

How to choose a data provider for your web3 project?

Feb23







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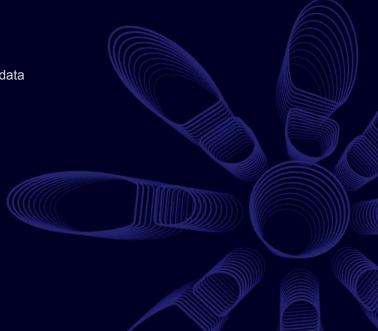
04 Footprint Analytics



01

Requirements

Things to consider when working with historical data





— Things to consider

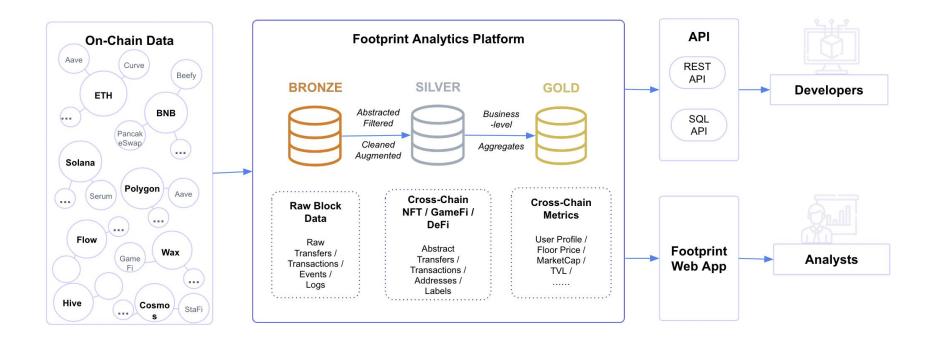
- 1. **Data requirements**: solution should meet on your specific needs and goals.
- 2. **Data quality**: data should be accurate and reliable.
- 3. **Data coverage**: data must cover your specific needs for specific cases.
- 4. **Data integration**: supplied data should be in a format that is compatible with your systems and tools.
- 5. **Pricing**: pricing should be reasonable and in line with industry standards.
- 6. **Support**: good customer support should be done.
- 7. **Legal compliance**: compliance with data privacy and regulation laws.



Common indexer pipeline From raw data to abstractions



— Indexing pipeline





— JSON RPC

RPC node

- JSON-RPC is a stateless, light-weight remote procedure call (RPC) protocol. It defines several data structures and the rules around their processing
- RPC node use RPC protocol to implement.

7 Examples

Syntax:

```
--> data sent to Server
<-- data sent to Client
```

rpc call with positional parameters:

```
--> {"jsonrpc": "2.0", "method": "subtract", "params": [42, 23], "id": 1}
<-- {"jsonrpc": "2.0", "result": 19, "id": 1}

--> {"jsonrpc": "2.0", "method": "subtract", "params": [23, 42], "id": 2}
<-- {"jsonrpc": "2.0", "result": -19, "id": 2}
```

rpc call with named parameters:

```
--> {"jsonrpc": "2.0", "method": "subtract", "params": {"subtrahend": 23, "minuend": 42}, "id": 3} <-- {"jsonrpc": "2.0", "result": 19, "id": 3} --> {"jsonrpc": "2.0", "method": "subtract", "params": {"minuend": 42, "subtrahend": 23}, "id": 4} <-- {"jsonrpc": "2.0", "result": 19, "id": 4}
```



— Rpc Nodes type

light*

- Usually there is only a pointer, the information you need ta request support from the full node
- Light, even in mobile phone.

full*

- Include all history block data in this node, no limit.
- Large, 10 or 20 times of normal

normal*

 Have a x block limit for the history, If over the limit, it will drop the detail message, And response "There is no such Block".

arichive*

- group with full, which in clude all data and all traces.
- Very large, 5 times of full.

^{*} Each chain, each node quotient has a different definition, but the general meaning is close



— Key api Methods

eth_getBlockByNumber

- Get block's basic data.
 - Include block & transactions basic data

eth_getTransactionReceipt

- Get transaction execution data.
 - Include transactions
 running status(success,
 fail), the contract which
 created by this
 transaction, and logs

debug_traceBlockByNumber

- get block's execute traces message
 - Include the input and output for each contract function, each gas fee, native token transfer information.
 - Because it involves backward recalculations, requests take a long time and easy to lose some information when the node is busy.

