

KRUGER2CANYON

August 2022

The Farm House, R527, Zandspruit, Hoedspruit, Limpopo Tel 078 979 6486 email: editor@kruger2canyon.

Celebrating our wonderful women this month



Now there was a time when they used to say That behind every great man there had to be a great woman. But in these times of change You know that it's no longer true. So we're coming out of the kitchen 'Cause there's something we forgot to say to you

We say: Sisters are doin' it for themselves Standin' on their own two feet an

ringin' on their own bells. Sisters are doin' it for themselves Now this is a song to celebrate The conscious liberation of the female state. Mothers daughters and their daughters too Woman to woman We're singing with you. The inferior sex has got a new exterior We got doctors lawyers politicians too. Everybody take a look around Can you see, can you see Can you see there's a woman right next to you We say: Sisters are doin' it for themselves Now we ain't makin' stories and we ain't laying plans 'Cause a man still loves a woman and A woman still loves a man Just the same though -Sisters are doin' it for themselves Now there was a time when they used to say Sisters are doin' it for themselves

Sisters are doin' it for themselves Eurythmics 1985

CENTURY 21

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Letters to the editor

Dear Ed

Reading the 'Letters to the Editor ' in the July addition of the Kruger2Canyon newspaper I can only second the comments about the positive change with the focus on wildlife issues in the newspaper. The July edition is full of interesting articles about wildlife and relevant information.

However there is one article that I find completely out of place, and that is the article on Page 12 titled "Utterly Confusing". The title "utterly without nuance" or "utterly ludicrous " or "racist rant" would have been more appropriate.

It's a political statement by someone who has obviously never lived in either Europe or the US. I don't pretend to be an expert on world politics, yet I have lived for years in both regions and the comments made are so ignorant and unfounded that it's embarrassing to read.

However, whether someone agrees or not with the content, I fail to understand what an article like this is doing in this local newspaper other than to provoke. It's not researched but simply copied from another newspaper without any fact checking. This makes it an opinion peace and not a news article of any value to the local audience.

I really hope that K2C will stay away from these ignorant opinion pieces in the future. It will only hurt your credibility if you don't.

Thank you for reading this. Christina V

Ed: Dear Christina V, Thank you for your letter

and compliments - it's always great to hear from our readers.

One cannot condone the tirade vented forth by our Minister of Police in any way or circumstance, with

no accountability for that Dear Editor at all.

Naturally it generated a vast "sub press" outcry from people across the country, not to mention some within our community in the Hoedspruit surrounds, and many people asked me for personal comment.

As a publisher, and by no means a political animal or expert, I searched for comment on the incident. The one I did find was this one, and what I did find interesting was the idea that the author's bags were not yet packed. The reason why we included this article in the publication was purely from the perspective of "the grass might not be greener on the other side of the fence", which in the country that we live in today we believe to be very important and pertinent. I did get another letter on this piece that stated"a very interesting article, the defence mechanism of incompetence is attack. Whilst the coffers are being looted we should expect that. But I suppose it might be a case of better the devil you know than the devil you don't."

As our disclaimer states, the opinions of articles published are strictly those of the authors and we as the Kruger2Canyon News will remain neutral. We always like to offer opposing viewpoints, and as long as it initiates a level of contemplation and possibly in some cases alternative thought, then I believe we have achieved something, rather than just feeding our audience what they want to hear.

Your points are well noted and thank you for taking the time to correspond with us. I hope and trust that you will continue to enjoy the publication going forward.



Hoedspruit is a town known for its tourism influence which automatically brings job creation and money into the area, creating new opportunities for growth and development. Driving around town and seeing just how many tourists have returned to our shores and "going on safari in Africa", it is so easy to take things like this for granted.

With this said it is embarrassing to see the state of the road leading towards Eastgate Airport (Argyle Road / Timbavati Road). Having to travel this road daily, I have seen numerous close calls with vehicles swerving to dodge potholes - some of which are so big that they literally take up an entire lane. One needs to keep in mind that most of the vehicles that travel on these roads are carrying tourists should there be an accident or even death occurring due to the condition of a road, which should have been maintained long before reaching this state which it is currently in. This would be the last thing South African Tourism needs right now after struggling to recover from the "Covid pandemic".

Not too long-ago Hoedspruit was in contention for "Town of the Year" with roads and infrastructure being on par, and obviously with the influx of tourists in our area. I find the current situation to be totally unacceptable and can't believe that on this road, which has so many animals on it already, that one still needs to swerve and weave around to miss the potholes.

It is of utmost importance that this matter receives the attention required in order to restore Hoedspruit to its full potential and in welcoming back all its International tourists.

The paper is amazing and

you and your team are doing a great job.

Kind regards Nico Pretorius -Exquisite African Gifts and Curios

Ed: Dear Nico

Thank you for your letter and kind words. I couldn't agree with you more. It's a disgrace that one of our prime routes in this area is in the condition that it is. What impression does that give to the eager and excited tourists arriving from (primarily) firstworld countries? And you are right, it's only a matter of time before there is a tragedy on that road.

I will question the Mayor when I get to speak to him.



Dear Editor,

I just read the article about elephants that you guys published on the front page and I just wanted to thank you. What a great article, debunking myths, educating people about the importance these magnificent animals and for once, just saying positive things about their role, their presence and their amazing personality. Thank you for them! Emi

Ed: Thank you for the compliment, much appreciated.

Dear Ed

It's all very well wanting to put low-cost housing in our town, but let's just think about that - if we cannot keep a clean town now (just look at

Disclaimer: The opinions expressed in the Kruger2Canyon News are strictly those of the authors. Opinions are based on information that the authors consider to be reliable. They do not purport to reflect the opinions or views of the Kruger2Canyon News or its members. The designations employed in this publication and the presentation of material therein, do not imply the expression of any opinion whatsoever, nor do they warrant completeness and accuracy, on the part of the Kruger2Canyon News.

Dear Ed

the mess) without con-

servatively another 2000

people, how are we going to look then? Not to

mention the increase in

traffic, taxis hooting all

over town, pressure on

the infrastructure, light

pollution, and possibly

an increase in crime. Has

ANYONE thought of that?

I think it's a very bad idea

and will only lead to a

degradation of the town –

and then what? And I can

tell you the next proper-

ties to go will be the ad-

joining property next to

that one on both sides -

check that out Mr Mayor

and the rest. What do you

Ed: A very vociferous let-

ter – such a pity you are

'Anon'. I think these issues

need to be addressed with

the Mayor, the Ward Coun-

cillor and anyone else that

may enlighten us all as to

the future plans. I certainly

can ask the Mayor and the

Councillor for their com-

say to that?

Anon

we get.

My husband and I have recently relocated from Johannesburg to Hoedspruit, and I am shocked at the cost of living here! I think that restaurants are overpriced and certainly the cost of fresh produce is through the roof, and it's from just down the road. I am flabbergasted to say the least and I think we are being taken for a ride because of the number of foreigners that reside in our town and come in with Dollars, Euros or Pounds - for them it's cheap. It's really not cool. Berny

Ed: Berny, most people (as I understand) around town totally agree with you - I have been asked on numerous occasions to do a survey on this. Maybe it is now time. I think that most peoments and let's see what ple are feeling the pinch.

Sudoku

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	4		6				
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Tyrian purple: The colour that changed the world

Don Pinnock

The writing you are now reading is largely due to the mucus glands near the anus of a Mediterranean sea snail, the spiny dyemurex. Small beginnings sometimes seed surprising outcomes.

Though the stories vary, all agree that it began with a dog. The Greek version is that the demigod Heracles and his dog were walking along a beach to visit a nymph. The dog gnawed on a snail and ended up with a purple mouth. When the nymph saw the colour she begged for a garment of the same colour.

In the Phoenician version, the dog belonged to Tyro, the mistress of the god Melqart who, on seeing the colour, requested a shawl of that colour.

Whoever it was who noticed the colour - and the dog on the beach story seems plausible - boiled a bucket of the snails and ended up with the finest dye the world had ever seen. In it, cloth turned an astonishing colour that didn't fade but deepened in sunlight. It would lay the foundations of the world we now live in.

The beach was on the eastern coastline of the Mediterranean, and the date probably around 1200 BC. The area consisted of a number of insignificant city-states surrounded by forest and wedged between high mountains and the sea. They had wood to trade but not much else.

The Bronze Age was falling apart for various reasons and the future of the Mediterranean cultures looked bleak. The anal secretion of the spiny dye-murex, used as a defence, would change all that. It would produce what became known as Tyrian Purple.

Extracting enough dye from the small gland of a moderate-sized mollusc required a lot of snails and a good deal of fortitude. It's said to have taken 10 000 snails to yield one gram of pure dye, enough to colour only the trim of a single garment. These numbers are supported by the quantity of discarded shells statement - and an affront. which, at Sidon in Lebanon Julius Caesar is named as for example, created a mountain 40 metres high. The dye could be collected by "milking" the snails through irritating them,



'The Discovery of Purple', the 1636 painting by Theodoor van Thulden housed at Museo del Prado. Image: Wikimedia



Murex shell. Image: Supplied / Thames & Hudson Australia / Adrian Lander

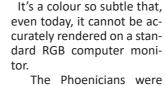
which was labour intensive. But, as demand grew, the preferred method was to crush them and leave them to rot.

This produced a hideous stench, which might explain why the dye works were 14 kilometres south of the city at Sarepta. So pervasive was this smell that the Jewish Talmud specifically granted women the right to divorce any husband who became a dyer after marriage.

News of beautiful purple Phoenician cloth began to spread. Its rarity ensured high value and on its trade the Phoenician empire began to emerge.

