concerns, and repair/maintenance recommendations. The inspector may advise on addressing issues found. Buyers can accept or request the seller to address them, with significant issues given priority over smaller ones.





FINAL
NEGOTIATIONS

NEGOTIATE

THE FINAL OFFER

Issues typically arise after the home inspection, and those issues tend to result in another round of negotiations for credits or fixes.

STEP #1

ASK FOR CREDIT FOR THE WORK THAT NEEDS TO BE DONE
Likely, the last thing the seller wants to do is repair work.

STEP #2

THINK "BIG PICTURE" AND DON'T SWEAT THE SMALL STUFF
A tile that needs some caulking or a leaky faucet can easily be fixed. Repairs are still up for negotiation and perhaps a small credit would help with closing costs.

STEP #3

UTILIZE THE FULL INSPECTION PERIOD
Normally you will have 10 days from executed contract to inspect every aspect of the home. This can include using different inspectors outside a normal inspector, such as sewer, HVAC, and electrical. Also a good time to check out the neighbors!





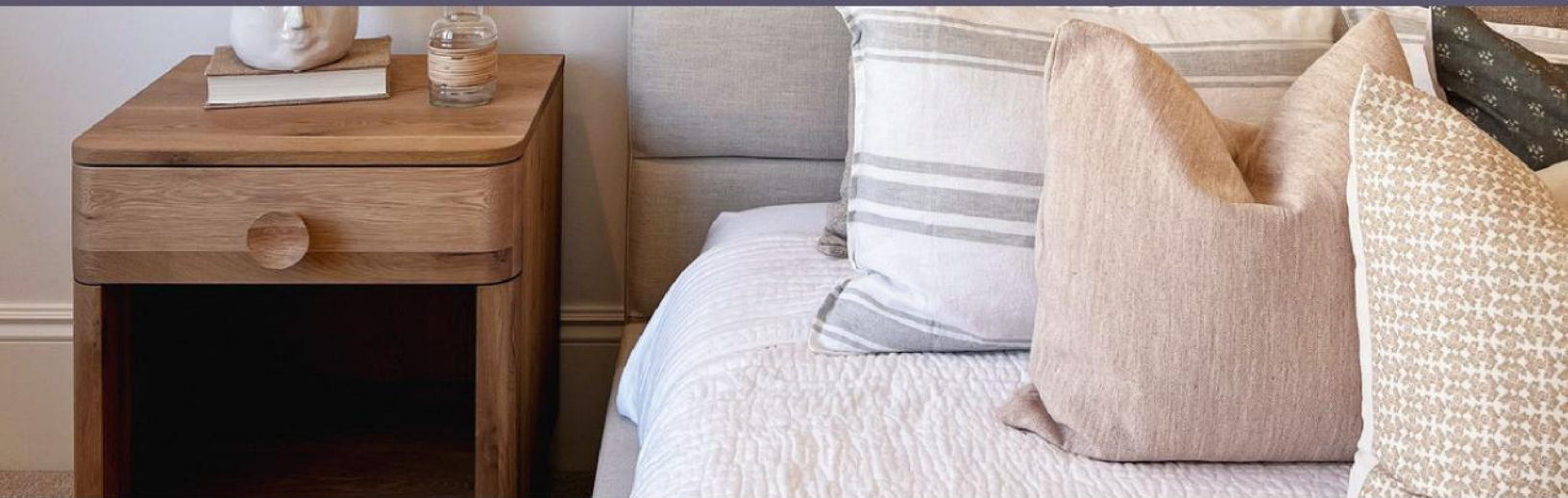
ORDER
APPRAISAL

APPRAISAL

ORDERED

Your lender will arrange for a third-party appraiser to provide an independent estimate of the value of the house you are buying. The appraisal lets all parties involved know that the price is fair. The loan file then moves on to the mortgage underwriter.

If approved, you will receive your final commitment letter, including the final loan terms & percentage rates.