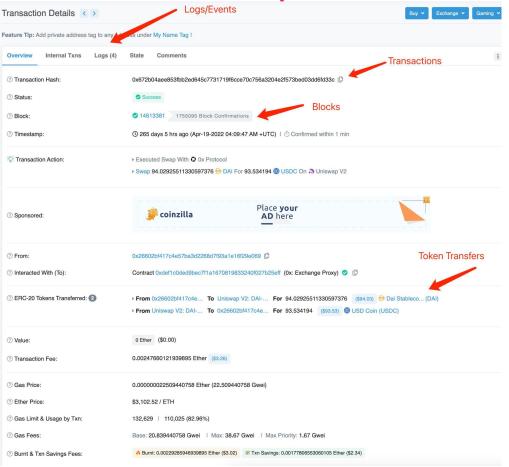
^{*} More method, click here https://geth.ethereum.org/docs/interacting-with-geth/rpc

Data Mapping for Etherscan

mapping table via etherscan

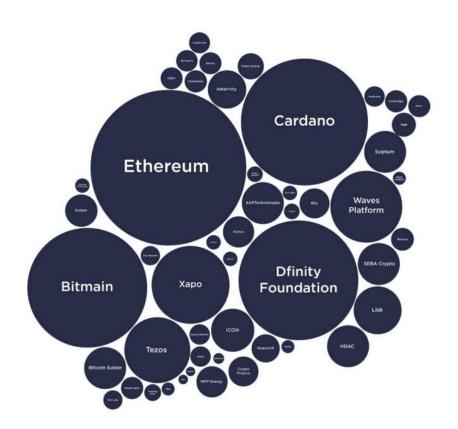
- Blocks
- Transactions
- Token transfers
- Logs/Events







Why raw data is not enough?



EVM

- Transactions
- Logs
- Traces

Polkadot

- Extrinsics
- Intrinsics
- Events

Bitcoin

UTXO

EVM Data Provided by Footprint

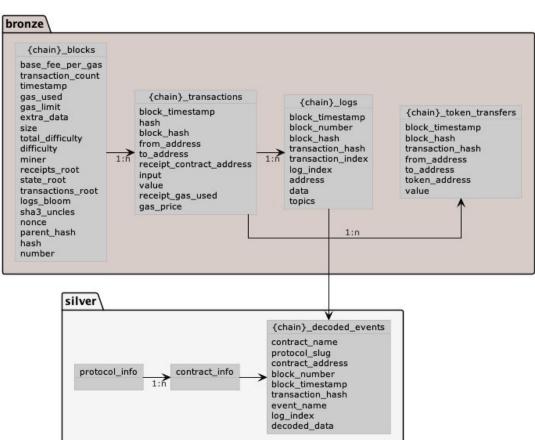


Difficulties of data analysis

- Difficult access to off chain data
- Events cannot be queried quickly

Footprint data structure

- Relational Databases
- Provides on chain raw data
- Provides silver level data generated by combining off chain and on chain data





Shortly about abstractions (not to be used on a community session)

- 1. Contract is recognised as ERC721 or ERC1155 (no unique solution)
- 2. https://docs.getdbt.com/docs/build/materializations are being executed
 - a. https://dune.com/spellbook#!/source/source.spellbook.erc721 ethereum.evt transfer
 - b. https://dune.com/spellbook#!/model/model.spellbook.nft ethereum transfers
 - c. https://dune.com/spellbook#!/model/model.spellbook.nft transfers

3 Answers

Sorted by: Highest score (default)

I think you should check a few conditions with different ABIs:



 Events Transfer(address,address,uint256) and Approval(address,address,uint256) should be emitted in case of any existing transactions to this smart contract



2. Methods name(), symbol() could return bytes32 or string



3. Method decimals() could return uint8 or uint256

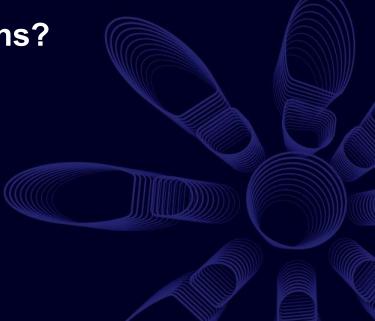


Method totalSupply() should return uint256

5. Method balanceOf(address) should return uint256 for any argument



What are the options?



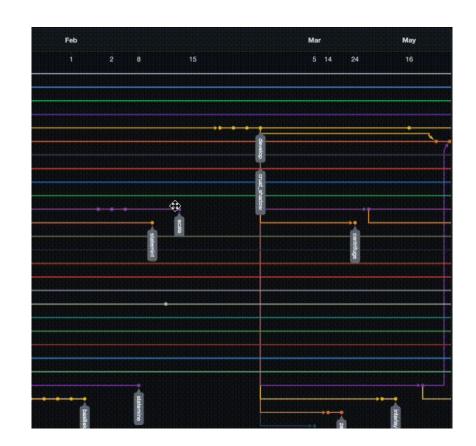


What are the options?