The dye was so sought after it would become more valuable, weight for weight, than silver or gold. Tyrian purple became a status symbol representing power, prestige and wealth. Only royalty was permitted to wear the colour and their children were said to be "born in the purple". Being clad in purple was a the first person to wear an all-purple toga purpurea. King Ptolemy of Mauretania wore one and it cost him his life. According to the Ro-

man historian Suetonius, Ptolemy's sartorial decision to wear purple on a visit to the Emperor Caligula, was interpreted as an act of imperial aggression and he had his guest killed. Purple, it seems, was also to die for.



quick to use their discovery to advantage. With their



The silk shroud of Charlemagne made with gold and Tyrian purple. Image: Supplied / Musée National du Moyen Âge





A "fleet" of Greek triremes is shown in a multiple image of the reconstructed ship "Olympias," a faithful recreation of the Ancient Greek trireme which enabled the rise of Athens as a great power. Image: Supplied / ED-SITEment-reconstructed



plentiful cedar trees and a

product more valuable than

gold, they built magnificent

ships for trading and war.

Their vessels were faster

than any other, with an in-

genious underwater "beak"

that cut water ahead of the

They invented the trireme,

which was regarded as the

most advanced and pow-

erful vessel in the ancient

Mediterranean world, and

was eventually adopted by

the Greeks. They also devel-

oped the keel and pegged

mortice, and tenon joints

which served as a construc-

tion standard until late into

The amphora, a type of

container used for both

dry and liquid goods, was

a Phoenician invention and

became a standardised

measurement of volume for

the sight of land, they ad-

vanced westwards, es-

tablishing trading ports at

Braving the seas beyond

the Roman Empire.

close to 2000 years.

hull and spiked enemies.

Phonecian trade routes. Image: Wikipedia

traders the world had seen, growing immensely rich. They helped to facilitate the exchange of cultures, ideas and knowledge between major cradles of civilization such as Greece, Egypt and Mesopotamia.

Such complex trade needed records and their merchants adapted a clunky Canaanite script into a simple, 22-letter alphabet to do the job. Its system was phonetic, based on sounds and not objects, unlike the more cumbersome Chinese.

The world's oldest verified alphabet, it spread across the Mediterranean, giving rise to Greek, Italic, Anatolian, Paleohispanic and the script you're reading. But for that lowly snail on a Tyrian beach, you might be reading this in complex hieroglyphics.

Under threat from envious, warlike neighbours, the people of the seafaring city states relocated to Carthage where, in 146 BC, they were crushed by Rome. They are remembered today by the name given to them by the Greeks: Phoenicians meaning People of Purple. This article was first published in the Daily Maverick

Cyrene (Libya), Carthage (Tunisia), Tingi (Morocco), Sardinia, Crete and Sicily, powered by the sale of Tyrian purple.

For more than 1000 years they were lords of the Mediterranean, and the greatest

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CONSERVATION

Shaping Southern Africa's greatest sanctuary for transfrontier vultures

Peace Parks Foundation

In an innovative partnership with Birdlife South Africa, Peace Park Foundation's progress in restoring Zinave National Park shows how nature nurtures vultures when given a chance.

Ask any global citizen – from any rural or urban part of the world - what they value highly in their lives and homes: security and resources. The freedom to exist in a safe, abundant space. This survival drive and right is common to all species, but those with a history of acute persecution need protecting and providing for more than most, and now more than ever.

This reality is making for a powerful match between a famously misunderstood bird and one of Mozambigue's lesser known but flourishing wild spaces. Zinave National Park, that owns precious shares in the greater space of the Great Limpopo Transfrontier Conservation Area (GLTFCA), has been a biodiversity work-in-progress, and inspiration since 2016 when Mozambique's National Administration for Conservation Areas and Peace Parks' long-term agreement to co-manage the 408 000 ha open system, came about. So began an intensive programme to operationally rebuild and ecologically restore the park. Following transformative infrastructure, conservation management and law enforcement enhancements, more than 2300 game animals representing 14 different species were reintroduced into the park. And now it is ready to safely embrace vultures, numbering at least 2 endangered species - hopefully more in time.

To do so effectively, Zinave has become a Vulture Safe Zone (VSZ) – now the largest of its kind in southern Africa. This collaborative project between Peace Parks and BirdLife South Africa is the latest adventure for an emerging park in fulfilling its rich potential; an especially challenging and exciting opportunity for a number of reasons.

Persecuted and underestimated

As raptors go, vultures have had a seriously bad rap. Branded bottom-feeders, poachers' whistle-blowers and totems of muthi-power, they have been intentionally used and abused,

and exposed to incidental risk. Each of the nine species existing across southern Africa have suffered to varying degrees. Of these, four are considered Critically Endangered by the IUCN's Red List and BirdLife International, but no species is secure: the net loss is deeply significant. Because removing vultures from the picture, as humans have been with fierce consistency, leaves a debt of 'ecosystem services' that we can't afford.

In short, if vultures disappeared from the landscape, more than the mighty scavengers would fall. Unprocessed, turned rotting meat would fall prey to diseasecausing agents, becoming a serious health risk to other animals as well as to humans

Compounding the consequences of this, the absence of vultures could see the guild of scavenging mammals, such as jackal and feral dogs, exploit the new abundance of carrion, proliferate and further amplify disease risk. The viruses they transmit could bust populations of certain endangered species, and impact humans too. These checks and balances, or 'nature contributions', will be impossible or enormously costly to replace once they are lost.

Wild spaces are fed by food webs of unimaginable complexity. Ecosystems maintain equilibrium because of nutrients traveling back and forth from one state to another - these elements and their momentum play the most vital role in keeping the ecosystem functioning. This process is known as nutrient cycling and it is fundamental in powering up the parks and every dependent species. The 'nutrient potential' of bodies on the ground can't be accessed without the broader scavenger system in place.

Predators have always held a prominent - iconic - place in the food hierarchy. Scavengers less so, with lowly detritivores the lowest of the low. Throughout southern African habitats, vultures sweep into the feeding system's pecking order and work it uniquely - but never in isolation. The subtleties of these interactions between elements - and species - are so ingenious that they're often overlooked and undervalued. Scavengers are opportunists all-round - they ex-

ploit carrion, and each other, so conserving one (or not) naturally impacts another.

Case in point, vultures have a reciprocal relationship with hyenas: not a close symbiotic association, and certainly not friends, but scavengers with mutual benefits. Bone-crushing, a characteristic feeding behaviour of hyenas, feeds directly into vultures' systems - making carcasses more accessible, therefore nutrients more available. Teeth and jaws beat beaks when it comes to making the first move on a kill: tearing through tough skin to expose the buffet but also breaking whole bones into fragments, fit for a raptor designed to do things slightly differently. A good thing then, that just two years ago, Peace Parks and ANAC successfully brought back hyena to the Zinave after decades of absence, with cubs added to the troop recently. A vulture exposé recently published in the Journal of Animal Ecology, revealed how these dynamics play out in the hyenas' favour in return: how ground-based scavengers use soaring birds of prey as their eyes in the sky to find their next dining spot. The study revealed that both jackals and hyenas were spying on vultures, gaining valuable information about carrion resources: how to find the bigger spoils, faster. Impressively, they could differentiate between vultures, signalling relatively large dead animals, and eagles, which look similar but prefer smaller prev Each to their niche, which makes

a powerful case for an abundance of different species in any given space. Logically these vital gains, on all sides, grow in step with biological diversity. The incoming vultures stand to benefit from all the hard restoration and rewilding work, whilst the park's pre-existing wildlife will reap rewards from vultures in return.

Paving the way to safety and bevond

In essence, the value of any wild space is far more than the sum of its parts. With vultures alone being so precious to an ecosystem, this gives impressive context to Zinave's net biodiversity worth, and valuable role it has to play as part of something even greater. The philosophy sitting right at the heart of Peace Parks Foundation, and the partners it is fortunate to collaborate with, is essentially one of 'breathing space'. Working to connect - reconnect, rewild - Africa's wilderness areas, seeing frontiers as gateways as opposed to barriers to nature. Transfrontier Conservation Areas seek to replace disparity and instability, amongst wildlife and people, with harmony; by definition, it is a process which goes with the flow - of expanded ecosystems and unconstrained species.

Wildlife corridors, on the ground and in the air, exemplify this need for flow, and data collected by the Endangered Wildlife Trust on vulture movements proves it: a vital identifiable flight path from Kruger National Park in South Africa, into Zinave across the GLTFCA

The White-backed Vulture and the White-headed Vulture, both listed as 'critically endangered', are the two best-known species to run this gauntlet. Within 2 days individuals can traverse a cross-border route to Mozambique that also includes stopovers in Zululand and Zambia, flying over a heavily fragmented landscape. This is a notable detail since, to protect vultures urgently, effective initiatives must cover not only great spaces, parks and reserves, but also pockets of privately-owned land. With multiple landowners under their flight path, this doesn't make negotiations, monitoring or impact control - all core facets of VSZs straightforward.

The vast flight corridor is littered with threats such as targeted poisoning, secondary poisoning (via carcasses of assumed livestock predators killed by illegally laced meat) and death by poachers for 'belief-use' body parts, and to eliminate the 'tell' posed by vultures flocking to poaching sites. Faced with so many geographical and criminal challenges, Bird-Life's task is as expansive as the vultures' range itself, particularly given its more inaccessible areas. The recovery of sick and injured birds is compromised by immense challenges of covering the ground, which lends significance to the support of conservation allies, such as Peace Parks Foundation that not only operates in, but also along, the other safe ha-



GLTCA Zinave Map

vens and corridors on the flightpath into Zinave.

This partnership is especially central to the overarching concept of VSZs - which in theory and reality must both complement and amplify national and international efforts to reduce risk and impact, and thereby stabilise - revitalise - existing vulture populations. It is a formal partnership that extends to protecting and strengthening Key Biodiversity Areas, collaborating on policy issues, and developing birding tourism routes, which all collectively serve to increase the protection of bird species within transfrontier conservation areas across southern Africa.

