

JAK MODULES FOREST RETRE

Appropriately designed segments make it possible to build houses as well as housing estates in an unlimited number of combinations of living space. Only the investor's imagination is the limit to creating the original character of the building's interior. Unrealistic...? Not at all. All you need to do is unleash the dream of your own place on Earth

PREFABRICATION SYSTEM

Structural timber

GL24h glued laminated timber is used for the frame structure in the prefabrication system. The sawn timber used in the framing of the buildings is chamber-dried and four-sided planed. The moisture content of the structural timber is no more than 15%, as the building structure is enclosed.

Basic construction modules

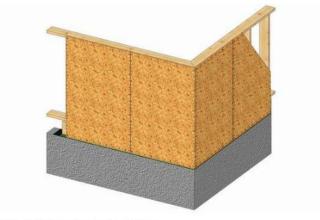
The thickness of the beams used in the system is 60mm. The width of the beams can vary between 80mm and 360mm.



Fig. 1) Wall structure

Floor, wall and roof sheathing

Due to the influence of atmospheric conditions and the properties of the boards themselves, boards with moisture-resistant properties are used for floor, wall and roof sheathing: OSB/3 wood-based boards, fibre-gypsum boards from companies (e.g. Fermacell®), Steico® wood fibre boards.



(Fig. 2) Exterior wall sheathing

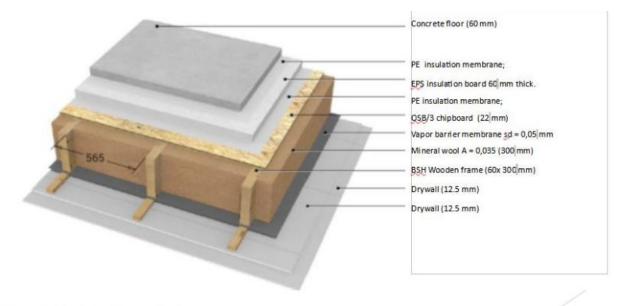
Thermal insulation

The building envelope of the system meets the thermal insulation requirements applicable from 2020 onwards, as set out in the Regulation of the Minister of Infrastructure on the technical conditions to be met by buildings and their location (Journal of Laws 2019, item 1065) at a level = 0.20 W/(m2 x K).

For the system envelope , the thermal transmittance is no more than 0.16~W/(m2~x~K).

Partition design

Intermediate floor (from above)



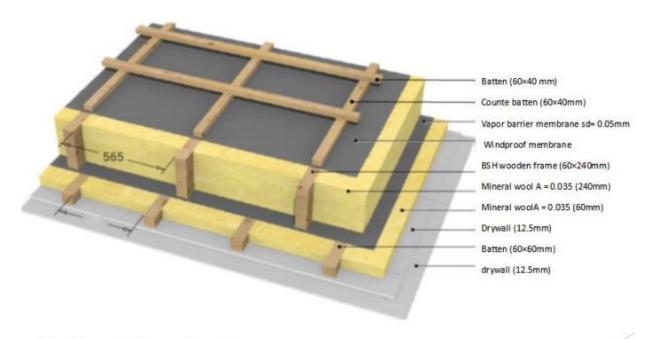
(Fig. 4) Layout of the inter-storey ceiling layers

Partition design

	V.
Top finishing layer of the floor	Concrete or laid floor, depending on the design Polyethylene (PE) insulation membrane Extruded polystyrene (EPS) insulation board, 60 mm
	thick
Ceiling sheathing	OSB/3 wood-based board, 22 mm thick
Ceiling structure	BSH glulam frame, 60 mm thick and 300 mm wide
Acoustic insulation	Mineral wool with A = 0.035 W/(m x K), 300 mm thick Acoustic insulation > 50 dB
Moisture insulation	Vapor barrier membrane, 0.15 mm thick Water vapor permeability < 10 g/m²/24h
Interior finishing	Batten grid, 30 mm thick and 50 mm wide 2 x drywall, 12.5 mm thick
Thermal transmittance	0.12 W/(m ² x K)

Note: The elements of the building envelope written in italics to be made on the construction site.