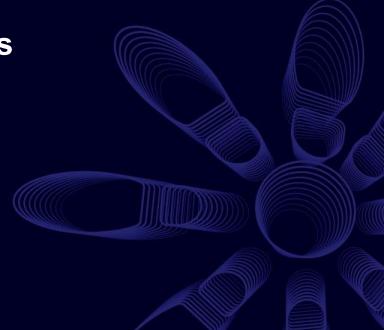
	Advantages	Disadvantages
Third-party API	Easy to useGood for advanced searchScalableRealiable	DependableLimited customisationPricy
SDK	Good for advanced seachHighly customisable	Hard to set-up and maintainPricy



— SDK repo example

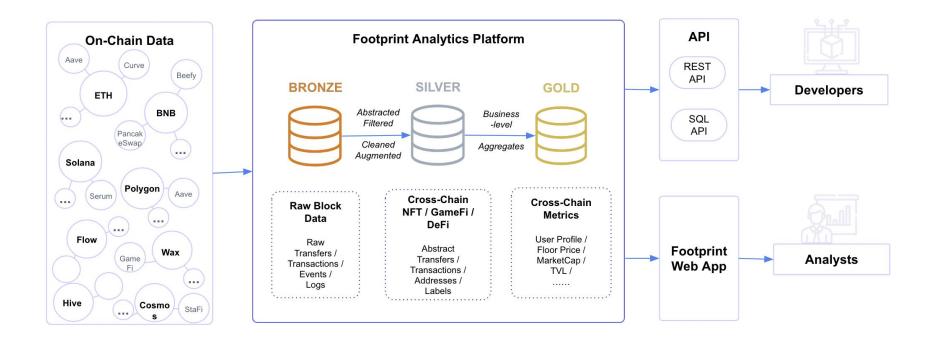


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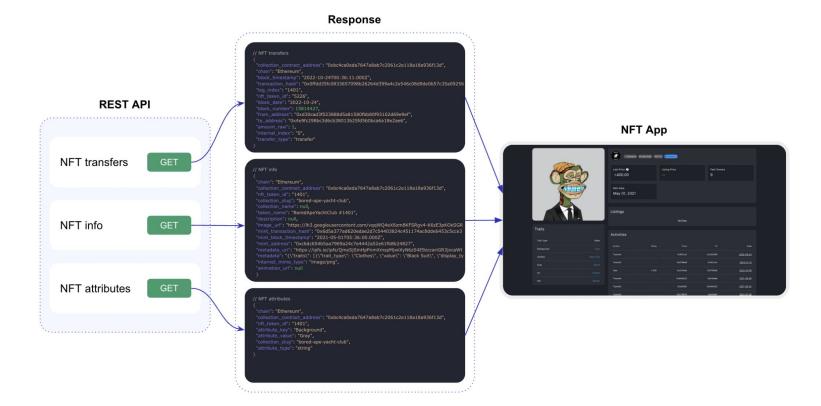


— Indexing pipeline





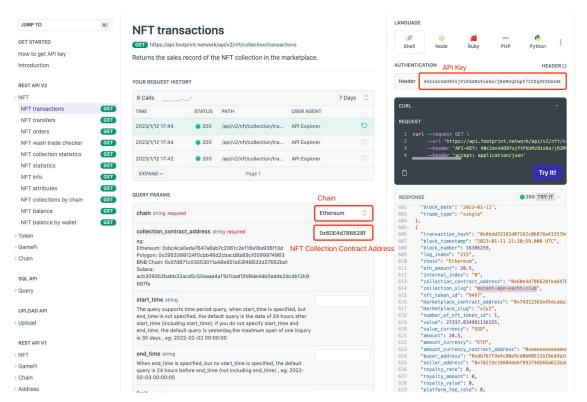
REST API



Restful API



(MAYC collection contract address:0x60E4d786628Fea6478F785A6d7e704777c86a7c6)