With a scarcity of data on vulture numbers and dynamics across the GLTFCA to date, this new collaboration is a precious chance to observe, and measure, how the protection of crucial raptors in safe havens like Zinave can contribute to healthy populations and balanced ecosystems across the region.

Putting the 'Safe' into a Vulture Safe Zone

There are 15 current criteria having to be met in order to qualify as a VSZ. Of primary importance is the banning of illegal use of poison in any way that infiltrates vulture food webs, accompanied by training in poison response and protocol amongst staff. Added to this is increased awareness of monitoring and protective measures around power lines to prevent electrocution

SPAR (A)

Then there's feeding (supplementary) and breeding (undisturbed), and fitting water reservoirs with escape ladders to prevent birds from drowning. Ensuring that lead-free ammunition is used (or removing lead poison from carcasses) to cull or hunt game or livestock and, as an ongoing effort, monitoring of populations and reporting of iniuries and mortalities. The latter is known to be a particular challenge, but it is a vital condition for vulture safety, and one which BirdLife is determined to enable all along the vulture 'flyway'.

Certain VSZ conditions aren't entirely relevant to the park: the threat of water troughs or power lines for example. And there is no commercial hunting in Zinave, although lead ammunition is used for game management and law enforcement purposes.

In terms of fulfilling other criteria, Zinave is on top of their game, and the training of staff and supporting of standards is making great progress with the invaluable help and expertise of the Endangered Wildlife Trust.

The commitment to protect such a boundless species is a complex and overwhelming but, above all, an exciting big picture for these tragically underestimated raptors. It is more than just a story of birds, or the cycle of nutrients, or the reputation of an emerging park. It's about the safety of a uniquely special place which sits right at the heart of a much broader circle of life.

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CENTURY 21 Wildlife - Hoedspruit

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Contact Information:

Business : +27 15 793 1534 E-Mail : hoedspruit@century21.co.za Web Site:www.century21wildlife.co.za

CENTURY 21 Wildlife



HOEDSPRUIT WILDLIFE R 4 250 000 ESTATE | Bedroom 4 | Bathroom 2 | Floor: 267 m²

This home has a spacious patio area overlooking the wilderness area; making it very private. The home comprises 4 bedrooms, 2 bathrooms and an open plan lounge and kitchen area with guest toilet, with the potential for B&B operation.

Mike Dodds - 082 906 7004

size with only 35 stands. Home is sold furnished.

Ref: 1323091 Yvette Thompson - 083 655 7176 Ref: 2028774

KHAYA NDLOVU RESERVE

3 Bedrooms | 3.5 Bathrooms | Floor size: 340 m²

This modern, elegant bush home has been built

on the banks of a dry riverbed in this sought-after

reserve. It offers spectacular views with loads of

entertainment space. The reserve is 1,307 ha in



This unfenced well-maintained camp has a true bush feel. The buildings are built with solid rock and thatch which keeps them insulated and cool in summer. The thatch patio has spectacular views of the Drakensberg Mountains.

Ref: 1408817

Rob Severin - 083 469 3820



5

NDLOPFU, UMBABAT R6 800 000 Vacant stand in Big 5 reserve | Greater Kruger

Only 32 member sites and 2,864 hectares of traverse across pristine bushveld. The building regulations give you the freedom to create your own private bushveld home within a 50m radius from the allocated building peg.

Yvette Thompson - 083 655 7176 Ref: 2055214



OLIFANTS RIVER PROPERTY R 4 500 000 Bedrooms 4 | Bathrooms 4 | 50% share

By purchasing this 50% share in Parsons Nature Reserve you will have access to 2080 ha of prime Big 5 game viewing in Greater Kruger. This quaint bush home also has a lapa, pool and lush garden. The sale includes the use of a game view vehicle

Mike Dodds - 082 906 7004





ESTATE Bedrooms 2 | Bathrooms 1 This home is tucked away on a 4900m² stand with

lovely big trees. The home has a living room, kitchen, bathroom with outside shower, as well as an outside dining area on the patio with a built-in braai. A single carport completes the property.

Ref: 2052166 Delaine Muller - 072 117 1133



GREATER MAKALALI R 20 000 000 Bedrooms 5 | Bathrooms 5 | Farm size: 640 ha

This farm within Greater Makalali Nature Reserve, which has the Big 5 with 20,000 ha of traverse. Approvals in place for 10 commercial beds. There is a main 2-bedroom home and 3 guest chalets. Ideal for syndication, families, or convert to boutique commercial lodge.

Ref: 1459112 Jason Jones - 083 267 4794



R 11 500 000

The house is privately situated on the banks of the seasonal 'Tsiri river. Ndlopfu is a share block in the heart of a Big 5 Greater Kruger, with only 32 member sites on 2,500 ha of pristine bushveld in the sought-after Umbabat Private Nature Reserve.

Yvette Thompson - 083 655 7176 Ref: 2032793



N'TSIRI NATURE RESERVE R 7 000 000 Bedrooms 4 | Bathrooms 2.5 | Traverse: 2651 ha

N'tsiri Nature Reserve is an exclusive, private use. Big 5 reserve where wildlife roam freely across the unfenced borders with the Kruger National Park, Klaserie & Timbavati Private Nature Reserves. Membership is limited to 65 homes

Ref: 1450349 Yvette Thompson - 083 655 7176



R2 950 000 SILONQUE, PHALABORWA Bedrooms 2 | Bathrooms 2 | Floor size: 160 m²

Easy to maintain bush home located on a 21 ha farm portion within a conservancy and 3 kms from the Kruger Park fence. It's located 7 km from the town of Phalaborwa and within a conservancy with a boomed security gate & a large variety of game.

Mike Dodds - 082 906 7004 Ref: 1317289



LISSATABA R1500000 Bedrooms 2 | Bathroom 1 | Floor size: 107 m²

This lock up and go two-bedroom bush home has a lot of potential! The perfect spot where you can come & relax, away from the stresses of city life. The reserve is 2,500ha in size & has only 54 sites. There is an excellent network of game drive roads.

Ref: 1449027

Rob Severin - 083 469 3820



LISSATABA R 3 500 000 Bedrooms 3 | Bathrooms 3 | Floor size: 220 m²

Stunning Olifants river views! This newer home has been well constructed, is in good condition and is perched on the hillside overlooking the river. There is an open plan kitchen, dining room & lounge, leading out to a patio with gorgeous views.

Ref: 1458608

Rob Severin - 083 469 3820











SOLE MANDATE

MAFUNYANE, KARONGWE R 15 000 000 Bedrooms 4 | Bathrooms 4 | Traverse: 8,000 ha

This 3rd floor apartment is in good condition and well maintained. The comfortable living area comprises kitchen, lounge & dining area. Both bedrooms have built-in cupboards and ceiling fans. Great investment potential from rental income.

This property is stunning and has a wow factor that will take your breath away! Very exclusive, modern bush home, overlooking a seasonal river bed, located in a Big 5 reserve with 8,000 ha traverse. Sold furnished & including game viewer.



R 3 950 000 **NDLOVUMZI** Bedrooms 4 | Bathrooms 3 | Floor size: 380 m²

This 21-ha Olifants river property has a 2 bedroom main home and a separate 2-bedroom cottage, all located under large indigenous riverine trees. The outdoor entertainment area has captivating views of the garden, pool & river.



GRIETJIE, GREATER KRUGER R 8 800 000 Big 5 | Floor size: 400 m² | Stand size: 21,4 ha

This property offers elevated views of the surrounding bushveld, with peace and quiet only the bushveld can provide. This beautifully maintained property offers 3 dwellings - a 3-bedroom main home, a 2-bedroom cottage and a rondavel.

Michelle Severin - 083 469 3821 Ref: 2059235 Rob Severin - 083 469 3820

Jason Jones - 083 267 4794

Ref: 1459005

Yvette Thompson - 083 655 7176 Ref: 2050020

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A tribute to Anton Mazimba-ranger

Mark Bishop

There are very few people in the world that make such an impression on you, that you will remember them for the rest of your life.

Anton Mzimba was one of these people. Born on the 11th February 1980, here was a man that believed he had a God-given talent to protect and conserve wildlife.

As a young boy he remembered always being in awe of soldiers, their uniform, their pride their strength and their energy, and he wanted that for his life. He never did get to be a conventional soldier, but rather viewed his duty as similar but in a completely different way – a unique blend of passion, empathy, sincerity,

and desire to look after the planet's natural resources. And so he became a Field Ranger, uniformed, armed, strong, proud, humble and with an energy that was forever giving. This was Anton Mzimba – a person that followed his dream, inspired the youth and elderly, and a person that dedicated his life to protect the animals and wildlife around him, that had no voice of their own.

Throughout his life Anton was passionate about what he did, and he had an insatiable willingness to learn and do more. He never shied away from responsibility and his beliefs that at the end of the day mankind had been given the power to rule the land but had to protect it all.



Property Portfolio

Hoedspruit & Surrounding Areas. The Property Market is booming and is considered a great investment. Listed below are a few of this areas incredible homes.



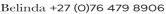


OLDING

ROPERTIES

R3.8 million Hoedspruit Wildlife Estate 3 Bedrooms / 2 Bathrooms / 2 Garages

Set on a quiet area of the estate with beautiful, treed garden. Large patio, pool,



laundry, scullery and storeroom.



R3.35 million Hoedspruit Wildlife Estate 3 Bedrooms / 1 Bathrooms / 2 Carports

Neat home set in lovely fenced garden on a bigger than normal stand in a quiet area

of the estate. Lovely mountain views Engela +27 (0)82 565 3611

Tracy **+27 (0)72 223 0520**



R8.9 million Moditlo Big Game Estate 3 Bedrooms / 3 Bathrooms / 3 Carports

This exceptional home is set on 1.85ha, offering total privacy. Overlooking a dry riverbed and the bush beyond

Engela +27 (0)82 565 3611



R4.95 million Blyde Wildlife Estate

4 Bedrooms / 3 Bathrooms / 3 Carport

In a quiet area of the etstate. Separate Cottage, scullery, office, storeroom, loft. This home offers so much.