PROPERTY TITLE SEARCH

A property title search is the process of examining public records to determine the legal ownership and any outstanding liens or encumbrances on a property. It is performed during the home-buying process to ensure clear ownership and address any issues before the sale. It is typically done by a title company or real estate attorney.

HOMEOWNERS INSURANCE

You'll need insurance for the new home before closing. This will protect against things like fire, storms, and flooding. Homeowner's insurance is important because it provides financial protection against losses or damage to your property, liability coverage, is often required by mortgage lenders, and provides peace of mind.



CLOSING

DAY

CLOSING DAY

CLOSING DAY

Closing is when you sign ownership and insurance paperwork and you receive your new home's keys! Typically, closing takes four to six weeks. During this time, purchase funds are held in escrow, where your money is held safe until the transaction is complete.

CLOSING DISCLOSURE

Lenders are required to provide you with a closing disclosure, at least three days before closing. This will show you what your final loan terms and closing costs will be. You will have three days to review the statement. This is done to ensure that there are no surprises at the closing table. If there is a significant discrepancy between the loan estimate and the closing disclosure, we must notify your lender and title company immediately.

FINAL WALKTHROUGH

We will do a final walk through the home within 24-48 hours of closing to check the property's condition. This final inspection takes about an hour. We will ensure that any repair work the seller agreed to do has been done. We will be sure to make sure all appliances are working properly, run the water in all the faucets and check for any possible leaks, Open and close garage doors with an opener, Flush toilets, Run the garbage disposal and exhaust fans

CLOSING TABLE

Who will be there:

- Your agent
- A title company representative

The closing typically happens at the title company. You will be signing lots of paperwork, so warm your writing hand up! Some of the papers you will be signing include: the deed of trust, promissory note, and other documents.

BRING TO CLOSING

- Government-issued photo ID
- Homeowner's insurance certificate
- Certified funds to cover the remainder of the costs

RECEIVE YOUR KEYS

Congratulations! It was a lot of hard work but you are now officially homeowners!! Time to throw a party and get to know your new neighbors!





CLIENT
TESTIMONIALS

REVIEWS



CC REAL EST  TE

"Christa was instrumental in helping me relocate from California. I was looking for the needle in the haystack, and she found it! After several calls and emails, she narrowed my options to 3 homes. I didn't think that was enough options, but I trusted that **Christa knew exactly what I wanted.** After an afternoon of driving around and learning about the area, Christa found the perfect house for me."

"I couldn't be more happy with my house buying journey. I am from out of town. **Christa went above and beyond to help me find a home from long distance.** She walked homes for me and then sent me videos along with her commentary. When I found the perfect house Christa walked me through every step of the process.

"I utilized Christa's experience and knowledge to buy and set up several rental properties in Gilbert, Arizona. **Not only did she save me tons of money, but she also saved me time!**"


"I have relocated 5 times to 5 different states in the past 10 years. It is so hard to find the best area to pick if you are not from there. I found Christa while doing a Google search for agents in southern Arizona. **She had great reviews and had experience in relocation.** The moment I spoke to her, I knew this would be an easy move. I told her what I was looking for and she narrowed my options to 2 cities and followed it up with walking videos, driving tours and even scouting out all the cool restaurants, shopping and hiking. Christa made the relocation easy and I will definitely use her to sell my house when I move again!"

"Relocating from Utah and looking for at least a 5-bedroom house in the East Valley was daunting, to say the least! I found Christa on a Google search and called her. Immediately she put me at ease with her incredible knowledge and patience, and **I knew she would be the best realtor to find us a home.** We searched for about 3 weeks, and Christa found a home that wasn't yet on the market! We did some back-and-forth negotiating and ultimately closed on the home with a great price."

WHAT TO EXPECT

HONESTY & TRANSPARENCY
INTEGRITY
RESPECT
TIMELY & REACHABLE
ACTING IN YOUR BEST INTEREST

LET'S CONNECT

 480-888-5272

 CHRISTA@CCREALESTATE.COM

 WWW.CCREALESTATE.COM

   [@CCREALESTATEAZ](https://www.instagram.com/ccrealestateaz)