Roof panel and soffit (inside)



(Fig. 5) Layout of the roof panel layers

Interior finishing	A batten grid, 60 mm thick and 60 mm wide
	Mineral wool with $\lambda = 0.035$ W/(m x K), 60 mm thick;
	2 x drywall, 12.5 mm thick;
Moisture insulation	Vapor barrier membrane 0.15 mm thick
	Water vapor permeability < 10 g/m ² /24h
Wall structure	BSH glulam frame, 60 mm thick and 240 mm wide, attached to the
	top plates and roof ridge
Thermal and acoustic insulation	Mineral wool with $A = 0.035 \text{ W/(m2 x K)}$, 200 mm thick
	Acoustic insulation > 50 dB
Wind and moisture insulation	Windproof membrane, 0.3 mm thick
	Water vapor permeability > 1000 g/m ² /24h
Exterior finish	Batten and counter batten grid, 30 mm thick and 50 mm wide
	Steel tile or coated modular metal sheet, depending on the design,
	with air supply in the roof eaves and air exhaust in the ridge
	Alternatively, other roofing, laid in accordance with the relevant
	technical and installation requirements
Thermal transmittance	0.14 W/(m ² x K)

Note: The elements of the building envelope written in italics to be made on the construction site.

Partition design

External wall (inside)

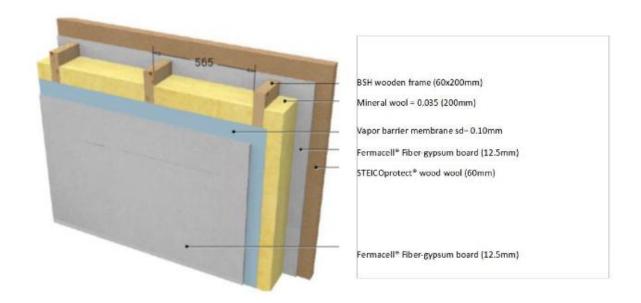


Fig. 6) Typical layout of the external wall layers

Interior finishing:	Fiber-gypsum board, 12.5 mm thick (e.g. Fermacell® or Fibris®) Board glued to the panel's wood structure
Moisture insulation:	Vapor barrier membrane, 0.15 mm thick
	Water vapor permeability < 10 g/m ² /24h
Wall structure:	BSH glulam frame, 60 mm thick and 200 mm wide
Thermal and acoustic insulation:	Mineral wool, $\lambda = 0.035$ W/(m x K), 200 mm thick
	Acoustic insulation > 50 dB
Exterior sheathing:	Fiber-gypsum board, 12.5 mm thick (e.g. Fermacell® or Fibris®)
	Board glued to the panel's wood structure
Exterior finish:	STEICOprotect® wood wool board, 60 mm thick.
	Lightweight mineral plaster on fiberglass mesh glued to wood wool
	Alternatively, facade materials with a ventilation gap: vinyl
	siding, wood siding, brick or clinker tile, installed in accordance
	with the relevant technical and installation requirements
Thermal transmittance:	0.16 W/(m ² x K)

Note: The elements of the building envelope written in italics to be made on the construction site.

Partition design

Interior wall

Interior finishing:	Fiber-gypsum board, 12.5 mm thick (e.g. Fermacell® or Fibris®) Board glued to the panel's wood structure
Wall structure:	BSH glulam frame, 60 mm thick and 80 mm wide
Thermal and acoustic insulation:	Mineral wool, λ = 0.035 W/(m x K), 80 mm thick Acoustic insulation > 40 dB

Dimensions

Living room: 26.90 m2

Bedroom 1: 9.33 m2

Bedroom 2: 9.33 m2

Bathroom: 4,40 m2

Utility room: 2,82 m2

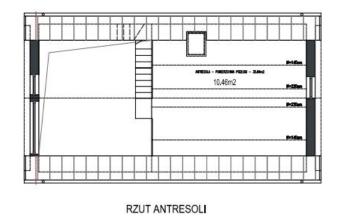
Vestibule: 3,17 m2

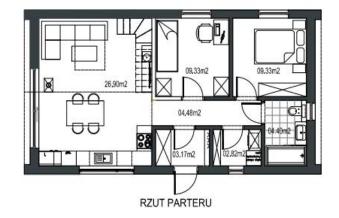
Corridor: 4.48 m2

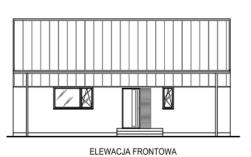
TOTAL GROUND FLOOR: 60,43 m2

Mezzanine: 10,46m2

TOTAL HOUSE: 70,89 m2

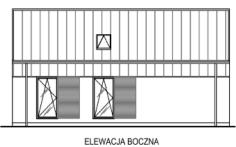
















J. A. K. MODULES

the bull under the steel frame