Tracy +27 (0)72 223 0520



R3.75 million Blyde Wildlife Estate

3 Bedrooms / 2 Bathrooms / Pool

This modern newly built house has everything a homeowner will need. Lovely open plan living room with lots of space

Erich +27 (0)73 502 0407 Tracy +27 (0)72 223 0520



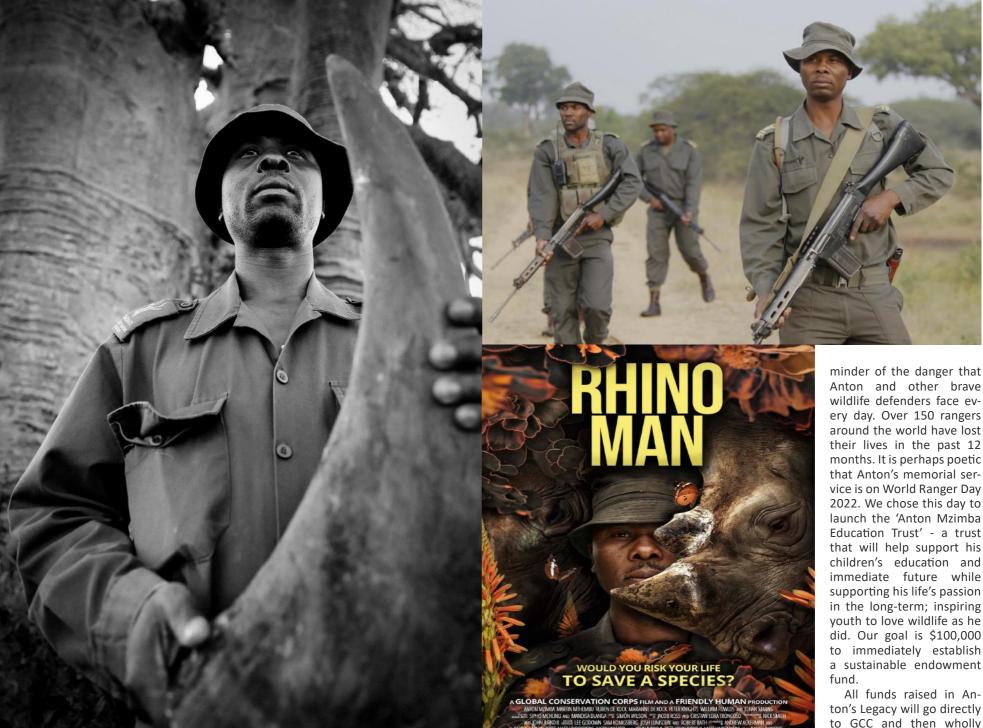
R5.499 million Hoedspruit Wildlife Estate

4 Bedrooms / 4 Bathrooms / 2 Garages

This 600m² home includes extras such as, entertainment area with media room, kitchenette, solarium, workshop and more

Tom +27 (0)79 069 7700

leader, motivator, husband, father, friend



Anton Mzimba with rhino horn by Nick Smith Global Conservation Corps (above left) RHINO MAN Poster by Marcel van Luit and Emma Gatland (above)

"I'm protecting the natural resources from those that want to loot it" he once said.

Anton began his career as a ranger mid 1997, passed his basic field ranger training in 1998 and by 2003 had been promoted to full Corporal and an instructor within the Field Ranger program in the Timbavati Private Nature Reserve. He was intricately involved in maintaining a level of physical and mental fitness. This came together with ensuring good, motivation, morale and work ethics that are all essential in making a professional, capable, and effective unit. Five years later in 2008 he was appointed as the head of ranger services in the reserve. Later Anton was also appointed as technical advisor to Global Conservation Corporation (GCC), keeping them up to date with challenges the people and animals were facing inside and outside of the park. Anton also played a leading role in a forthcoming documentary film 'RHINO MAN', which highlights the trials and tribulations of field rangers in South Africa, in their fight to protect the rhinos from poachers.

of a ranger needed heart and passion – it's was a calling fraught with danger in the field and at home in the community. As a ranger one must be on a state of alertness 24/7. At home with his family, he was well aware that there were, in his opinion three groups of people within the community. Firstly, those that viewed the field rangers as good. Then there were those that believe that they are being excluded from access to the natural resources like game meat, firewood, grass, and soil. The last group are neutral and are not interested in anything regarding wildlife and poaching. The problem group for rangers and for Anton, was the second group, because rangers are perceived by this group as being bad people - and this group will go out of their way to harm rangers, be it physically or emotionally - all in the quest that the rangers will lose the passion for what they do, which will open up the chances (or floodgates) for poaching and illegal wildlife trade.

from families and friends. When they enter back into their communities, they must set up boundaries and almost place themselves in a bubble, on an island with a degree of isolation within their own community. One never knows what the people within the community are thinking or perceiving – is a very emotive and emotional journey - to the point where rangers almost feel disregarded by the community that they live in, because of the job that they do.

Being a ranger requires a person to be strong with a strong heart, otherwise they will never overcome the pressures and responsibilities and they will ultimately crumble. "I know from my heart that this is not just for me, but for the whole world and in the end for the human race. What I do will have an effect on the world for generations to come - well after I am gone", said Anton. He continues "what we would really like to know is that we are appreciated - small acknowledgements keep us going".

challenges in the communities are there, and poverty is the main one. In fact, it could almost be credited for all the other misdemeanours in the community. Poverty is brought on by overpopulation and the coupled effect on the level of unemployment.

If there is nothing to eat what should people do? They will do whatever it takes to survive, and the multimillion-dollar crime syndicates know this. Poverty makes people vulnerable, and these are the people targeted by the syndicates and recruited to poach. These people have no real future and finding something to eat is as simple as it gets. These people are not inherent poachers, but when offered relatively small money to get a rhino horn, which potentially means food on the table, they become easy pickings. These people have no alternative and that's the biggest challenge going forward. In an attempt at bettering the lot of the communities in the vicinity of the reserve, Timbavati has an 'Outreach' program that endeavours to deal with some of the problems in the communities around the reserve. One of

the things they do, is trying to target employment in the lodges in the Timbavati from the local communities. This has an indirect aim of also getting communities to understand that wildlife and conservation is vital to their survival and getting them to buy into conservation activities. At the end of the day preservation and conservation will lead to tourism, which in turn will lead to employment which will lead to income and food on the plate!

Sadly, the dream, dedication and passion did not last – this ranger, Anton Mzimba, a person that totally grasped the natural and economic dynamic of conservation, who was absolutely incorruptible, and who gave 25 years of service to the Timbavati Private Nature Reserve, all in a fight for a better future for us all, was brutally murdered in his own home and in front of his family, on the evening of July 26th. A unique soul that through the injustices of fate, has been lost to the world forever.

wildlife defenders face every day. Over 150 rangers around the world have lost their lives in the past 12 months. It is perhaps poetic that Anton's memorial service is on World Ranger Day 2022. We chose this day to launch the 'Anton Mzimba Education Trust' - a trust that will help support his children's education and immediate future while supporting his life's passion in the long-term; inspiring youth to love wildlife as he did. Our goal is \$100,000 to immediately establish a sustainable endowment

All funds raised in Anton's Legacy will go directly to GCC and then wholly transferred into the newly forming "Anton Mzimba Education Trust". Founding trustee's include the Timbavati Private Nature Reserve, Southern African Wildlife College, Elephants Alive and GCC - all of whom were extremely close with Anton and his community.

It is also imperative to know that the Timbavati Private Nature Reserve is spearheading a parallel fundraising campaign to ensure the family>s immediate needs are met. Funds are dedicated to trauma counselling for the entire family, and ensuring the basic cost of living support is provided.

Anton, we love you. We miss you. We promise to honour you by carrying on your legacy and protecting the vulnerable wildlife you sacrificed your life to save. We will never forget you ... "

Anton believed that the life

Anton goes on to make the point that rangers spend long periods of time out of their comfort zone and away

Anton explains that there are reasons for poaching, it's not done for fun. The

The GCC released a statement which in part reads:

"This tragic loss serves as a painful and sobering reNote: We strongly urge people, businesses and corporates to donate. A convenient link has been set up on www.antonmzimba.com for donations. GCC are happy to announce that they have secured a 'double impact' donor that will match anyone's donation to the trust. The site also has a link to the Timbavati Private Nature Reserve's campaign.



Mark Bishop

Kruger2Canyon News would like all its readers to celebrate Women's Month (August) and give acknowledgement and credit to the wonderful people in our lives that are women, grandmothers, aunts, mothers, wives, friends, lovers, partners, teachers, whoever they may be. Thank you for being in our lives as support, comfort and guidance – we admire and love you all.

To celebrate this women's month, we had randomly chosen six outstanding women (from a pack of 50+) that are 'doing it for themselves' and making dust in Hoedspruit. We appreciate their honest answers to our questions, and we introduce them to you, as amazing women all within their own fields, that have got down and made it happen. Unfortunately two of the ladies had urgent matters to deal with and missed the photo shoot, so maybe next time for them.