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— SQL API

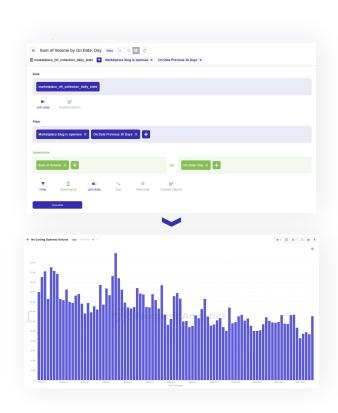
SQL API Response

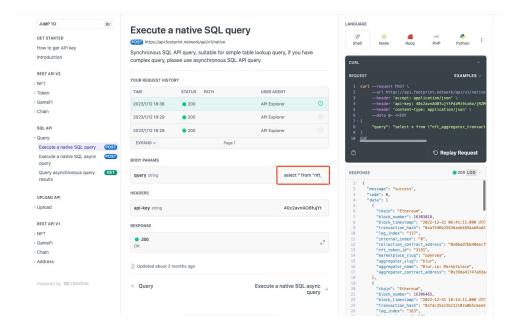
```
import axios from 'axios'
axios.post('https://api.footprint.network/api/v1/native', {
                                                                                                         "collection_contract_address": "0xbc4ca0eda7647a8ab7c2061c2e118a18a936f
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     NFT App
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  CENNIC STREET, SICH CONT.
                                                                                                         "mint_address": "0xc6dc654b5aa7969a24c7e4442a52e61fb8b24827",
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  #400.00
  ON b.collection_contract_address = a.collection_contract_address AND
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 May 01, 2021
   WHERE collection contract address =
'0xbc4ca0eda7647a8ab7c2061c2e118a18a936f13d' AND nft_token_id = 1401
                                                                                                        "block_number": 15814427,
"from_address": "0xd30cad3f023888d5a81580fbb80f93102d69e9ef",
"to_address": "0x4e9fc298bc3d6cb38013b25fd560bca6a18e2ae6",
```

SQL API - Customized for specific needs

A flexible SQL API customization for robust requirements







Zero Coding Required to Get Blockchain Insights

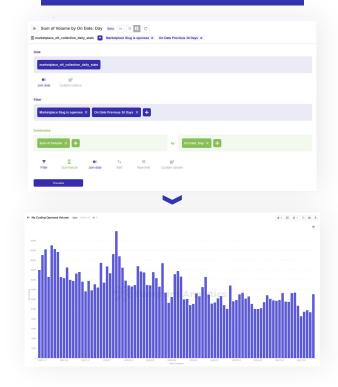


Create a New Chart for OpenSea Trading Volume

Complex of SQL code

```
WITH token AS
    (SELECT DISTINCT call_tx_hash AS tx_hash,
                       ELSE addrs[7]
                   END AS token address
     FROM opensea. "WyvernExchange_call_atomicMatch_"
     WHERE (addrs[4] = '\x5b3256965e7c3cf26e11fcaf296dfc8807c01073'
            OR addrs[11] = '\x5b3256965e7c3cf26e11fcaf296dfc8807c01073')
       AND call success),
11 excluded_txns AS
     (SELECT call tx hash
     FROM opensea. "WyvernExchange call atomicMatch "
     WHERE (addrs[4] = '\x5b3256965e7c3cf26e11fcaf296dfc8807c01073'
            OR addrs[11] = '\x5b3256965e7c3cf26e11fcaf296dfc8807c01073')
       AND call_success
       AND call block time > '2022-01-21'
     GROUP BY 1
     HAVING count(DISTINCT CASE
                            ELSE addrs[7]
23 SELECT date_trunc('day', evt_block_time) AS DAY,
          SUM((om.price / 10^erc.decimals) * p.price) AS usd
25 FROM opensea. "WyvernExchange evt OrdersMatched" om
26 INNER JOIN token ON token.tx_hash = om.evt_tx_hash
27 INNER JOIN erc20.tokens erc ON token.token_address = erc.contract_address
28 INNER JOIN prices.usd p ON p.minute = date_trunc('minute', evt_block_time)
29 AND maker != taker
30 AND token.token_address = p.contract_address
31 AND date_trunc('day', p.minute) > date_trunc('day', now()) - interval '90 days'
```

Drag and drop in 1 minute

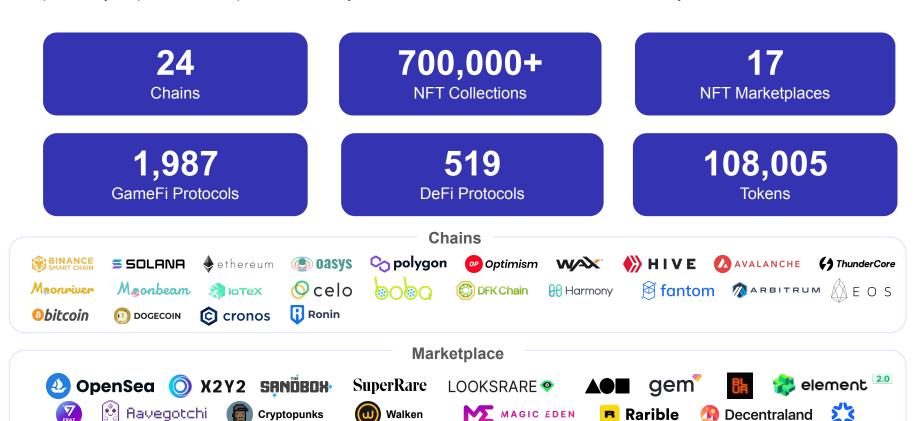


VS

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