Louise Worthington



wanted to be a lawyer but her entrepreneurial yearnings were stronger and got the better of her, and she was eager to go out and start her own business. She did do a short stint in advertising (2 years) where she learnt a tremendous amount about marketing and production. And then she got involved in the exhibition industry, which was a fabulous ride for about 25 years. But that industry changed and Louise's passion for creation got the better of her and she moved into interior design. Here she has focussed largely on lodges, new homes and specialised spaces. The exhibition industry was/is a very male dominated space and at times this was tedious. The nature of exhibition design, and production of custom stands was predominantly

construction, and many hours spent on site. Louise had the impression that a lot of men felt that a young blond women simply didn't understand what needed to be done, and couldn't possibly engage with carpenters, joiners and builders. That was where the male dominance factor came into play. But now she doesn't have those experiences in the interior design game, possibly because she views it as a combination of being a women dominated industry, and over the years her development of the confidence and skills to navigate around any male dominance issue. Her solution to deal with male dominance was to simply put her head down and succeed in the industry. It took time but her male colleagues came to respect and acknowledge her success.



Louise is of the belief that handling adversity is something one gets better at as one gets older and has more experience under one's belt. She is not afraid of confrontation, so has never shied away from confronting difficult situations or people. Louise is a person that always tries to get to an outcome that benefits both parties. She believes that being a women most definitely has its advantages, but then so does being a man in different situations. In her view her greatest achievements are without a doubt her two beautiful children followed closely by the very special friendship I have cultivated with her ex-husband. Louise's life quote comes from Clarissa Pinkola Estés: "She is clothed in strength and dignity and she laughs without fear of the future"

Dani'le Bredenkamp

Dani'le is the co-owner of the Hoedspruit Spar. She is 40 years old, married and has two children, Mark0 (13) and Emilie (9)

Dani'le hails from the northern Cape, Warrenton to be more specific. This is almost midway between Vryburg and Kimberley, for those that have no clue where it is!

business for the last 16 vears before which she obtained her grounding as PA and Administration Clerk at Lebombo Bananas, in Komatipoort. Dani'le is very lucky to not have been subjected to any male domination. Being part of a family business now, she is very fortunate to work alongside some amazing men. All opinions matter, and all decisions are taken with the input from everyone. She also has great men on her team at the workplace, all of whom are very respectful and courteous.

In terms of handling adversity, Dani'le tries to bring in some humor and then will always try and look at a situation from all sides before making any decisions. She has always tried to look at adversity not as problem but rather as a challenge.

Like others in the group, Dani'le does believe that being a woman in retail has its advantages. Women know what other women want and buy, what products they use and that they as the fairer sex like beautiful things. She is always trying to source interesting, beautiful products for her store – that's the part of the job that she loves the most. Without any shadow of doubt Dani'le views her two children, Marko and Emilie, as her biggest achievement. Seeing them grow into being kind-hearted youngsters, overcoming obstacles, handling challenges, growing and being happy makes her the happiest, and is for her, the most important thing. Her life quote is by Andy Andrews: "Life itself is a privilege, but to live life to the fullest - well, that is a choice".

Born and bred in Johannesburg, Louise is a 26 ... (sorry small typo!) 53 year old single mother of two children, a daughter of 22 and a son of 12. She did live in Europe for eight years but the pull of South Africa was always there and eventually won out, and she returned. Louise owns Chickshack Interiors.

Louise is the quintessential entrepreneur having started her first business whilst at school making matric dance dresses! This led on to her creating her own clothing range.

Leaving school she really

The dreams were big for her as a child, she wanted to be the next Charlize Theron! At a point in time, she decided that being the next Charlize was not for her - although she has managed to keep hold of that 'dramatic streak'! Dani'le did a graphic design course through University of Cape Town, completed the SPAR Management Induction Program in 2006 and is currently busy with a Group Exercise Instructor course.

She's been in her own ch





Studies or Quantity Surveying. She ended up completing an NDip in Buidling and a BTech in Quantity Surveying - both done at Tshwane University of Technology.

She disputes being a businesswoman and rather labels herself as Public Servant. She started working in the private sector as an Assistant Quantity Surveyor and progressed through the ranks until becoming a Site Agent, and finally a Project Manager. She says that sadly, before she became a Building Inspector she encountered 'male domination' daily, where she was continually driven to pull out the 'job-title card'. This generally worked, but where it failed, she had to fight her cause and ensure that she stood her ground. Making sure that she was well informed, and aware of what was happening on site, allowed her to develop and grow good relationships with the males on site, and that diffused the fact that she was a female. In cases where there was staunch opposition, she adopted a 'my way of the highway' attitude. In her line of work there is always the balance to try and find a good ratio of men to women.

Antonia Alexandra Hoddinott

Antonia Alexandra Hoddinott

Antonia is a multifaceted entrepreneur. She is the owner and founder of The Farmery, The Farm House, Antonia's Botanicals, and Après Preloved Clothing and Homeware.

Antonia is 37 years old, married and mother of two children, Elijah (4) and Alessia (2). She was brought up on a farm in Muldersdrift outside of Johannesburg. Growing up she always wanted to be an entrepreneur in hospitality.

Antonia did two years of study at Stellenbosch University before completing a BComm in Business, Marketing and Entrepreneurship and finally an MBA at Bond University Gold Coast in Australia. She then went to chef school in the United States.

She started her first business, Leafy Greens Café and Shop (vegan) in 2010.

Antonia is quite candid in revealing that she experienced male domination from her father when they were in business together. This they managed through therapy,

the power of family and at the end of the day, love prevailed. Antonia has never entertained and worried about adversity, or what people have thought of her. She has followed her heart and stayed true to her goals and dreams.

She believes that being a woman has always been an advantage - "I was born that way, I have celebrated it and never questioned it. I have been lucky to have had two fabulous grandmothers, aunts and a mother who were all wonderful role models"!

Antonia believes that her

achievements have been being a good wife and mother, authoring two recipe books, and empowering other women in the workplace.

Her life quote is: "Be the change you wish to see in the world".

Duduzile Mametja – 'Dudu'

Dudu is a 32-year-old Building Inspector, working within the Public Sector. She has what she lightly terms a 'complicated relationship' (as she giggles), and has a 3-monthold baby boy with the energy

level of ten babies! Due to her studies Dudu grew up in a variety of places but acknowledges that it is safe to say that she grew up most of the time in a small village 37 km from Hoedspruit known as The Oaks Village.

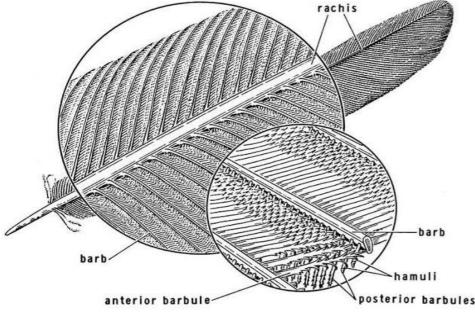
On leaving school she was not entirely sure what to study, save for the fact that she wanted to get into the building and construction industry. She took a gap year to clear the head and figure out which field of study she was going to follow, either Civil Engineering or Architectural

Not scared of adversity she generally couples humour with solving problems, and she believes that at times compromise is a good alternative to reaching a successful conclusion.

Dudu does believe that being a woman is an advantage - she states playfully, "I mean aren't all women superhumans"!

She views her greatest achievement as becoming a mother – "everything that once seemed to be an achievement has faded".Her life quote is "Dance, even if the others can't hear the music".

Understanding the features of birds



The internal structure of feathers

Image: The Birds of Seabrook Island

Mike Meidlinger

This month, we shift in gears, taking a momentary break from the commentary of our annual cycles and its wealth of local and national wonders. In this piece, the aim is to hone in on, pontificate at length about, and hopefully better appreciate, one fundamental aspect which make birds, birds.

As a dive into the deep end, let's turn our attention to the most unique and recognizable feature of all those in the class *Aves*. Think of one feature that is shared by all birds, and you've probably already guessed it spot on, the possession of feathers!

Feathers

Feathers are unique to all birds and all birds have feathers of some form or another. Their famed structure has long been recognized for their ability to allow their owners the rare gift of selfpropelled flight. Oddly however, this is not the major reason for their germination.

In reality, feathers evolved from the scales of dinosaurs, in order to better insulate them, and thus their descendants, from the cold. Having puffed up feathers traps a large, static layer of air between the body and the external world. This trapped air is easily warmed and is, in fact, the same reason why our clothing keeps us warm. It is not the jacket staving off the cold, but the air inside and trapped in the jacket. Thus interestingly enough, flight is simply a happy byproduct of the shape and design of the structures intended for, and used in, thermoregulation.



European Bee-eater, an examppe of a species that moults only once having undergone the 13,000km journey from the Mediterranean

saurs that persisted over millions of years, and whose famous members include Velociraptor, Allosaurus and Tyrannosaurus. As mentioned, feathers originally developed from reptilianlike scales, similar to those that cover birds feet and facial areas today, whose function is primarily for controlling body temperature. However, due to their aerofoil shape, those species that were bold enough to glide between trees, found feathers to have a much greater purpose and potential. This is how flight began in those original species that included the earliest known true bird, Archeopterix lithographica, and its contemporaries that have been lost to the sands of time.

Flight feathers

From these almost accidental origins, flight has allowed birds to radiate, adapt, colonize, specify and diversify beyond the scale of all other vertebrates. This is what makes birding such an action-packed and exciting hobby. There are many types of birds, while at least some form of birds or other, can be found almost anywhere on the planet. In other words, there is always a reason to

in specific groupings or at specific places. Most contour feathers are named as per their region, terms like vent, throat and rump are all synonymous with areas of the body that one needs to look for colour or pattern changes. When it comes to the wing on the other hand, feathers are grouped according to what shape they are. The most important wing feathers are those along its bottom edge. These are the most important for flying, and which are collectively known as "the flight feathers".

There are three groups of flight feathers; the tertials, the secondaries, and most importantly, the primaries. If a bird loses its primaries, then it will be unable to sustain flight for more than a few seconds. The shafts of these flight feathers are covered by roof-tile like bands of coverts, which "cover" the rest of the wing. They do this



Once familiar with feather groups, breaking down the parts of this Golden-breasted Bunting will aid in its identification - Image supplied



New fossils reveal what the Velociraptor really looked like Image : Popular Science

adaptations to environment. Some common examples of these include crests, streamers, pennants and forks. Many species adorn fantastic and highly flamboyant feathers in order to attract mates. In many cases these are held for a short time, and then exchanged for more clandestine attire when the breeding season is over.

Feathers, due to their vital and pivotal role in the lives of their bearers, often become worn through stress, and use and damage, and thus require regular replacement. The process of using, losing, growing and replenishing of feathers is known many ducks and geese, who become relatively grounded for a few weeks during late summer. Most small birds will moult at least twice a year, for example in and out of breeding plumage.

Large birds such as Aquila eagles, other large raptors and big seabirds moult slowly over years and years. In this case, us as observers can age these larger species at any one time, according to which feathers are old, worn or being replaced and are thus missing. More advanced still, is when it comes to cryptic species or difficult clades. Some species moult at specific times of year and thus differ in their timings when compared to others. Often, in the case of very similar or related species, even a few months of difference in moult and wear shown by an individual, can help identify it safely and correctly.

rangements, groupings and locations, is a vital tool for empowerment. Having a working knowledge of these features, very rapidly offers quicker and more confident identification.

In order to master the use of feathers and overall morphology while out birding, a little but persistent effort is needed. Diagrams found, usually in the first pages of field guides, label the parts of a bird. It is these labelled feather groups that add huge value when committed to memory. These are the mapping points upon which the separation of one species from another.

Despite these humble origins, the benefits and adaptations various families and species have developed for flight today, cannot be overestimated.

The original birds arose 150 million years ago from their ancestors the *Therapods*. This was a group of dino-

be on the look out.

Today there are many types of feathers that are shared between most or all birds, as well as others that have been developed for more specific reasons by species or families.

The bodies of birds are covered in contour feathers and these piece together in horizontal rows, getting smaller and smaller towards the front edge. This layering creates a solid unit, and forms the wind-surfing-saillook of what we recognize as a birds wing.

Despite the mosaic of feather groups, and locations sounding complex and rudimentary, the truth is far from it. With a relatively small amount of input, an understanding of these locations becomes highly useful, in knowing what to look for when identifying a bird.

Some species have unique feathers that have evolved as a result of sexual selection, or which stem from as moult.

Moulting

Moulting is something that all birds do, but each species or family may have their own way of going about it. Some species moult in small amounts, but they do this all of the time, and here individ-

uals regenerate without too much change being shown as a whole. Others, will use one set of feathers to breed, raise chick's, and even migrate with, and only once the hard work is done, do they change into shiny new gear. Some species moult all flight feathers at once, such as

Replacing feathers

The process of replacing feathers, and the nature of feathers themselves, can lead down a complex but fascinating path. However, even for the average birder and avid beginner, an appreciation for the nature of feathers, as well as their aris pinned and defined.

This month, while snuggled in at night, perhaps glance at, or redraw, and then label those images at the beginning of your bird book. Being familiar with the features labelled, and which areas of plumage they apply to, will undoubtedly help in filling in the gaps when approaching field-guide texts, or unknown species encountered out in the field.

Mike Meidlinger is currently the Head Trainer at the NJ More Wildlife College in Marataba.

Constellation of the Month: LYRA - The Lyre

Ben Coley

Mythology

Lyra represents the lyre of Orpheus, a musical instrument that was made from an old tortoise shell and strands of cow gut, given to him by his father, Apollo. Orpheus was the greatest musician of his time, and his songs were fabled to charm even the stones themselves. He joined Jason and the other Argonauts on the great voyage of the Argo Nevis, as his song was loud enough to drown out the song of the Sirens: beautiful mermaids whose hypnotic song caused sailors to venture too close to the rocks and sink.

Orpheus married Eurydice, but she was killed by a venomous snake bite, and lost to the underworld. Orpheus was devastated by the loss, and managed to arrange and audience with Hades, to bargain for his wife's return. Hades was charmed by Orpheus' music, and agreed, as long as neither of them looked back before emerging into sunlight.

Orpheus led Eurydice through the dark caverns, but once he reached daylight, he turned back to check on his wife too soon, and she was lost to the underworld forever. Orpheus roamed the land in sorrow until his death, but his Lyre was preserved for eternity in the stars. Some mythologies have Orpheus repre-

sented by Cygnus.

Notable Stars - Vega

Vega is the brightest star in the constellation and is also the 5th brightest star in the sky. It is a white main sequence star residing around 25 light years from Earth.

Being close to Earth, Vega was the first star to be measured by parallax, and to be photographed and have its spectrum recorded. Vega is therefore the benchmark star, against which all other star colours are compared to.

Polaris is currently the 'North Star', but due to the Earth's procession, Vega will hold this honour in approximately 14 000 AD, as the Earth continues its cyclical 'wobble' over a 25 000 year period. It also makes up part of the Spring Triangle along with Altair (Aquila) and Deneb (Cygnus).

Deep Sky Objects – M57, The Ring Nebula

The Ring Nebula is probably the most famous Planetary Nebula in the sky, and is situated 2,300 light years away. It can be viewed with binoculars under good conditions, but a moderate telescope will clearly show its circular structure.

M57 is the remnants of a deceased star that has run out of fuel, and is now slowly bleeding its atmosphere off into space. The core of the star (white dwarf) is left behind and resides at the centre of the disc. Long ex-



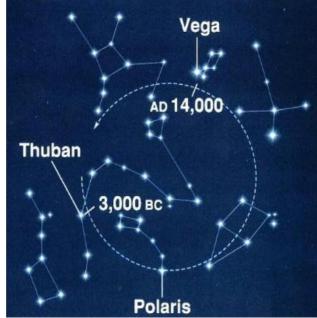
posure photography shows distinct colours in the ring, each of which represent specific elements that were fused within the star, and

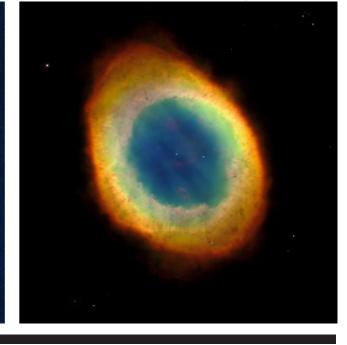
will now be added into the interstellar medium for the next generations of stars to use. Currently the ring has a diameter of between 2 and

3 light years.

See Celestial Events SA advert for contact details Lyra (above),Vega (below (left) and the Ring Nebula (below)

Images supplied Ben Coley





The fever tree - Vachellia xanthophloea

Brett Heasman

For the last two weeks, I have had the privilege of walking between the forests of these beautiful specimens in the Makuleke in the north eastern parts of Kruger. Its hair-raising stuff - no picture can describe the emersed feeling of being deep in the wilderness when walking this part of the world.

Those lime groop trees that

occurs mainly near pans, dams and where you find underground water or surface water. It is also found in low-lying swampy areas, all of which, as we know, is the ideal breeding grounds for mosquitoes, which carry malaria – and these were the real culprits for the occurrence of fevers, as locals battled malaria infections.

This tree was previously called Acacia xanthophloea. but thanks to our Australian friends down under, we have had to remove the name Acacia from our reference books and have had to rename all genuses to either Vachellia or Senagalia. The Vachellia xanthophloea is named after George Harvey Vachell. The species name xanthophloea is derived from the Greek word xanthos, meaning yellow and phloios meaning bark.

scented pale cream spherical inflorescences, clustered at the nodes and towards the ends of the branches. The leaves and pods provide food for livestock. Young branches and leaves are eaten by elephants, giraffe and monkeys.

The magic of this tree is from the smallest bee that pollinates it, to the largest mammal that devours it. The blodiversity of animals and birds that I got to see in and around these forests was just super impressive bushbabies, bushpigs, Eland to name a few. Other than a food source for many, it is also part of the Fabaceae family, which is critical to the recycling of nutrients. The lime green bark that occurs on this tree is full of chlorophyll, so the tree is one of the few that is able to photosynthesise through its bark. Incredible. The wood is hard, heavy and is suitable for general purpose timber, but here is the power boost from our lime green toxic machine.



look like a health smoothie, have a unique luminous flare. This makes it one of my favourite trees. It is commonly known in English as the fever tree. The tree is native to eastern and southern Africa.

Courtesy of the early pioneers that moved through our beloved land, this tree was given a very negative connotation because they believed that this tree caused fevers. This belief originated from the people living in the areas that contracted bad fevers.

This however was far from reality, the fever tree

Not to worry South Africa, we are used to name changes, so they can have the name but we have the trophy, go Bokke!!!

FLowers are produced in

Medicinally the bark is used for treating fevers, in fact as a prophylactic to cure malaria, the complete opposite to what our forefathers believed! This tree has also been used for thousands of

years by African tribes as a divination tool.

Even the writer Rudyard Kipling was taken aback by the beauty of these trees, as he refers to them in one of the stories in his "Just So Stories", "The Elephants Child". He repeatedly makes mention of these trees along the "... great greygreen, greasy Limpopo". Long live the fever trees!

Welcome to the wonderful 'macro-world' of lepidopterists!

Henning's Black-eye Leptomyrina henningi henningi



Mark Bishop

We may have wondered who they are ... those sometimes viewed, crazy people running around the bush, in the veld, across dunes and in forests, with nets above their shoulders poised to capture little butterflies and moths. Who are these people? Welcome to the world of

a lepidopterist. A lepidopterist is a person that studies butterflies and moths. The name lepidopterist is derived from the name of the Order of butterflies and moths, Lepidoptera.

Possibly one of the most famous lepidopterists was an English woman by the name of Margaret Fountaine (1862–1940). She was a Victorian lepidopterist, an accomplished natural history illustrator, diarist, and traveller. She had a great love and knowledge of butterflies, travelling and collecting extensively through Europe, South Africa, west and east Africa, India, Tibet, northern America, Australia, Indo-China, Hong Kong, Malay States and the West Indies. She published numerous papers on her work and raised many of the butterflies from eggs or caterpillars.

Over her lifespan Fountaine collected more than 22 000 butterflies. Her collection is now housed at the Norwich Castle Museum and is known as the Fountaine-Neimy Collection. Her four sketch books of butterfly life cycles are

fly genus Fountainea was named in her honour.

She had in her lifetime written twelve large volumes of cloth-bound diaries with more than a million words. These diaries revealed her own blend of Victorian reserve and startling frankness and sincerity. The diaries were later edited by the Assistant Editor of the Sunday Times, Mr W F Cater. These were abridged into two books, published under the titles Love among the Butterflies and Butterflies and Late Loves in 1980 and 1987 respectively.

I had the opportunity, and was absolutely fascinated, to be introduced to this wonderful 'macroworld' by Mr Ian Sharp. He revealed that in fact this area of natural history is a very active one. It is so because of the vast array of butterflies and moths that occur everywhere many of which have yet to be classified! There are some 17 500 butterfly species (660 in South Africa) and some 160 000 moth species (7 000 in South Africa) worldwide - and there are more to find. There are thousands that have not been identified or classified.

An ingenious project to gather information on the life histories of Afrotropical Lepidoptera, with the initial focus on the moth group, was launched by Drs Hermann Staude and Douglas Kroon in 2012, when they initiated The Great Moth

erpillar Rearing Group. It combines the efforts of both expert lepidopterists and citizen scientists, to discover the life histories of all Lepidoptera occurring in Africa. This project is also especially important for discovering histories and possible undescribed (unnamed) Lepidoptera species.

The world of Lepidoptera does not only consist of the flying adult moths and butterflies that we see on a daily basis. These, oftentimes beautiful flying wonders have gone through the magical process of metamorphosis, transforming from crawling, hungry caterpillars to the flying adult moths or butterflies we know so well.

The secret lives of caterpillars may well be more fascinating than the adults they transform into. With so much to study and understand, our current knowledge has yet to scrape the surface of this world, but the small glimpses we have seen have sparked the interest of lepidopterists, both expert and amateur, far and wide.

Tens of thousands of moth species and about 4 000 butterfly species occur in Africa. No one person could ever determine the caterpillar – adult – host-plant associations for all these species. A few of these associations have been uncovered, but the amount of information that still has to be discovered is staggering. This is what inspired

main purpose is to increase knowledge on the life histories of all Lepidoptera in Africa, especially those for which nothing is known.

The project asks that caterpillars of both moths and butterflies (lepis) be reared through to adulthood, with the undaunted 'foster parents' taking notes and photographs of the various life-stages, host-plants and other interesting behavioural phenomena. This knowledge contributes significantly to the conservation of this group of insects on the African continent. The project combines the efforts of both expert lepidopterists and citizen scientists, and all notes, photographs and interesting details are sent through to Dr Staude to collate and investigate.

Anyone can take part, and anyone who is willing to look after a caterpillar and rear it through to adulthood, is welcome to join and help discover the life histories of more species. Together the efforts of all involved, can help solve the many unknowns in the life histories of these fascinating creatures.

Interesting facts, pictures and information, can be seen on the Facebook group 'Caterpillar Rearing Group - Africa'. This site is only for posts regarding caterpillar rearing! As of October 2020, Dr Hermann Staude writing the preface to Metamorphosis Volume 31(3): i, stated that "we have 98 036 files.

impossible to publish all of this information, but with these CRG publications we at least let the world know what we are doing, albeit in an abbreviated form". That is seriously impressive.

Speaking to someone as enthralled, passionate and dedicated to this wonderful and beautiful world of butterflies and moths, as is Ian Sharp, is nothing short of amazing and mind-blowing. Once you get them started on the adaptations, peculiarities and intricacies of these creatures, brace yourselves for at least a couple of cups of coffee or tea!

The Kruger2Canyon News is going to run a series of articles on these very special creatures in the months to come. The aim is to get us all interested, and some involved in this amazing world. This short article is merely to introduce and hopefully get you excited about the subject. We also hope to get many more citizen scientists involved in this important project (the CRG).

So keep your eyes peeled, get involved, and let's explore this wonderful, often ignored, part of the natural world together.



housed at the Natural History Museum in London. Interestingly, the butter-

Presently this project - the CRG – is known as the Cat-

Caterpillar-hunt Challenge. Dr Staude , later under and photographs relating the banner of LepSoc, to to African caterpillars in create the CRG. The CRG's storage. It would be almost





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Stories in the stones

John Roff

Nature and Geology Guide

Rocks and landscapes are the magnificent setting for our rich diversity of animals and plants. More than a setting though, rocks have remarkable stories of their own - what they are made of, how they are formed, and how our lives connect with them. In this series going forward we'll explore many different rock types found in the Kruger to Canyon area, and learn the stories in the stones.

Our first rock of the month is granitic Gneiss. This is the main rock type around Hoedspruit. There are several kinds of Gneiss, and this one is called granitic Gneiss as it is made of the same minerals that makes up granite, but in a very altered form. These minerals are mainly quartz, feldspar and mica.

Gneiss is a metamorphic rock, which means it formed from other rocks which were heated and/ or pressurised so much, that they started to change into something new, much like baking bread or firing a piece of clay. This change happened deep under the Earth's surface, at temperatures of at least 700°C, and pressure so high that solid rock becomes soft and squashy.

This semi-liquid rock separated into layers of different minerals, which were pushed, bent and squeezed - rather like squeezing different kinds of toothpaste into one bowl and a stirring them up a bit. This mixture then cooled down, far be-

low ground, and over time has been exposed. Gneiss with light and dark bands is often called migmatite.

Look at the picture for the examples of granitic migmatite Gneiss from Hoedspruit. The dark mineral is Mica, and the pale bands are Quartz and Feldspar, in various combinations.

The hardest mineral in this Gneiss is quartz, which breaks down into grains of sand. That is why most soils in this area are pale, sandy and well-drained.

Next month we'll look at Dolerite, the other main rock type found in and around Hoedspruit.

John offers regular guided Geology walks and Geology guide training in Limpopo, Mpumalanga and KwaZulu-Natal, www.johnroff.co.za



What makes holes in the ground?

Holes are a universal form of shelter, as either a temporary or permanent residence. Some animals only use holes for specific purposes, such as sleeping, breeding or pupating. Holes are not, however, with the intention of using them as shelters. Many are linked to feeding. Some are made when a predator digs out its prey, while others are made in the food-source itself - this is typical of many insects boring into things that they consume. Many holes are subsequently utilised by other animals that renovate them to suit their needs. The existence of holes offers visitors to wilderness areas a great opportunity to identify species in the area. Although holes take on myriad shapes, sizes and locations, they can generally be categorised as follows:

Round holes in earthbanks.

These holes are usually along watercourses (both wet and dry) and are generally made by birds, rodents or reptiles:

Small holes of less than **10cm** are commonly excavated by nesting kingfishers,

Very small, mostly round holes are usually made by ants, termites or other small insects and are often accompanied by small piles of sand.

Larger holes up to 10 cm can either be termite vents (used for regulating temperature) or rodent, toad or lizard holes.

Oblong, almost rectangular, holes a few centimetres wide are made by scorpions

Holes that are bigger than just a few centimetres are generally made by a host of mammals ranging in size from mongooses to hyenas. The aardvark is one of the most prodigious diggers, and creates many of the larger holes seen in the sides of termite mounds where it is in search of food. It also makes large holes for temporary shelter away from these mounds. They can be identified by the deep gouge marks on the walls of the tunnel made by the powerful claws of the forefeet. Pangolins, honey badgers, wild dogs and hyenas are also capable of excavations of this size, whereas those of the jackals and foxes tend to be smaller. In the northern parts of southern Africa, springhares also make impressive excavations. The holes are roughly 20cm across, bear numerous marks made by sharp claws on the inner walls, and are often clustered in groups.

cling to the walls of these burrows about 5cm below the surface, with their legs bunched up and their fearsome fangs clearly visible. They emerge at night to hunt or search for mates. These 'spider' holes are worth observation as sometimes the trapdoor to the tunnel is left open (in those species that use a trapdoor to conceal the tunnel), with the neat, superbly crafted and camouflaged lid lying to one side. These trapdoor nests can most easily be found at night when the hunting spider's eyes reflect light from a spotlight, much like other mammals. When approached, they will often scurry away to their tunnels revealing the location - in such a hurry that they will not pull the lid closed. The lids are then easily identified as white circular silken

patches, which went flipped closed, have sand grains embedded in the upper surface for camouflage.

Dung balls of dung beetles are often seen lying next to an excavation from which they were dug. The balls of dung that these beatles comically push along are either food balls that are eaten by the adults, or brood balls that are buried with an egg. The dung beetle larvae, while eating and hollowing out the inside of the ball below ground before pupation, are often heard by honey badgers, foxes, jackals or hyenas, and the ball is dug up and broken open, and the grub consumed. Investigation of the ball reveals compacted dung still covering the inside of the sphere with an outside layer consisting of



a combination of soil and a hard resinous substance excreted (in a liquid form) by the female to protect the dung ball. Sometimes balls can be found with only a small hole. This indicates that the adult beetle had already chewed its way out before the ball was dug up. A number of balls are often buried together close to dung pads with their larvae emerging at different times. The size of the ball can vary from that of a marble to one bigger than an orange (depending on the species), but regardless of size there is always only one egg deposited per ball. Depending on the rainfall, eggs can take more than a year to hatch.

Small round or oblong holes in wood are extremely varied but are usually the result of invertebrate activity (most wood boring beetles) and indicate feeding, egg-laying or pupation sites.

Round holes 5 - 10 cm across the upright trunks of trees, branches or stumps are nests excavated by hole-

SUDOKU

nesting and roosting birds such as woodpeckers and barbets. These holes, often on the bottom side of sloping branches, possibly make entry for enemies more difficult and prevent rain entering.

An excerpt from 'Beat about the Bush - Mammals and Birds' by Trevor Carnaby, Published by Jacana Media, Second Edition reprint 2018.

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bee-eaters and pied starlings, sometimes with many holes in close proximity for colonial species.

Holes that are 10 – 15cm

in size usually belong to large rodents, such as vlei rats and cane rats. Bigger holes in earth-banks are made by reptiles, namely water monitors and crocodiles, and are often oblong or egg-shaped.

Holes in the ground or in the sides of termite mounds

These are excavated by an array of mammals and invertebrates:

Very neat round holes of about 1 - 5 cm across, often lined with or surrounded by silken strands, are the resting holes of terrestrial spiders. Baboon spiders, in particular, can easily be observed as they

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3	1	5	8	2	7	4	9	6



Three Bridges Restaurant, Pub and B&B

Local Correspondant

The restaurant is located in one of the oldest buildings in the region with a fascinating historical background dating back to Paul Kruger's time. Situated on the banks of the Olifants River, on the R40, it's a short 22km from Hoedspruit travelling towards Phalaborwa.

The restaurant has been successfully operating Since 2010 and in 2016 a Bed and Breakfast was added. One sits and enjoys the setting next to the historical railway bridge, low level crossing and the new R40 Bridge crossing the Olifants River. This is right at the point where the river enters the Greater Kruger National Park. The trees around the building have all been planted by the original Indian settlers. The moringa and curry leaves planted by those settlers are still used in the restaurant's dishes.

At night you can hear the hyenas in the distance, and during the day you regularly hear the hippos snorting and see crocodiles on the sand banks, and the elephants bathing right in front of the restaurant in the waters of

the mighty Olifants River. On Sundays there is a

three-course roast menu which is to die for - and once a month there is live music from 12:00 through to 15:00. This adds to the restaurant's great atmosphere. On a hot summer's day, all our restaurant guests including Bed and Breakfast customers are welcome to make use of the outside swimming pool and the children's play area.

The restaurant is waiting to welcome you to enjoy one of their lovely homemade dishes. The menu has a large variety of salads, wraps, steaks, schnitzels, burgers, pastas, and pizzas. The thin crust pizza bases are homemade in the wood fired pizza oven. There are also vegetarian and vegan dishes offered for those that are so inclined.

While waiting for your food (or afterwards) browse through the nearby boutique, j&h on Olifants, for lovely ladies clothing, home decor and bronze sculptures, or one can wind your way through the art and the crafts centre, which has top quality locally manufactured art, curios, crafts and furniture.

A bonus is that if one cycles or runs from Hoedspruit, Phalaborwa or Tzaneen(!) you qualify for a 10% discount on your bill! Now there's an incentive to get you going! Added to that - all motor cyclists take note – you get a 10% discount! Well worth the trip.

Look out for the advertisements of the live music events on Facebook and Instagram. Alternatively, one can call to find out what's on the go at this wonderful spot. Check the advert on page 15 for more details.



nages supplied

j&h Studio on Olifants well worth a visit



Local Correspondent

I was fortunate enough to have to stop at the Outpost at 3 Bridges for a bite to eat, and was surprised to see that there was an extra addition to the shopping offering here – and what a surprise.

Beautifully laid out, fresh, clean and spacious ... it was almost like entering a spa, with a melody of Fank Sinatra filtering through this amazing space. But spa it is not.

I was fortunate to meet Helga Meintjes, the owner, who has created this beautiful boutique - j&h Studio on Olifants. The boutique crosses many divides, from clothing, to décor, to health and sculpture. What a wonderful eclectic mix!

The boutique was opened on the 11th June 2022, and it has been quite a journey into the unknown.

Helga expected some traction at the shop but nothing like it has been. She openly states that she is very blessed by the welcome and support of the people around the area and has not looked back from the get-go. Weekends and holidays are the busiest, and of course coupled with a restaurant close by, trade booms on these days.

The clothing offered is at very reasonable prices and is both locally and internationally sourced. The health items are by the brand, Lopo Botanicals – who are local, from Politsi - and these consist primarily of essential oils, room sprays and beautiful candles. The sculptures are by her Husband, Jean, an internationally renowned sculptor from the Gravelot area! The shop décor was done by Xyza Savanna, who has some of her décor items, candle holders, cushions, and skins (to name a few), for sale. Helga believes the attraction of clients to her boutique comes from the fact that her products are unique, reasonably priced and of good quality. But that's not all - Helga



is also present at markets around the area under the brand 'Olga Bolga' – some items of which are sold in the boutique, and Jean, her Husband, often comes on a Sunday and works outside the shop, to give people an insight to sculpture.

Helga has always wanted to open a shop, and when the property contacted her saying that there was space, it was as if a sign had been sent, and Helga was immediately committed herself to open, and trade. The stresses of opening a shop, getting the right stock mix, as well as the correct alternative product choices for sale, have been well rewarded. The boutique is open every day of the week (Monday to Sunday) from 09h00 to 17h00.

Do yourself a favour and get here to sample the wonderful offerings in a beautiful environment, and after you have finished, have a bite or a drink at the 3 Bridges Restaurant. Happy shopping!

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Swan Lake

Local Correspondant

On Saturday, 13th August the Papillion Dance Academy and pianist Mark Baker presented Swan Lake, a classical ballet with music by Tchaikovsky.

This classical ballet tells the story of Odette, a beautiful princess and all her friends, who have been captured by the evil magician, von Rothbart. Only true love can break the spell, and, as it happens, the handsome Prince Siegfried meets Odette while she is briefly allowed to appear in her human form. They dance in the enchanted forest and he is smitten.

The next day, at the Prince's birthday ball, where he is to choose his bride, von Rothbart presents his daughter Odile, and weaves another spell to trick Prince Siegfried into believing she is his beloved Odette.

There are several different versions of how this story

of true love ends, some happy, some tragic. We chose to celebrate love and loyalty in adversity.

After von Rothbart's demise in the Lake of Tears, Prince Siegfried became the guardian of the swans, unable to break the spell, but still protecting his lovely Princess Odette from harm for the rest of their days.

The roles of Odette was danced by aspiring ballerina Elizmari van der Berg, with Nadia Prinsloo as Odile. A handful of brave adult dancers and seasoned teenagers, together with the up and coming young corps de ballet, rounded out the story.

The presentation delighted the audience with its grace and beauty. Thanks to all those that participated and attended.

Cygnets (right) Sophia Swemmer, Sune Scheepers, Savanna Owtram Images supplied



Odette Elizmari van den Berg





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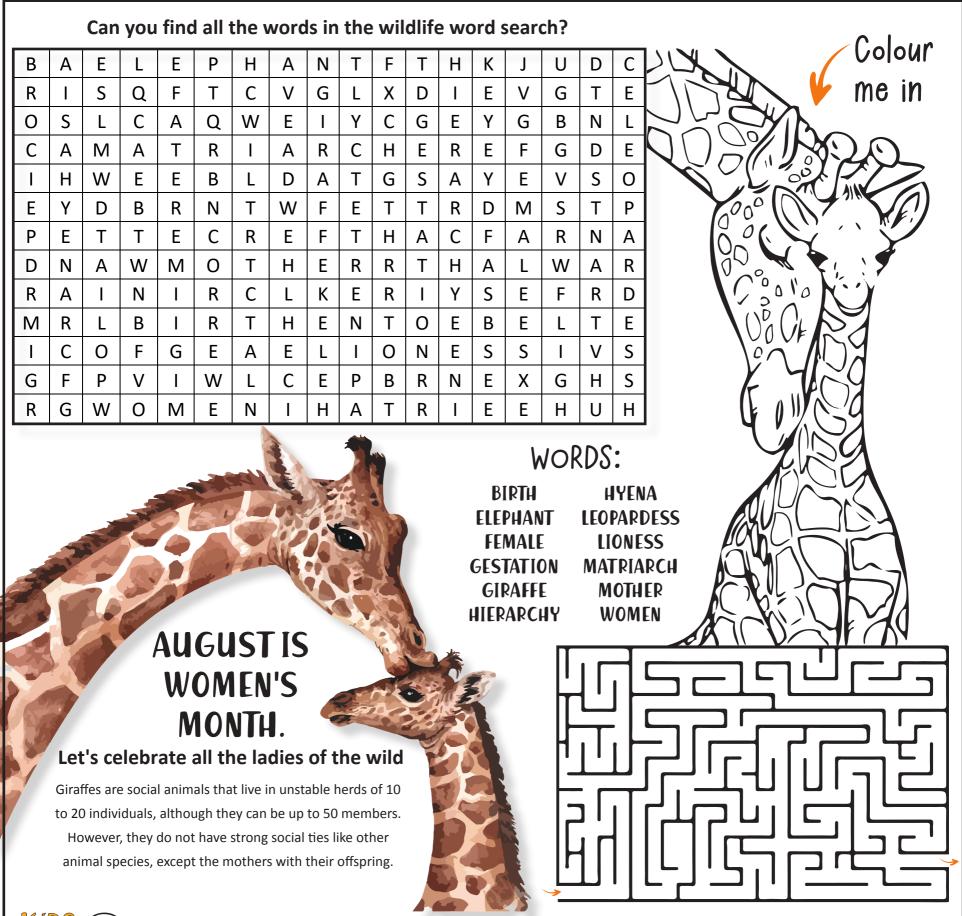
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